

7506GX2 Managed Industrial Gigabit Ethernet Switch

User Manual & Installation Guide

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7506GX2 Managed Industrial Gigabit Ethernet Switch Installation Guide



The N-TRON 7506GX2 Series Industrial Gigabit Ethernet Switch offers outstanding performance and ease of use. It is ideally suited for connecting Ethernet enabled industrial and or security equipment and is a fully managed switch.

PRODUCT FEATURES

- Full IEEE 802.3 Compliance
- Four 10/100/1000BaseT(X) RJ-45 Ports
- Two SFP (Mini-GBIC) Gigabit Transceivers (Optional)
 - 1000BaseSX/LX Fiber with LC style connectors or
 - o 1000BaseT Copper with RJ-45 connectors
- Extended Environmental Specifications -40° to 80°C Surrounding Air Temperature
- ESD and Surge Protection Diodes on all Ports
- Auto Sensing 10/100/1000BaseT(X), Duplex, and MDIX
- Store-and-forward Technology
- Rugged DIN-Rail Enclosure
- Onboard Temperature Sensor
- Redundant Power Inputs (10-49VDC)
- Configurable Bi-Color Fault Status LED





PRODUCT CONFIGURATIONS

• 7506GX2

 Four 10/100/1000 Base-T RJ45 Copper Ports, and two optional SFP transceivers

Supported SFP (Mini-GBIC) Fiber Transceivers:

NTSFP-SX	(LC Style Connector, up to 550m)
NTSFP-LX-10	(LC Style Connector, up to 10km)
NTSFP-LX-40	(LC Style Connector, up to 40km)
NTSFP-LX-80	(LC Style Connector, up to 80km)

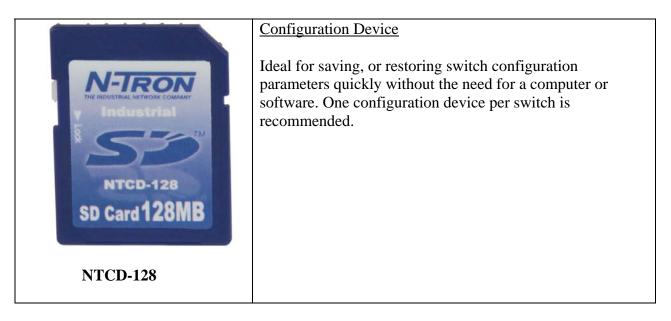
MANAGEMENT FEATURES

- SNMP v1, v2, v3 and Web Browser Management
- Configuration backup via Optional Configuration Device (NTCD)
- Jumbo Frame Support
- EtherNet/IPTM CIP Messaging
- Detailed Ring Map and Fault Location Charting
- N-Ring[™] Technology with ~30ms Healing
- Web Browser Management with detailed ring map and fault location charting.
- N-ViewTM OPC Monitoring
- N-Link[™] Redundant N-Ring Coupling
- IGMP Auto Configuration and Plug and Play Support
- 802.1Q tag VLAN and Port VLAN
- 802.1p QoS, Port QoS, and DSCP
- LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol)
- Trunk with other N-Tron trunking capable switches over two ports
- Port Mirroring
- 802.1d, 802.1w, 802.1D RSTP (Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol)
- DHCP Client, Server, Option 82 relay, Option 61
- Local Port IP Addressing
- Port Security-MAC Address Based

7506GX2 Industrial Ethernet Switch Accessories

The SD and USB connectors are for temporary connection only. Do not use, connect, or disconnect unless area is known to be non-hazardous. Connection or disconnection in an explosive atmosphere could result in an explosion.

Les SD et USB sont pour la connexion temporaire. Ne pas utiliser, de connecter ou déconnecter sauf si la zone est connue pour être non dangereux. Connexion ou la déconnexion dans une atmosphère explosive pourrait entraîner une explosion.



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WARNING ALERTE

Do not perform any services on the unit unless qualified to do so. Do not substitute unauthorized parts or make unauthorized modifications to the unit.

Ne pas effectuer de services sur l'appareil s'il n'est pas qualifié pour le faire. Ne pas remplacer les pièces non autorisées ou de modifications non autorisées de l'appareil.

Do not operate the unit with the top cover removed, as this could create a shock or fire hazard. Ne pas faire fonctionner l'unité avec le couvercle retiré, ce qui pourrait créer une décharge électrique ou un incendie.

Do not block the air vents on the sides or the top of the unit. N'obstruez pas les fentes d'aération sur les côtés ou en haut de l'unité.

Do not operate the equipment in the presence of flammable gasses or fumes. Operating electrical equipment in such an environment constitutes a definite safety hazard.

Ne pas utiliser le matériel en présence de gaz ou de vapeurs inflammables. L'utilisation de matériel électrique dans un tel environnement constitue un danger certain.

Do not operate the equipment in a manner not specified by this manual.

Ne pas utiliser le matériel en présence de gaz ou de vapeurs inflammables. L'utilisation de matériel électrique dans un tel environnement constitue un danger certain.

Do not service the equipment without first disconnecting the power connector. Ne pas réparer l'équipement sans d'abord débrancher le connecteur d'alimentation.

SAFETY WARNINGS AVERTISSEMENTS DE SÉCURITÉ

GENERAL SAFETY WARNINGS GÉNÉRAL AVERTISSEMENTS DE SÉCURITÉ

WARNING: If the equipment is used in the manner not specified by N-Tron Corporation, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

ALERTE : Si l'équipement est utilisé d'une manière non spécifiée par N-Tron Corporation, la protection fournie par l'équipement peut être compromise.

WARNING: Do not service the equipment without first disconnecting the power connector. **ALERTE:** Ne pas réparer l'équipement sans d'abord débrancher le connecteur d'alimentation.

Maximum surrounding air temperature rating: 80°C Note maximale alentours de la température de l'air: 80° C

LASER SAFETY (7506GX2 Model with optional NTSFP-LX -10, -40 and -80)



CAUTION: CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT. Do not stare into the laser! **ATTENTION:** PRODUIT LASER CLASSE 1. Ne pas regarder dans le laser!

Contact Information N-Tron Corporation 3101 International Drive, Building 6 Mobile, AL 36606 USA TEL: (251) 342-2164 FAX: (251) 342-6353 WEBSITE: <u>www.n-tron.com</u> E-MAIL: <u>N-TRON_Support@n-tron.com</u>

ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY



WARNING: Disconnect the power and allow to cool 5 minutes before touching. **ALERTE:** Déconnectez le câble d'alimentation et laisser refroidir 5 minutes avant de la toucher.

ELECTRICAL SAFETY



Must be used with Listed UL Industrial Power Supply. Doit être utilisé avec une alimentation UL Listed industrielle. (Revised 2014-03-31) **WARNING:** Disconnect the power cable before removing any enclosure panel. **ALERTE:** Débrancher le câble d'alimentation avant de retirer le panneau du chassis.

WARNING: Do not operate the unit with the any cover removed. **ALERTE:** Ne pas utiliser l'appareil avec n'importe quel couvercle retiré.

WARNING: Properly ground the unit before connecting anything else to the unit. Units not properly grounded may result in a safety risk and could be hazardous and may void the warranty. See the grounding technique section of this user manual for proper ways to ground the unit.

ALERTE: Correctement à la terre de l'unité avant tout raccordement à l'unité. Unités pas correctement mise à la terre peut entraîner un risque de sécurité et pourraient être dangereux et peut annuler la garantie. Voir la section technique de mise à la terre de ce mode d'emploi des moyens appropriés à la masse de l'appareil.

WARNING: Never install or work on electrical equipment or cabling during periods of lightning activity. **ALERTE:** Ne jamais installer ou de travailler sur un équipement électrique ou de câblage pendant les périodes d'activité de la foudre.

WARNING: Do not perform any services on the unit unless qualified to do so. **ALERTE:** Ne pas effectuer de services sur l'appareil s'il n'est pas qualifié pour le faire.

WARNING: Do not block the air vents. **ALERTE:** Ne pas obstruer les bouches d'aération.

WARNING: Observe proper DC Voltage polarity when installing power input cables. Reversing voltage polarity can cause permanent damage to the unit and void the warranty.

ALERTE: Respecter la polarité correcte de tension DC lors de l'installation des câbles d'alimentation d'entrée. Inversion de polarité de tension peut causer des dommages permanents à l'appareil et annule la garantie.

Hazardous Location Installation Requirements

1. This equipment is suitable for use in Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D or non-hazardous locations only.

Cet équipement est adapté pour une utilisation dans la classe I, Division 2, Groupes A, B, C et D ou non dangereux endroits seulement.

2. **WARNING:** Explosion Hazard – Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2.

ALERTE: Risque d'explosion - Remplacement d'un composant peut empêcher la conformité de Classe I, Division 2.

3. **WARNING:** Explosion Hazard - Do not connect or disconnect any connections while circuit is live unless area is known to be non-hazardous.

ALERTE: Risque d'explosion - Ne pas brancher ou débrancher les connexions lorsque le circuit est sous tension sauf si la zone est connue pour être non dangereux.

4. **WARNING:** Explosion Hazard – Do not replace the device unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.

ALERTE: Risque d'explosion - Ne pas remplacer le périphérique à moins que l'alimentation a été coupé ou que la zone est connu pour être non dangereux.

- Use 90°C or higher rated Copper wire, (0.22Nm) 2lb/in tightening torque for field installed conductors. Utilisez 90° C ou plus classé fil de cuivre, (0.22Nm) 2lb/in couple de serrage des conducteurs installés sur le terrain.
- 6. The SD and USB connectors are for temporary connection only. Do not use, connect, or disconnect unless area is known to be non-hazardous. Connection or disconnection in an explosive atmosphere could result in an explosion.

Les SD et USB sont pour la connexion temporaire. Ne pas utiliser, de connecter ou déconnecter sauf si la zone est connue pour être non dangereux. Connexion ou la déconnexion dans une atmosphère explosive pourrait entraîner une explosion.

Please make sure the 7506GX2 Ethernet Switch package contains the following items:

- 1. 7506GX2 Switch
- 2. Product CD

Contact your carrier if any items are damaged.

Installation

Read the following warning before beginning the installation: Lire l'avertissement suivant avant de commencer l'installation:

WARNING ALERTE



Never install or work on electrical equipment or cabling during periods of lightning activity. Never connect or disconnect power when hazardous gasses are present.

Ne jamais installer ou de travailler sur un équipement électrique ou de câblage pendant les périodes d'activité de la foudre. Ne jamais brancher ou débrancher l'alimentation en gaz dangereux sont présents.

Disconnect the power cable before removing any enclosure panel. Débrancher le câble d'alimentation avant de retirer le panneau du chassis.

UNPACKING

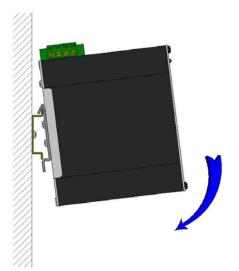
Remove all the equipment from the packaging, and store the packaging in a safe place. File any damage claims with the carrier.

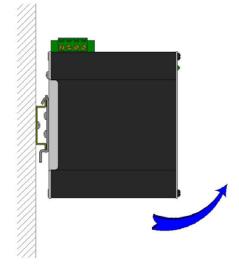
CLEANING

Clean only with a damp cloth.

DIN RAIL MOUNTING

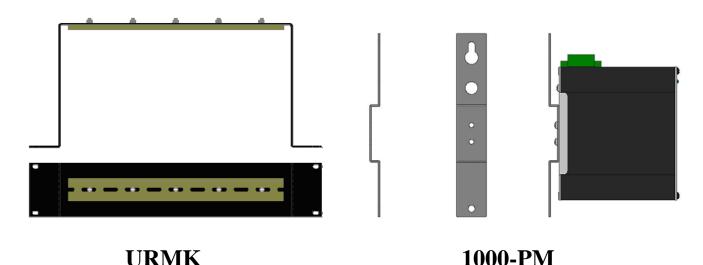
Install the unit on a standard 35mm Din-Rail. Recess the 7506GX2 unit to allow at least 3" of horizontal clearance for copper cable bend radius. Recess the 7506GX2 unit to allow at least 5" of horizontal clearance for fiber cable bend radius. There should be at least 3" of clearance on both the top and bottom of the unit to allow proper ventilation.





To install the unit to 35mm industrial DIN rail, place the top edge of the included mounting bracket on the back of the unit against the DIN rail at a 15° angle as shown. Rotate the bottom of the unit to the back (away from you) until it snaps into place.

To remove the unit from the 35mm industrial DIN rail, pull forward on the unit until it disengages from the bottom of the DIN rail. Rotate the bottom of the unit towards you and up at an approximate 15° upward angle to completely remove the unit.



Most N-Tron[™] products are designed to be mounted on industry standard 35mm DIN rail. However, DIN rail mounting may not be suitable for all applications. Our Universal Rack Mount Kit (P/N: URMK) may be used to mount the 7506GX2 enclosure to standard 19" racks, and our Panel Mount Assembly (P/N: 1000-PM) may be used to mount the 7506GX2 enclosure to a panel or any other flat surface.

FRONT PANEL



From Top to Left:

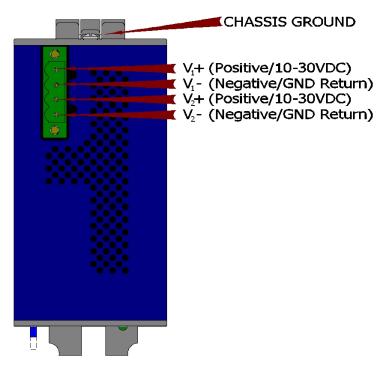
ტ	LED lights when Power is supplied to the unit
USB	Command Line Interface (CLI)
RJ45 Ports	Auto Sensing 10/100/1000 Base-T Connections
NTCD	N-Tron Configuration Device
Gigabit Ports	1000 Base SFP Fiber Transceivers (Optional)

NOTE: The RJ45 data ports have two LEDs located on each connector. The bottom LED indicates the SPEED, and the top LED indicates LINK/ACTIVITY.

LED	Color	Description
	GREEN	Power is ON
ሪ	RED	Power is ON and a fault condition exists
	OFF	Power is OFF
SPEED 1000	GREEN	Link is 1000Mbs
	OFF	Link is 10/100Mbs
LNK/ACT	GREEN	Link established, no Activity on cable.
	BLINKING	Link established, Activity on cable.
	OFF	No Link activity between ports

LEDs: The table below describes the operating modes:

APPLYING POWER (Side View)



Unscrew & Remove the DC Voltage Input Plug from the top header. Install the DC Power Cables into the Plug (observing polarity on unit). Plug the Voltage Input Plug back into the top header. Tightening torque for the terminal block power plug is **0.5 Nm/0.368 Pound Foot**. All LEDs will flash ON Momentarily. Verify the Power LED stays ON (GREEN).

Notes:

• Only 1 power supply must be connected to power for minimal operation. For redundant power operation, V_1 and V_2 inputs must be connected to separate DC Voltage sources. This device will draw current from both sources simultaneously. Use 16-28 gauge wire when connecting to the power supply.

Recommended 24V DC Power Supplies, similar to: N-Tron's P/N NTPS-24-1.3:

- Input AC 115/230V
- Output DC 24-28V
- Output Current 1.3A @ 24V

1.0A @ 28V

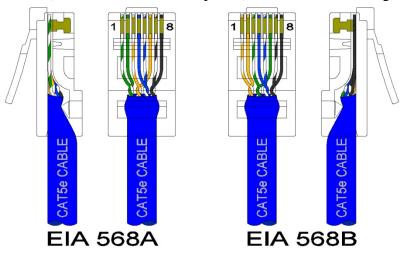
- Power 30W
- 35 mm DIN-Rail Mountable
- Dimensions: 45X75X91 mm

Connecting the Unit

For 10/100/1000 Base-T ports, plug a Category 5E twisted pair cable into the RJ45 connector. Connect the other end to the far end station. Verify that the LNK/ACT LEDs are ON once the connection has been completed. To connect any port to another device (end node, Switch or Repeater), use a standard Category

5E straight through or crossover cable with a minimum length of one meter and a maximum length of 100 meters.

N-Tron recommends the use of premanufactured Cat5E cables to ensure the best performance. If this is not an option and users must terminate their own ends on the Cat5E cables; one of the two color coded standards shown to the right should be utilized. If a user does not follow one of these two color code standards then the performance and maximum cable distance will be reduced significantly, and may prevent the switch from establishing a link.

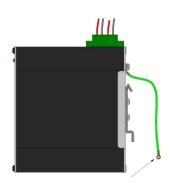


For LC style fiber optic connections, remove the dust cap from the SFP modules and connect the fiber optic cables. The TX port should be connected to the RX port of the far end station. The RX port should be connected to the TX port of the far end station.

Warning: Creating a port to port connection on the same switch (i.e. loop) is an illegal operation and will create a broadcast storm which will crash the network!

N-TRON SWITCH GROUNDING TECHNIQUES

The grounding philosophy of any control system is an integral part of the design. N-Tron switches are designed to be grounded, but the user has been given the flexibility to float the switch when required. The best noise immunity and emissions (i.e. CE) are obtained when the N-Tron switch chassis is connected to earth ground via a drain wire. Some N-Tron switches have metal din-rail brackets that can ground the switch if the din-rail is grounded. In some cases, N-Tron switches with metal brackets can be supplied with optional plastic brackets if isolation is required.

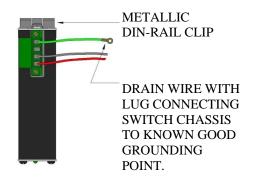


Users may run a drain wire & lug from the screw provided on the back face of the enclosure. In the event the provided grounding screw has been lost, care should be taken to limit the penetration of the outer skin by less than 1/4". Failure to do so may cause irreversible damage to the internal components of the switch.

Note: Ensure the power supply is grounded properly before applying power to the grounded switch. This may be verified by using a voltmeter to determine that there is no voltage difference between the power supply's negative output terminal and the chassis grounding point of the switch.

DRAIN WIRE WITH LUG CONNECTING SWITCH CHASSIS TO KNOWN GOOD GROUNDING POINT.

As an alternative grounding method, both V- legs of the power input connector are connected to chassis internally on the PCB. Connecting a drain wire to earth ground from one of the V-terminal plugs as shown here will ground the switch and the chassis. The power leads from the power source should be limited to 3 meters or less in length.



Note: Before applying power to the grounded switch, you must use a volt meter to verify there is no voltage difference between the power supply's negative output terminal and the switch chassis grounding point.

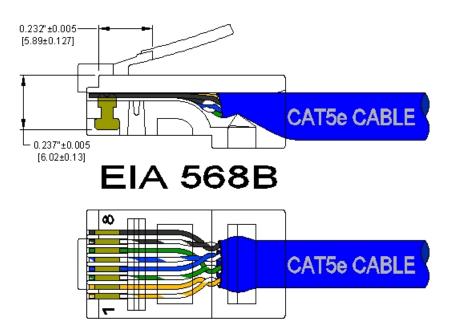
If the use of shielded cables is required, it is generally recommended to only connect the shield at one end to prevent ground loops and interfere with low level signals (i.e. thermocouples, RTD, etc.). Cat5e cables manufactured to EIA-568A or 568B specifications are required for use with N-Tron Switches.



In the event all Cat5e patch cable distances are small (i.e. All Ethernet devices are located in the same local cabinet and/or referenced to the same earth ground), it is permissible to use fully shielded cables terminated to chassis ground at both ends in systems void of low level analog signals.

RJ45 CONNECTOR CRIMP SPECIFICATIONS

Please reference the illustration below for your Cat5 cable specifications:



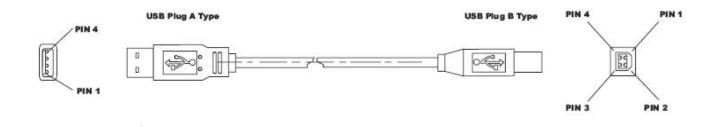
USB INTERFACE

The 7506GX2 Series switches provide a USB interface accessed via the USB connector labeled as "USB" on the unit. This is used to access the Command Line Interpreter (CLI).



USB Cable

Connect the USB port of your PC and the 7506GX2 Series Switch using a standard USB cable. You will require a cable with a Type A connector for the PC end, and a Type B connector for the 7506GX2 Series end.



Standard USB cables are readily available from a variety of computer stores.

HyperTerminal

The following configuration should be used in HyperTerminal:

Port Settings:	115200
Data Bits:	8
Parity:	NONE
Stop bits:	1
Flow Control:	NONE
(Revised 2014-03-31)	

Overview of Advanced Features

Mode of Operation

Each port on the switch can be configured into different modes of operation as shown below:

- Copper Ports:
- Half Duplex
- Full Duplex
- Auto Negotiation

Half Duplex

In half duplex mode, the CSMA/CD media access method is the means by which two or more stations share a common transmission medium. To transmit, a station waits (defers) for a quiet period on the medium (that is, no other station is transmitting) and then sends the intended message in bit-serial form. If, after initiating a transmission, the message collides with that of another station, then each transmitting station intentionally transmits for an additional predefined period to ensure propagation of the collision throughout the system. The station remains silent for a random amount of time (back-off) before attempting to transmit again.

Full Duplex

Full duplex operation allows simultaneous communication between a pair of stations using point-to-point media (dedicated channel). Full duplex operation does not require that transmitters defer, nor do they monitor or react to receive activity, as there is no contention for a shared medium in this mode.

Auto Negotiation

In Auto Negotiation mode, the port / hardware detects the mode of operation of the station that is connected to this port and sets its mode to match the mode of the station.

Port Mirroring

A Mirroring Port is a dedicated port that is configured to receive the copies of Ethernet frames that are being transmitted out and also being received in from any other port that is being monitored.

Port Trunking

Port Trunking is the ability to group two network ports to increase the bandwidth between two machines (switch or any work station). This feature allows grouping of high-speed connectivity and provides redundant connection between switches, so that a trunk can act as a single link between the switches.

Quality of Service (QoS)

Quality of service (QoS) refers to resource reservation control mechanisms. Quality of service is the ability to provide different priority to different applications, users, or data flows. Quality of service guarantees are important if the network capacity is insufficient, especially for real-time streaming multimedia applications such as voice over IP, online games and IP-TV, since these often require fixed bit rate and are delay sensitive, and in networks where the capacity is a limited resource, for example in cellular data communication. In the absence of network congestion, QoS mechanisms are not required.

<u>1000Base Fiber Ports:</u> - Full Duplex Each of these three QOS methods below is included or not based on the settings on the relevant browser page:

- 1) Force High Priority (Port Based),
- 2) IEEE802.1p (Tagged QOS), or
- 3) DSCP (differentiated services code points) (RFC 2474).

When Force High Priority is enabled, the port based priority is included in the decision for all ports and all frames received on a port will use the default QOS priority for that port in the decision. For example, if it is desired to have ingress frames on a port egress to the highest priority transmit queue regardless of other factors, then enable Force High Priority and set the port's Default Port Priority to 7.

Virtual LAN

The switch provides support for setting up tagged Virtual LANs (Local Area Networks). A port may belong to any number of Virtual LANs. The VLAN membership of a device is determined by the VLAN(s) that have been defined for the port to which the device is connected. If a device should move from one port to another, it loses its current VLAN membership and inherits that of the new port it is connected to.

VLANs facilitate easy administration of logical groups of devices that can communicate as if they were on the same LAN. **Traffic between VLANs is restricted, unless the ports are explicitly configured as overlapping VLANs**. Switches forward unicast, multicast, and broadcast traffic only on LAN segments that serve the VLAN to which the traffic belongs.

A Default Virtual LAN (VID=1) exists to which a port, which is not a member of any other Virtual LAN, will belong. This allows the switch to operate as a 'normal' switch when it is used in a network. A port is automatically removed from the Default VLAN when it is reconfigured to belong to another Virtual LAN, because that is the most common operation. But, if desired, the port can be included in VLAN 1 by configuring VLAN 1 last.

If switch ports are configured to transmit and receive untagged frames, end devices are able to communicate throughout the LAN. Using Tagged VLANs, the switch has the ability to take non-tagged packets in some ports, add a VLAN tag to the packet and send it out tagged ports on the switch. The VLANs can also be configured to accept tagged packets in tagged ports, strip the tags off the packets, and send the packets back out other untagged ports. This allows a network administrator to set up the switch to support devices on the network that do not support VLAN Tagged packets. The administrator can also set up the ports to discard any packets that are tagged or to discard any packets that are untagged based on a hybrid VLAN of both tagged and untagged ports, and using the VLAN Ingress Filter on the switch.

For each switch port there is one and only one PVID (port VLAN ID) setting. If an incoming frame is untagged and untagged frames are being accepted, then that frame will inherit the tag of the PVID value for that port. Subsequent switch routing and treatment will be in accordance with that VLAN switch map. By configuring PVIDs properly and configuring for all frames to exit untagged, the switch can achieve a 'port VLAN' configuration in which all frames in and out can be untagged, thus not requiring external devices to be VLAN cognizant.

To understand how a VLAN configuration will perform, first look at the port on which the frame enters the switch, then the VLAN ID (if the frame is tagged) or the PVID (if the frame is untagged). The VLAN defined by the VID or PVID defines a VLAN group with a membership of ports. This membership determines whether a port is included or excluded as to frame egress from the switch.

The 7506GX2 Series switch also has the ability to allow overlapping VLANs. Overlapping VLANs give (Revised 2014-03-31) Page 19 of 161

the user the ability to have one or more ports share two or more VLAN groups. For more information and examples on how this could be implemented, please see the 'VLAN Configuration Examples' in this document, and/or our website's technical documents. Note that RSTP on overlapping VLANs is not supported and the system will automatically disable RSTP on all but the lowest VID VLANs that have overlapping ports.

Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol as specified in IEEE 802.1D-2004 is supported. One Spanning Tree per non-overlapping VLAN is supported. The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) supersedes the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) which was described in IEEE 802.1D-1998. The RSTP is used to configure a simply connected active network topology from the arbitrarily connected bridges of a bridged network. Bridges effectively connect just the LANs to which their forwarding ports are attached. Ports that are in a blocking state do not forward frames. The bridges in the network exchange sufficient information to automatically derive a spanning tree.

RSTP allows for much quicker learning of network topology changes than the older STP. RSTP supports new and improved features such as rapid transition to forwarding state. RSTP also sends out new BPDUs every hello time instead of just relaying them. RSTP interoperates with older STP switches by falling back to the older STP when the older BPDUs are detected on bridge ports. The user can also manually configure bridge ports to use the older STP when desired.

SNMP Traps

The 7506GX2 switch supports up to 5 SNMP Trap Stations to which SNMP Traps will be sent. The switch supports five standard traps; Link Up, Link Down, Cold Start, Warm Start and Authentication Errors. SNMP Traps will be sent to all the trap stations configured on the switch when the corresponding trap is enabled.

IGMP Snooping

IGMP Snooping is enabled by default, and the switch is *Plug and Play* for IGMP. IGMP snooping provides intelligent network support for multicast applications. In particular, unneeded traffic is reduced. IGMP Snooping is configured via the web console and if enabled, operates dynamically upon each power up. Also, there can be manual only or manual and dynamic operation. Note that "static multicast group address" can be used whether IGMP Snooping is enabled or not.

IGMP Snooping will function dynamically without user intervention. If some of the devices in the LAN do not understand IGMP, then manual settings are provided to accommodate them. The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is a protocol that provides a way for a computer to report its multicast group membership to adjacent 'routers'. In this case N-Tron 7506GX2 switches provide *router-like functionality*. Multicasting allows one computer to send content to multiple other computers that have identified themselves as interested in receiving the originating computer's content. Multicasting can be used to transmit only to an audience that has joined (and not left) a multicast group membership. IGMP version 2 is formally described in the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) Request for Comments (RFC) 2236. IGMP version 1 is formally described in the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) Request for Comments (RFC) 1112. The 7506GX2 supports v1 and v2.

N-Ring

N-Ring is enabled by default, and the switch is *Plug and Play* for N-Ring except that initially one must enable an N-Ring enabled device to be the N-Ring Manager for a given N-Ring. Subsequently, N-Ring operates dynamically upon each power up. Using N-Tron's proprietary N-Ring technology offers expanded ring size capacity, detailed fault diagnostics, and a standard healing time of 30ms. The N-Ring Manager periodically checks the health of the N-Ring via health check packets. If the N-Ring Manager stops receiving the health check packets, it times out and converts the N-Ring to a backbone within 30ms. When using all N-Ring enabled switches in the ring, a detailed ring map and fault location chart is also provided on the N-Ring Manager's web browser. N-Ring status is also sent from the N-Ring Manager to the N-View OPC Server to identify the health status of the ring. Up to 250 N-Ring enabled switches can participate in one N-Ring topology. Switches that do not have N-Ring capability may be used in an N-Ring, however the ring map and fault location chart cannot be as detailed at these locations.

N-Link

The purpose of N-Link is to provide a way to redundantly couple an N-Ring topology to one or more other topologies, usually other N-Ring topologies. Each N-Link configuration requires 4 switches: N-Link Master, N-Link Slave, N-Link Primary Coupler, and N-Link Standby Coupler. N-Link will monitor the link status of the Primary and Standby Coupler links. While the Primary Coupler link is healthy, it will forward network traffic and the Standby Coupler link will block network traffic and the Standby Coupler link will block network traffic and the Standby Coupler link will block network traffic and the Standby Coupler link will block network traffic and the Standby Coupler link will block network traffic and the Standby Coupler link will block network traffic and the Standby Coupler link will block network traffic and the Standby Coupler link will block network traffic and the Standby Coupler link will block network traffic and the Standby Coupler link will block network traffic and the Standby Coupler link will block network traffic and the Standby Coupler link will block network traffic and the Standby Coupler link will block network traffic and the Standby Coupler link will forward network traffic. While the N-Link Master and Slave are in communication via the Control link, only one Coupler link (Primary or Standby) will forward network traffic while the other Coupler link will block network traffic.

CIP

The CIP (Common Industrial Protocol) feature allows N-Tron switches to directly provide switch information and configuration access to Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) and Human Machine Interface (HMI) applications via a standardized communication protocol. For example, a PLC may be programmed to monitor port links or N-Ring status and cause a status indicator to turn red on an HMI if a port goes link down or if N-Ring has a fault. CIP is formally described in ODVA Publication Number PUB00001 (Volume 1: Common Industrial Protocol (CIPTM)), and Publication Number: PUB00002 (Volume 2: Ethernet/IP Adaptation of CIP). N-Tron provides EDS and ICO files. N-TRON_CIP_Tags.pdf is for a particular environment, but reveals the tags available.

DHCP

The Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) provides configuration parameters to Internet hosts. DHCP is built on a client-server model, where designated DHCP server hosts allocate network addresses and deliver configuration parameters to dynamically configured hosts. DHCP is controlled by RFC 2131. The N-Tron DHCP Switch can be configured to be a DHCP Client. Alternately the N-Tron DHCP switch can be configured to be a DHCP Relay Agent, or both.

For more detailed information on N-Tron DHCP features, reference: <u>http://www.n-tron.com/tech_docs.php</u>. Under 'White papers', see. "Using DHCP to Minimize Equipment Setup Time". Under 'Installation Guides and User Manuals' see "DHCP Technical Instructions for 708 / 716/ 7018 / 7506 Series".

DHCP Client

The switch will automatically obtain an IP assignment from a DHCP Server, or optionally Fallback to a configured IP assignment if unable to get an IP assignment from a DHCP server. Communication between the client and server can optionally go through a DHCP Relay Agent.

DHCP Relay Agent

DHCP Relay Agent (Option 82) allows communication between the client and server to cross subnet and VLAN boundaries. It also allows for a device on a specific port to receive a specific IP address and if the device is replaced, the replacement receives the same IP address as the original device.

DHCP Server

DHCP Server allows DHCP Client devices to automatically obtain an IP assignment. IP assignments can be set up as a dynamic range of IP addresses available to any client device; or specific IP addresses based on the clients MAC address, Client ID (Option 61), or Relay Agent connection (Option 82).

LLDP

Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) is a Layer 2 discovery protocol that allows devices attached to an IEEE802 LAN to advertise to other devices the major capabilities they have and to store information they discover in a MIB that can be accessed through SNMP. LLDP is formally described in IEEE Standard - 802.1AB.

Port Security—MAC Address Based

The Port Security feature restricts access to the switch by only accepting dynamically learned MAC addresses and manually entered MAC addresses as authorized. Dynamically learned MAC addresses are those that the switch detects on any port while in 'Learning' mode. A manually entered MAC address must designate the ports that the address is authorized on. A non-authorized MAC address will be discarded and will be shown on the intruder log.

TROUBLESHOOTING

- 1. Make sure the \mathbf{U} (Power LED) is ON.
- 2. Make sure you are supplying sufficient current for the version chosen. Note: The Inrush current will exceed the steady state current by $\sim 2X$.
- 3. Verify that Link LEDs are ON for connected ports.
- 4. Verify cabling used between stations.
- 5. Verify that cabling is Category 5E or greater for 100/1000Mbit operation.

SUPPORT

Contact N-Tron Corp. at: TEL: 251-342-2164 FAX: 251-342-6353 E-MAIL: <u>N-TRON_Support@n-tron.com</u> WEB: <u>www.n-tron.com</u>

FCC STATEMENT

This product complies with Part 15 of the FCC-A Rules.

Operation is subject to the following conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful Interference
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this device in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his/her own expense.

INDUSTRY CANADA

This Class A digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference Causing Equipment Regulations. Operation is subject to the following two conditions; (1) this device digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference Causing Equipment Regulations. Operation is subject to the following two conditions; (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Cet appareillage numérique de la classe A répond à toutes les exigences de l'interférence canadienne causant des règlements d'équipement. L'opération est sujette aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) ce dispositif peut ne pas causer l'interférence nocive, et (2) ce dispositif doit accepter n'importe quelle interférence reçue, y compris l'interférence qui peut causer l'opération peu désirée.

Web Software Configuration

Web Management

Enter the switch's IP address in any web browser and login to the web management feature of the N-Tron switch.

N-TRON - Microsoft Internet Explorer		
<u>Eile E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew F <u>a</u> vorites <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp		
🕞 Back 🔹 🕥 👻 📓 🛃 🌈 Search 👷 Favorites 🧭	🔗 - 🌺 🐨 -	
Address http://192.168.1.201/		

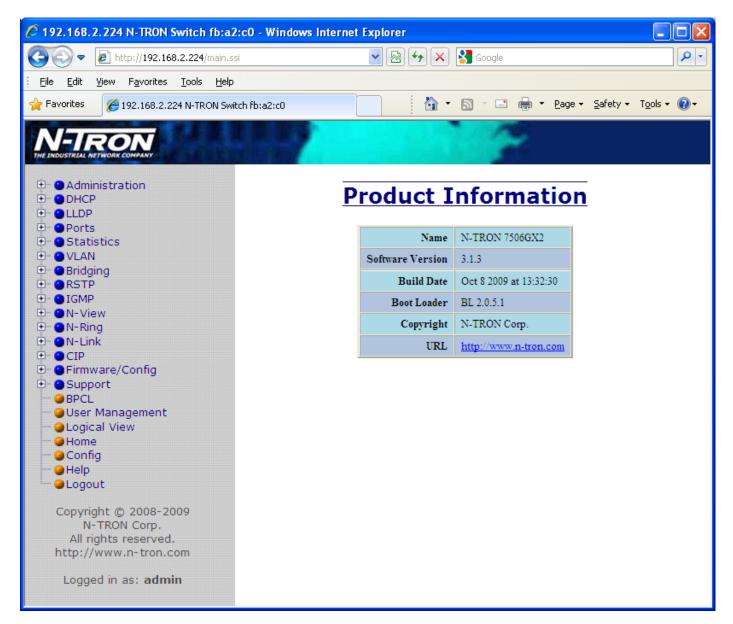
Default:

User Name: *admin* Password: *admin*

🥙 192.168.2.224 Login - Windows Internet Explorer	
	5
<u>Eile E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew F <u>a</u> vorites <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp	
🐈 Favorites 🌈 192.168.2.224 Login 🔹 🖓 🔹 🖾 🔹 🖾 🔹 🔤 🚽 Page 🔹 Safety 🔹 Tools 🔹 🌘	? -
THE ENDUSTRIAL METWORK COMPANY	
N-TRON 7506GX2	
User Name:	
Password:	
Login	
	~

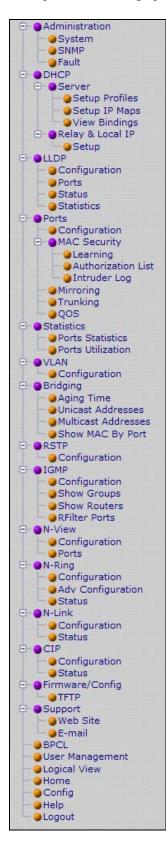
Web Management - Home

When the administrator first logs onto an N-Tron Fully Managed switch the default home page will be displayed. On the left hand side of the screen there is a list of configurable settings that the switch will support. This section of the manual will go through each and every choice listed on the left hand side of the screen and explain how to configure those settings. In the center of the main home page the administrator can see some basic information like what firmware revision the switch is running. The firmware can be upgraded at a later time in the field using TFTP.



Web Management – Menu Structure

To the left, there is a menu which is shown fully opened below. The pages opened by each of the individual selections are described in the rest of this section. The use of each of these pages is also described in this section. In most of the descriptions, only the right side of the page is shown.



Administration – System

The System tab under the Administration category, lists various information about the switch:

When the IP Configuration is in either DHCP or Static Mode:

IP Configuration

Method used to obtain an IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway Address

IP Address

Contains the current IP Address of the device.

Subnet Mask

Contains the current Subnet Mask of the device.

Gateway

Contains the current Default Gateway of the device.

MAC Address

MAC Address of the device.

System Up Time

This parameter represents the total time count. This time has elapsed since the switch was turned ON or RESET. Name

It shows the name of the product, which allows alphanumeric and special characters (#, _, -) only.

Contact

The person to contact for system issues, which should be someone within your organization.

Location

The physical location of the switch.

Temperature:

The calculated ambient temperature near the switch. This calculation is only valid after a warm-up period.

Upper Threshold:

The highest temperature for the switch without causing a fault to occur. The threshold is specified as an integer in C degrees. The range is from -60° C to 100° C, and the default is product dependent.

Lower Threshold:

The lowest temperature for the switch without causing a fault to occur. The threshold is specified as an integer in C degrees. The range is from -60° C to 100° C, and the default is product dependent.

IP Configuration	Static
IP Address	192.168.1.201
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.1.1
MAC Address	00:07:af:fd:58:c0
System Up Time	0 days, 0 hours, 2 mins, 2 secs
Name	N-TRON Switch fd:58:c0
Contact	N-TRON Admin
Location	Mobile, AL 36609
Temperature	9°C, 48°F
Upper Threshold	80°C, 176°F
Lower Threshold	-40°C, -40°F

Administration – System, Continued...

When the IP Configuration is in DHCP Mode the following information is added:

Client ID

Option used by DHCP clients to specify their unique identifier. The identifier may be the MAC address, switch name, or entered as a text string or hex characters.

Fallback IP Address

Contains the configured Fallback IP Address of the device.

Fallback Subnet Mask

Contains the configured Fallback Subnet Mask of the device.

Fallback Gateway

Contains the configured Fallback Gateway of the device.

S	System Configuration View		
	IP Configuration	DHCP	
	Client ID	00:07:af:fd:58:c0 Hex = 0007affd58c0	
	IP Address	192.168.1.175	
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
	Gateway	192.168.1.1	
	Fallback IP Address	192.168.1.201	
	Fallback Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
	Fallback Gateway	192.168.1.1	
	MAC Address	00:07:af:fd:58:c0	
	System Up Time	0 days, 0 hours, 0 mins, 47 secs	
	Name	N-TRON Switch fd:58:c0	
	Contact	N-TRON Admin	
	Location	Mobile, AL 36609	
	Temperature	9°C, 48°F	
	Upper Threshold	80°C, 176°F	
	Lower Threshold	-40°C, -40°F	
	Modify Refresh		

Administration – System, Continued...

By selecting the Modify button, you will be able to change the switch's IP Configuration, Client ID, IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway, Name, Contact information, and the Location of the switch through the web management features, depending on the IP Configuration. It is recommended to change the TCP/IP information through the Command Line Interface (CLI) initially, but it defaults to the following:

 IP Configuration
 - Static

 IP Address
 - 192.168.1.201

 Subnet Mask
 - 255.255.255.0

 Gateway
 - 192.168.1.1

System Configuration	
IP Configuration	Static 💌
IP Address	192.168.1.201
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.1.1
Name	N-TRON Switch fd:58:c0
Contact	N-TRON Admin
Location	Mobile, AL 36609
Upper Threshold	80 °C
Lower Threshold	-40 °C
Update Cancel	

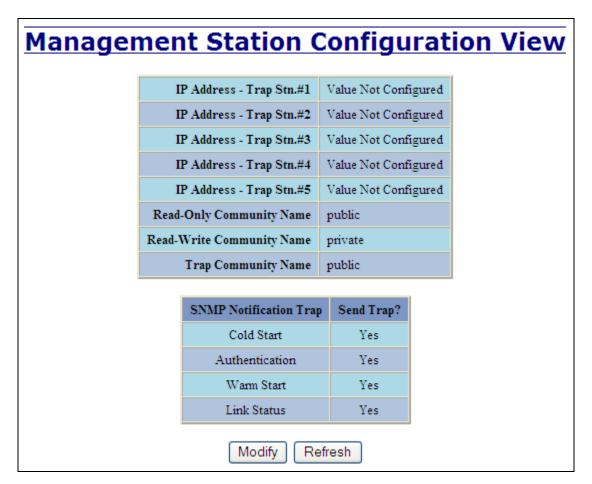
Administration – System, Continued...

If the IP Configuration mode is set to DHCP and the Fallback IP address is changed from the default IP address, then the switch will use the Fallback addresses if the IP configuration isn't received from a DHCP server in 2 minutes after initial boot. If Fallback address is used, DHCP Client will stop sending requests. If the IP Configuration is received from a DHCP server, it will never fallback, even if the lease is lost.

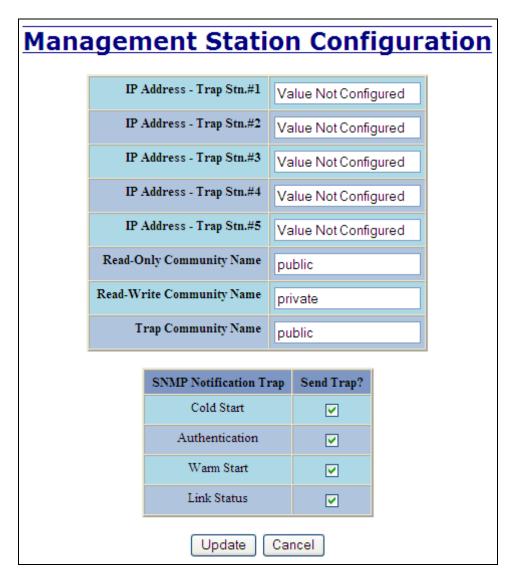
System Configuration	
IP Configuration	DHCP 🗸
Client ID	MAC Address v 00:07:af:fd:58:c0
Fallback IP Address	192.168.1.201
Fallback Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Fallback Gateway	192.168.1.1
Name	N-TRON Switch fd:58:c0
Contact	N-TRON Admin
Location	Mobile, AL 36609
Upper Threshold	80 °C
Lower Threshold	-40 °C
Update Cancel	

Administration – SNMP

The SNMP tab under the Administration category shows a list of IP Addresses that act as SNMP Traps. The Read-Only, Read-Write, and Trap Community Names are also shown here.



By selecting the Modify button, you will be able to change any of the fields listed. This allows the user to set an IP address for a Trap station or change the Community Names. If the SNMP Notification Trap is enabled, systems that are listed as a Trap station will be sent the corresponding notification trap. To restore a Trap to "Value Not Configured", enter '0.0.0.0'.



Administration – Fault

The Fault tab under the Administration category provides configurable selections indicating the way to notify when a Power, N-Link or N-Ring Signal fault occurs. Power signal faults consist of V_1 and V_2 . N-Link Faults can also be set for notification. The Power and N-Link notifications may consist of any combination of the options: Show Web and Show LED. N-Ring signal faults consist of: Broken, Partial Break (Low), Partial Break (High), and Multiple Managers.

	Signal	Show We	b	Show LEI	
	Power V ₁	No		No	
Power V ₂		No		No	
N-Link Fault		Yes		Yes	
Port Usage Fault		Yes		Yes	
			_		
	N-Ring Manag	ger Signal	s	how LED	
	Broker	n		Yes	
	Partial Break	k(Low)		Yes	
	Partial Break	(High)		Yes	
	Multiple Ma	nagers		Yes	

Note: V_1 and V_2 Power Faults are disabled in factory defaults.

DHCP – Server – Setup Profiles

The Setup Profiles tab under the DHCP/Server category lists the following information about the current state of the server and the existing network profiles:

Server Enabled

Indicates whether the DHCP server is active.

Allow Broadcast

Indicates whether the DHCP server will process broadcast messages.

Delay Broadcast (Ms)

The amount of time the DHCP server will delay processing a broadcast message.

Server ID

Descriptive name of the DHCP server.

Profile Name

Descriptive name of the network profile.

Address Pool

Range of IP addresses which the profile can use.

Subnet Address

The most restrictive subnet address calculated from the address pool range.

Subnet Mask

The most restrictive subnet mask calculated from the address pool range.

Domain Name

The domain name to be presented to the client.

Has Profile IP Maps

Indicates whether the profile has IP maps associated with it.

Delete

Deletes the profile along with all IP maps and bindings associated with it. The Default profile cannot be deleted.

DHCP Server Setup							
	Server Enabled			Enabled			
	Allow Broadcast		Enabled				
	Delay Broadcast (Ms)		500				
	Server ID		N-Tron Switch fe:bd:e0				
	Mo			dify			
Network Profiles							
Profile Name	;	Address Pool	Subnet Address	Subnet Mask	Domain Name	Has Profi IP Maps	
DEFAULT							
Add Profile							
Refresh							

DHCP – Server – Setup Profiles, Continued...

DHCP Server Configuration					
	Server Enabled	Enabled 💌			
	Allow Broadcast	Enabled 💌			
	Delay Broadcast (Ms)	500			
	Server ID	N-Tron Switch fe:bd:e0			
Update Cancel					

DHCP Server	Network Profile		
Network Profile Name			
Address Pool Start			
Address Pool End			
Lease Time	20 Days		
	0 Hours		
Adv	anced <<		
Broadcast Address *			
Domain Name *			
DNS Server 1 **			
DNS Server 2 **			
Gateway 1 **			
Gateway 2 **			
* When field is left blank, the corresponding default profile value is used. ** When both related fields are left blank, the corresponding default profile values are used.			
Update Cancel			

DHCP – Server – Setup IP Maps

The Setup IP Maps tab provides the way to create IP mappings with an existing network profile. There are three types of mappings that can be created: Dynamic Range, Static Range, and Single IP.

DHO	CP S	Server S	etup I	P M	aps	
Netw Prof		_ ~	Binding Identifier Show Hex			
You mus	t add a n	on Default Network	Profile before	adding an	IP Map.	
		Select M	apping			
	Dy	namic Range	IP Address Range			
	S	tatic Range	Option 82 Rel			
		Single IP	Option 61 or 1	MAC		
		Refre	sh			

The Dynamic Range type of mapping is used to create a range of dynamic IP addresses for requesting clients. The following information is required:

Network Profile

An existing network profile to which the IP map applies.

Low IP

The starting IP address of a range.

High IP

The ending IP address of a range.

DHCF	Serve	r Dynamic Range
	Network Profile	prof_1 💌
	Low IP	
	High IP	
	Upda	ate Cancel

The Static Range type of mapping is used to create a range of static IP addresses dedicated to specific ports on a relay agent switch. There are two different data entry formats available according to whether the relay agent type is for an N-TRON or for a generic switch.

To create a range of static IP addresses on an N-Tron relay agent switch:

Network Profile

An existing network profile to which the IP map applies.

DHCP – Server – Setup IP Maps, Continued...

Relay Agent Type

Should be set to N-TRON.

Switch Model List of N-TRON models that support this feature.

Remote ID

A unique identifier that designates the N-TRON relay agent switch.

Add

Checkbox used to add an IP map for the corresponding port.

Port No

The actual port number.

Port Name

Descriptive name of the port.

VLAN

VLAN ID that the port is a member of.

Circuit ID

Auto-generated string based on the port name and VLAN ID.

IP Address

IP address to assign to the IP map.

DHCP – Server – Setup IP Maps, Continued...

ļ	DHCP Server Static Range									
				(Optio	on 82)					
]	Netwoi	rk Profile	prof_1 💌						
	R	elay A	gent Type	⊙ N-TRON ○ Generic						
		Swi	tch Model	7506GX2 💌						
		F	Remote ID	O Hex O 1	MAC⊙IP (String				
_										
Ad	ld	Port No	Port Name	VLAN	Circuit ID	IP Address				
]	1	T1	1	T1-0001	192.168.2.				
]	2	T2	1	T2-0001	192.168.2.				
]	3	Т3	1	T3-0001	192.168.2.				
]	4	T4	1	T4-0001	192.168.2.				
]	5	GB1	1	GB1-0001	192.168.2.				
]	6	GB2	1	GB2-0001	192.168.2.				
				Update	Cancel					

DHCP - Server - Setup IP Maps, Continued...

To create a range of static IP addresses on a generic relay agent switch:

Network Profile

An existing network profile to which the IP map applies.

Relay Agent Type

Should be set to Generic.

Port Count

The number of ports on the particular relay agent switch.

Add

Checkbox used to add an IP map for the corresponding port.

Port No

The actual port number.

Remote ID

The identifier that corresponds to an Option 82 Remote ID sub-option used by the particular relay agent switch. **Circuit ID**

The identifier that corresponds to an Option 82 Circuit ID sub-option used by the particular relay agent switch. **IP Address**

IP address to assign to the IP map.

		DHCP Sei	ver Static Range	
			(Option 82)	
		Network Profile p	rof_1 💌	
		Relay Agent Type) N-TRON 💿 Generic	
		Port Count 8	Apply	
Add	Port	Remote ID	Circuit ID	IP Address
Add	No	Kemote ID	Circuit ID	IF Aduress
	1			192.168.2.
		⊙ Hex ○ MAC ○ IP ○ String	⊙ Hex ○ MAC ○ IP ○ String	
	2			192.168.2.
		• Hex O MAC O IP O String	⊙ Hex ○ MAC ○ IP ○ String	
	3			192.168.2.
		⊙ Hex ○ MAC ○ IP ○ String	⊙ Hex ○ MAC ○ IP ○ String	
	4			192.168.2.
		● Hex ○ MAC ○ IP ○ String	⊙ Hex ○ MAC ○ IP ○ String	
	5			192.168.2.
		● Hex ○ MAC ○ IP ○ String	● Hex ○ MAC ○ IP ○ String	
	6			192.168.2.
		● Hex ○ MAC ○ IP ○ String	⊙ Hex ○ MAC ○ IP ○ String	
	7			192.168.2.
		● Hex ○ MAC ○ IP ○ String	⊙ Hex ○ MAC ○ IP ○ String	
	8			192.168.2.
		● Hex ○ MAC ○ IP ○ String	\odot Hex \bigcirc MAC \bigcirc IP \bigcirc String	
		l	Jpdate Cancel	

DHCP – Server – Setup IP Maps, Continued...

The Single IP type of mapping is used to create a static IP address for an individual client. The following information is required:

Network Profile

An existing network profile to which the IP map applies.

IP

The static IP address to offer to a client.

Unique ID

The unique identifier that must match either the client identifier (Option 61) or the client's hardware address (MAC). **Format**

Designates how the Unique ID is interpreted.

-	DHCP	Serve	er Sta	ntic 1	(P
	((Option 6	51/MAC)	
Network Profile	prof_1 💌				
IP]		
Unique ID (i.e MAC)				Format	MAC Address 💙 Hex Values MAC Address
		Update	Cancel		String

DHCP – Server – View Bindings

The View Bindings tab lists the bindings of physical devices to IP addresses that are in use or offered: Network Profile

The profile applied to the binding entry.

Binding Identifier

The client associated with the binding entry.

Client Hardware Address (MAC)

The client's MAC address.

Client IP Address

The actual IP address assigned to the binding entry.

Status

Indicates the current status of the binding entry.

Release

Removes the corresponding binding.

WARNING: By releasing an IP address, it is possible to end up with two physical devices with the same IP address which may cause network disruption to that IP address.

	DHCP Server Binding List							
Network Profile	Binding Identifier	Client Hardware Address (MAC)	Client IP Address	Status				
prof_1	Client ID (String) = N-Tron Switch fb:fa:40	00:07:af:fb:fa:40	192.168.2.100	Dynamic, In Use	Release			
		Refresh						

DHCP – Relay & Local IP - Setup

The Setup tab under the DHCP/Relay & Local IP category shows the current state of the relay agent.

DHCP Relay A	ger	nt &	L	ocal	IP Setup View
	Rela	y Status	Dis	abled	
	Re	mote ID	192	2.168.2.224	
	Ser	ver 1 IP			
	Ser	ver 2 IP			
	Ser	ver 3 IP			
	Ser	ver 4 IP			
		. XT . D . XT			
P	ort No	Port Na	me	Relay Stat	
	01	T1		Disabled	1
	02	T2		Disabled	1
	03	T3		Disabled	1
	04	T4		Disabled	1
	05	GB1		Disabled	1
	06	GB2		Disabled	1
	N	lodify	Re	fresh	

By selecting the Modify button, you can configure general settings of the relay agent, as well as, configure settings on a per port basis. The following describes these settings:

DHCP - Relay & Local IP - Setup, Continued...

Relay Status

Indicates whether the DHCP relay agent is active.

Remote ID

The unique identifier that designates the relay agent switch.

Server # IP

The configured IP address of the DHCP servers.

Port No

The actual port number.

Port Name

The descriptive name of the port.

Relay Status

The selection to designate whether the port will perform relay agent functionality. The choices are:

Disabled The port will function without relay agent processing.

Enabled The port will relay DHCP client-originated broadcast packets to the DHCP servers.

Assign Local IP The port will not relay DHCP client-originated broadcast packets. Instead the relay agent will offer the port's locally assigned IP address to the client.

Other Data

When the Relay Status is set to Enabled, the Circuit ID for the port can be specified. When the Relay Status is set to Assign Local IP, the IP address for the port can be specified.

D	HCP F	Relay /	Ager	nt 8	k Lo	oca	I IP	9 Se	tup	
		Relay Status	Disable	ed 🐱						
		Remote ID	IP Addr 192.168.2		~					
		Server 1 IP								
		Server 2 IP								
		Server 3 IP								
		Server 4 IP								
Port No	Port Name	Relay Sta	itus			C	ther Da	ta		
01	T1	Disabled	~							
02	T2	Disabled	~							
03	T3	Disabled	~							
04	T4	Disabled	~							
05	GB1	Disabled	~							
06	GB2	Disabled	~							
			Update	e) Ca	ancel					

LLDP - Configuration

Mode:

Enables or Disables LLDP on the Switch. Default: Disabled

Transmit Interval:

Specifies the interval at which LLDP frames are transmitted. Default = 30 seconds.

Transmit Hold Multiplier:

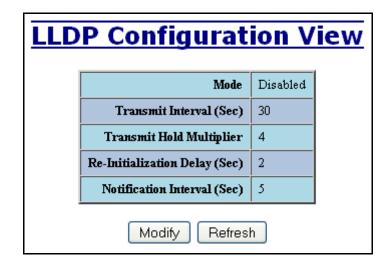
Specifies a multiplier on the Transmit Interval when calculating a Time-to-Live value. Default = 4.

Re-Initialization Delay:

Specifies the minimum time an LLDP port will wait before re-initializing after its setting has changed from disabled to Tx-Only or Tx/Rx. This prevents excessive notifications when LLDP Port settings are toggled. The default is 2 seconds.

Notification Interval

Specifies the interval between successive Notifications generated by the switch. If a port sends out a notification and another port tries to send out a notification, the notification will not be sent until the interval expires. Default = 5 Seconds.



Note: A redundant network topology will have one or more blocking ports to prevent looping and broadcast storms. LLDP will not receive neighbor information into a blocked port, though the LLDP information will be transmitted out of a blocked port. Therefore, the switch that has the blocked port will not know about the neighbor on the other side of the blocked port, but the neighbor will know about the switch that has the blocked port.

LLDP - Ports

LLDP Ports View

Port Name

Descriptive name of the port on the local switch.

Transmit

Enables or Disables LLDP Transmission on the switch.

Receive

Enables or Disables Receiving of LLDP Frames from neighbor switches.

Allow Management Data

Allow the Transmission of Management type information. For example: IP Address of switch, Port Description, System Name and Vlan information.

Allow Notifications

Notifications are transmitted when local or remote data changes.

	LLDP Ports View								
Port Name	Transmit	Receive	Allow Management Data	Allow Notification					
T1	YES	YES	YES	NO					
T2	YES	YES	YES	NO					
T3	YES	YES	YES	NO					
T4	YES	YES	YES	NO					
GB1	YES	YES	YES	NO					
GB2	YES	YES	YES	NO					
		Modify	Refresh						

LLDP - Status

LLDP Ports Neighbor View

The Status View shows the results of LLDP discovery. The LLDP Ethernet frames received from neighboring ports are composed of a collection of data units called TLVs. Each TLV contains a defined type of information such as the Chassis ID described below, which contains the MAC address of the device sending the frame. The maximum number of neighbors displayed per port is four.

Port Name

The name of the local port on which the neighbor information was received.

Neighbor MAC

MAC address of neighbor switch. Corresponds to the LLDP Chassis ID TLV.

Neighbor IP

IP address of neighbor switch. Corresponds to the LLDP Management Address TLV.

Neighbor Port Description

Description of the neighbor Port from which the LLDP frame was sent.

Neighbor System Name

The system's administratively assigned name on the neighbor switch.

Neighbor VLAN PVID

The Port VLAN identifier (PVID) associated with the neighbor port.

Neighbor VLAN ID/Name

A list of all VLAN's for which the neighbor port is a member.

Neighbor TTL

Indicates the number of seconds that the information associated with this neighbor will be valid. Time to Live (TTL)

Port Name	Neighbor MAC	Neighbor IP	Neighbor Port Description	Neighbor System Name	Neighbor Vlan PVID	Neighbor Vlan ID/Name	Neighbor TTL
TX2	00:07:af:fc:02:47	192.168.1.91	Port 7 - 10/100 Mbit TX	N-Tron Switch fc:02:40	1	0001 - Default VLAN	117
TX2	00:07:af:fb:dc:63	192.168.2.23	Port 3 - 10/100 Mbit TX	N-Tron Switch fb:dc:60	1	0001 - Default VLAN	117
TX4	00:07:af:ff:c8:c4	192.168.1.87	Port 4 - 10/100 Mbit TX	N-Tron Switch ff:c8:c0	1	0001 - Default VLAN	114

LLDP - Statistics

LLDP Local Port Statistics View

Port Name

Descriptive name of the port on the local switch.

Transmitted Frames

The total number of LLDP Frames sent out from the local switch.

Received Frames

Total number of LLDP frames received by the local switch.

Discarded Frames

The total number of frames discarded due to incorrect TLV's in frame.

Error Frames

Total count of all LLDP frames received with one or more detectable errors.

Neighbor Age Outs

Total count of the times that a neighbor's information has been deleted from the switch because the Time to Live (TTL) has expired.

LLDP Port Status

Local Port setting (Receive-Rx/Transmit-Tx/Disable).

LLI	LLDP Local Port Statistics View								
Port Name	Transmitted Frames	Received Frames	Discarded Frames	Error Frames	Neighbor Age Outs	LLDP Port Status			
T1	0	0	0	0	0	RxTx			
T2	0	0	0	0	0	RxTx			
T3	0	0	0	0	0	RxTx			
T4	0	0	0	0	0	RxTx			
GB1	0	0	0	0	0	RxTx			
GB2	0	0	0	0	0	RxTx			
			Refresh]					

Ports – Configuration

The Configuration tab under the Ports category will show a detailed overview of all the active ports on the switch. The overview will display the following information:

Port Number

This is the port index.

Port Name

This field displays the name of the port. The designation of TX is for copper ports, FX is for fiber optic ports, and GB is for the Gigabit ports (fiber or copper).

Admin Status

This configurable field displays the existing status of the port whether it is Enabled/Disabled.

Link Status

Current Link state of the port.

Auto Negotiation State

This configurable field displays the current auto-negotiation state whether it is Enabled/Disable.

Port Speed

This configurable field displays the speed of each port 10/100/1000 Mbps.

Duplex Mode

This configurable field displays the existing mode of the port whether it is Full Duplex/Half Duplex.

Flow Control State

This configurable field displays the existing flow control status of each port. When enabled, the individual port supports half-duplex back pressure and full-duplex flow control. The default is **Disabled**.

Force High Priority State

This configurable field displays the port priority status of each port. When enabled for a port all frames received on that port will be forced to the highest priority queue regardless of 'Default Priority' setting or priority tags within the received frames. The default is **Disabled**. In an untagged N-Ring configuration, the N-Ring ports on the N-Ring Manager and active N-Ring Members will be **Enabled**.

Default Priority

This configurable field displays the default QoS priority for the port when an untagged frame is received. The range is **0-7**.

RSTP State

The current RSTP status of a port. It may contain Disable/Discarding/Learning/Forwarding.

PVID

This configurable field displays the existing port VLAN ID setting. The allowable range is 1-4094.

Usage Alarm Low [%]

The bandwidth utilization percentage below which a fault will be triggered if enabled. For half duplex the bandwidth utilization percentage is the sum of both RX and TX bandwidth utilization, and for full duplex this is the higher of TX or RX bandwidth utilization.

Usage Alarm High [%]

The bandwidth utilization percentage above which a fault will be triggered if enabled. For half duplex the bandwidth utilization percentage is the sum of both RX and TX bandwidth utilization, and for full duplex this is the higher of TX or RX bandwidth utilization.

Port No	Port Name	Admin Status	Link Status	Auto Nego	Port Speed	Duplex Mode	Flow Control	Port State	PVID	Usage Alarm Low [%]	Usage Alarm High [%]
<u>01</u>	T1	Enabled	Down	Enabled	Auto	Auto	Disabled	Disabled	1	0	100
<u>02</u>	T2	Enabled	Down	Enabled	Auto	Auto	Disabled	Disabled	1	0	100
<u>03</u>	T3	Enabled	Down	Enabled	Auto	Auto	Disabled	Disabled	1	0	100
<u>04</u>	T4	Enabled	Up	Enabled	100	Full	Disabled	Forwarding	1	0	100
<u>05</u>	GB1	Enabled	Down	Disabled	1000	Full	Disabled	Disabled	1	0	100
<u>06</u>	GB2	Enabled	Down	Disabled	1000	Full	Disabled	Disabled	1	0	100

The User can click on the Port Number to configure each port individually. This will allow the user to change the port's settings for the following fields which are explained above:

Admin Status Speed and Duplex Flow Control Force High Priority Default Priority PVID Usage Alarm Low [%] Usage Alarm High [%]

T2 - Port Configuration					
Port Name	T2				
Admin Status	Enabled 💌				
Speed And Duplex	Auto-Negotiate 💌				
Flow Control	Disabled 💌				
PVID	1				
Usage Alarm Low [%]	0				
Usage Alarm High [%] 100					
Update Cancel					

Ports – MAC Security – Learning

The Learning tab allows the administrator to control the learning or locking modes for the ports. 'Locked' is the secure mode. 'Learning' builds an internal list of authorized MAC addresses based on an approved LAN. When the current mode is 'Learning', no ports are secured.

MAC Learning View								
	Current Mode Learning							
	Secure Ports							
	Port No	Port Name	Secure	Role				
	01	T1		RSTP				
	02	T2		RSTP				
	03	T3		RSTP				
	04	T4		RSTP				
	05	GB1		RSTP				
	06	GB2		RSTP				
Modify Refresh								

In 'Locked' mode, the selected ports under "Secure Ports" are secured. Note: when N-Ring and/or N-Link are used, the N-Ring/N-Link ports will not have MAC Security enabled.

MAC Learning View						
		Secu	re Ports			
	Port No	Port Name	Secure	Role		
	01	T1		RSTP		
	02	T2		RSTP		
	03	T3		RSTP		
	04	T4		RSTP		
	05	GB1		RSTP		
	06	GB2		RSTP		
Modify						

Ports – MAC Security – Learning, Continued...

The Modify button allows the administrator to change the current mode. When transitioning from 'Learning' to 'Locked', the Address Resolution Logic (ARL) table represents the authorized MAC addresses, with the addition of any manually entered addresses (refer to Authorization List section below). Transitioning from 'Locked' to 'Learning' clears the ARL for all ports.

MAC Learning Configuration								
	Current Mode Learning -							
		Secu	re Lock					
	Port No	Port Name	Secure	Role				
	01	T1		RSTP				
	02	T2		RSTP				
	03	T3		RSTP				
	04	T4		RSTP				
	05	GB1		RSTP				
	06	GB2		RSTP				
	l	Jpdate	Can	cel				

Ports – MAC Security – Authorization List

The Authorization List tab allows for manual entry or deletion of authorized MAC source addresses with associated authorized ports.

MAC Authorization View						
	Entry	MAC Address	Ports			
	1	00:07:af:fb:e0:d0	T1-T2, GB2			
	2	00:07:af:fb:e0:d1	T3-T4			
Modify Refresh						

Selecting Modify displays the MAC Authorization Configuration page, which allows the administrator to add new entries, delete existing entries, or edit authorized ports of existing entries.

MAC Authorization Configuration							
	Entry	MAC Address	Ports	Delete			
	1	00:07:af:fb:e0:d0	T1-T2, GB2	Delete			
	2	00:07:af:fb:e0:d1	T3-T4	Delete			
Add Done Refresh							

Selecting Delete removes the associated entry. Selecting Add displays the MAC Authorization Entry page, showing default values for the administrator to modify (see below). When an entry number hyperlink is selected, this same page is displayed except it shows the associated MAC address and authorized ports.

N	MAC Authorization Entry					
	MAC Address	00:00:00:00:00				
	Port List	 ✓ T1 ✓ T2 ✓ T3 ✓ T4 ✓ GB1 ✓ GB2 Select All Select None 				
-		Add Cancel				

Ports – MAC Security – Intruder Log

The Intruder Log tab displays a list of unauthorized MAC addresses that attempted to access the secured device. Each intruder entry in the log is unique, and is based on the combination of MAC address, VLAN, and port. Only the first occurrence of the intruder is listed. The log is ordered by most recent first, based on the system time. The maximum number of entries is 100. If more than 100 intruders are detected, the oldest entries are deleted. The log is not saved through a power cycle.

Intruder Log							
Entry	MAC Address	VLAN	Port	System Time			
1	00:07:af:fb:e3:a0	1	T2	0 days, 0 hours, 9 mins, 32 secs	Delete		
2	00:07: af:ff :7 a :40	1	T4	0 days, 0 hours, 1 mins, 33 secs	Delete		
		Clea	AL AL T1 T2 T3 T4 GB GB	1			

An entry can be individually removed from the log by selecting the associated Delete button. All entries or entries specific to a port can also be removed from the log by choosing the option in the dropdown list and then selecting the Clear button.

Ports – Mirroring

A mirroring port is a dedicated port that is configured to receive the copies of Ethernet frames that are being transmitted out and also being received in from any other port that is being monitored.

The Mirroring tab under the Ports category displays the status including the list of Source Ports and the Destination Port that the Sources are being mirrored to.

Port Mirror	ing	Со	nf	igu	ration View			
	Mirror Status			isabled				
	Destin	ation Po	ort T	1				
Source Ports								
	Port No	Port Name	Tx	Rx				
	01	T1						
	02	T2						
	03	T3						
	04	T4						
	05	GB1						
	06	GB2						
	Mo	odify	Refr	esh				

Ports – Mirroring, Continued...

Following the Modify button, you can enable the status of port mirroring and select source ports and the destination port that the source ports will be mirrored to.

Port Mi	rror	ing	Со	nf	ig	ur	ati	on
	Mirror S	Status	Disa	abled	*			
	Destinatio	on Port	T1	~				
		Source	T1 1 1 1 1 73					
	Port No	Port Name	T4 GB1 GB2	:				
		ALL						
	01	T1						
	02	T2						
	03	T3						
	04	T4						
	05	GB1						
	06	GB2						
	Up	date	Can	cel				

Ports – Trunking

The Trunking tab under the Ports category displays the following details:

Trunk Ports

This field displays the ports associated with the trunk.

Trunk Status

This configurable field displays the existing status of the trunk. It can be either Enabled/Disabled.

Port Trunking	g Co	onfig	uration	View
	Trunk Ports	Trunk Status		
	T3, T4	Disabled		
	Modify	Refresh		

By selecting the Modify button, you can select a trunk group.

Port Tr	unking	Config	uration
	Trunk Ports	Trunk Status	
	T3, T4 💌	Disabled 💌	
	T1, T2 T3, T4 GB1, GB2	Cancel	-

Note: *RSTP must be disabled in order to use the Trunking feature. Two ports of the same speed can constitute a valid trunk. Only 1 Trunk per switch can be created.*

All trunk ports must be at the same speed and duplex mode. If a port is not linked, there could be difficulty as to similar speed and duplex mode. It is best to hard code speed and duplex mode for each trunking link, at both ends.

Do not use Trunking on an N-Ring manager. Do not connect the N-Ring to actively Trunking ports on an Auto Member.

Ports – QoS

The QOS decision tree chooses the highest priority Transmit Queue (TQ) of the following criteria:

- 1. Force High Priority (Port Based) TQ mapping,
- 2. IEEE802.1p TQ mapping, or
- 3. DSCP (RFC 2474) TQ mapping.

Each of these three methods is included or not based on the settings on this browser page.

When Force High Priority is enabled, the port based priority is included in the TQ decision for all ports and all frames received on a port will use the default QOS priority for that port in the TQ decision. The default is disabled. For example, if it is desired to have ingress frames on a port egress to the highest priority transmit queue regardless of other factors, then enable Force High Priority and set the port's Default Port Priority (see below) to 7.

Q 0	QOS Configuration View					
		Force	High Priori	ity Disab	leđ	
	Port No	Port Name	Include DSCP TOS	Include 802.1p COS	Default Port Priority	
	1	T1	Disabled	Enabled	1	
	2	T2	Disabled	Enabled	1	
	3	T3	Disabled	Enabled	1	
	4	T4	Disabled	Enabled	1	
	5	GB1	Disabled	Enabled	1	
	6	GB2	Disabled	Enabled	1	
	Modify Refresh					

Ν	Modify QOS Configuration					
	Force High Priority Disabled 💙					
	Port No	Port Name	Include DSCP TOS	Include 802.1p COS	Default Port Priority	
	1	T1	Disabled 💌	Enabled 💌	1 🛩	
	2	T2	Disabled 💌	Enabled 💌	1 🛩	
	3	T3	Disabled 🗸	Enabled 🗸	1 🗸	
	4	T4	Disabled 💌	Enabled 💌	1 🛩	
	5	GB1	Disabled 💌	Enabled 💌	1 🛩	
	6	GB2	Disabled 💌	Enabled 💌	1 🛩	
			Update	Cancel		

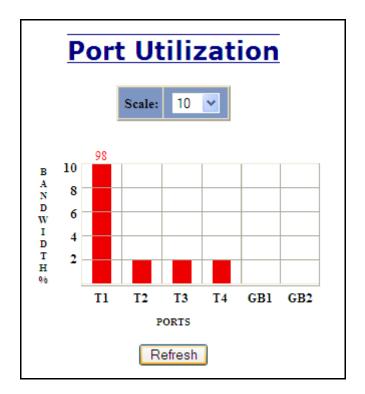
Statistics – Port Statistics

The Ports Statistics tab under the Statistics category displays a list of MIB parameters. Each port has a separate counter for each parameter. This gives users the ability to see what kind of packets are going over which ports. At the bottom of the page for each port there are two buttons. Refresh will update the statistics for that port number and Clear will reset all the counters for that port number.

Port T2					
	Statistics For Port T2				
S.No	S.No Counter Type Value				
1	Tx Octets	7293473			
2	Tx Dropped Packets	0			
3	Tx Broadcast Packets	1			
4	Tx Multicast Packets	34320			
5	Tx Unicast Packets	618			
6	Tx Collisions	0			
7	Tx Single Collision	0			
8	Tx Multiple Collision	0			
9	Tx Deferred Transmit	0			
10	Tx Late Collision	0			
11	Tx Excessive Collision	0			
12	Tx Frame In Disc	0			
13	Tx Pause Packets	0			
14	Rx 64 Packets	5616			
15	Rx 65 to 127 Packets 8858				
16	Rx 128 to 255 Packets	13			
17	Rx 256 to 511 Packets 4				
18	Rx 512 to 1023 Packets	110			
19	Rx 1024 to 1522 Packets 0				
20	Rx Octets 1081713				
21	Rx Dropped Packets	0			
22	Rx Broadcast Packets	110			
23	Rx Multicast Packets	11806			
24	Rx Unicast Packets	2685			
25	Rx Undersize Packets	0			
26	Rx Oversize Packets	0			
27	Rx Jabbers	0			
28	Rx Alignment Errors	0			
29	Rx Good Octets	1081713			
30	Rx SA Changes	6765			
31	Rx FCS Errors	0			
32	Rx Pause Packets	0			
33	Rx Fragments	0			
34	Rx Excessive Disc Size	0			
35	Rx Symbol Error	0			
	Refresh Clear]			

Statistics – Port Utilization

The Ports Utilization tab under the Statistics category shows all the ports on the switch and will display a bar graph showing the percentage of bandwidth being used. These figures and bars are for a general feeling of what the bandwidth usage is. N-Tron recommends the use of N-View in order to get a precise bandwidth usage figure.



VLAN – Configuration

Replace VID Tag with Default Port VID

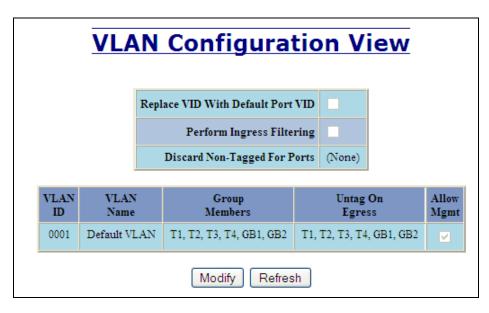
Specifies whether or not to replace the incoming VID tag with the port's designated VID.

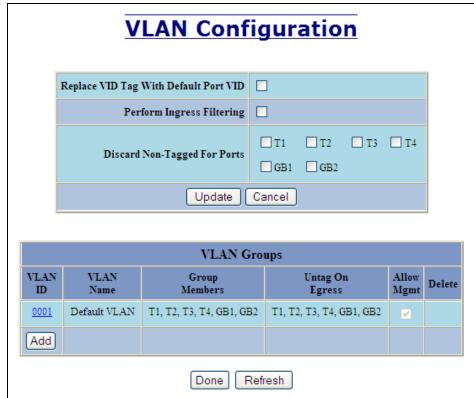
Perform Ingress Filtering

Specifies whether or not to filter out ingress frames when a VID violation is detected.

Discard Non-Tagged for Ports

Specifies whether or not non-tagged ingress frames are dropped by the selected ports.





Note that for convenience in most frequent use:

- Ports are deleted from group1 as each port is added to another group.
- Ports are added to group1 if a deletion leaves a port with no group.
- If it is desired to have a port on group1 and also on other group(s) configure group1 last to achieve that.

VLAN – Group Configuration

VLAN ID

This field displays the VLAN ID. The range should be **1-4094.**

VLAN Name

This configurable field displays the name of the VLAN, which accepts alphanumeric and special characters (#, _, -, .) only.

Allow Management

Specifies whether or not all ports in this VLAN are management ports.

Change PVID of Member Ports

Specifies whether or not the PVID of the member ports is set to this VLAN ID.

Port No

This is the port index.

Port Name

Descriptive name of the port

Group Member

Specifies whether or not the port is included in the group.

Untag on Egress

Specifies whether or not egress frames are tagged by the designated port.

Tagged VLAN Group Configuration							
			ID				
			Name				
	Allow	Manaş	gement				
			VID Of r Ports				
			Gi	roup Ports			
		Port No	Port Name	Group Member	Untag On Egress		
		01	T1				
		02	T2				
		03	T3				
		04	T4				
		05	GB1				
		06	GB2				
	Update Cancel						

Bridging – Aging Time

The Aging Time tab under the Bridging category will display the currently configured Aging Time. This page allows users to modify this variable to meet their needs.

Bridging	J Agin	g Tiı	ne View
	Aging Time	20 secs	
Modify Refresh			

After selecting the Modify button, the user will be presented with a page that allows the number to be entered and updated. The default aging time is 20 seconds.

Bridging Aging Time Configuration				
	Aging Time	20		
	Update	Cancel		

Note: If the switch is an active participant of an N-Ring, then the N-Ring Aging Time will be used instead of the Bridging Aging Time.

Bridging – Unicast Addresses

The Unicast Addresses tab under the Bridging category will display a list of MAC addresses that are associated with each respective port number. This can be used to statically assign a MAC address access to a single port on the switch.

Display Static Unicast MAC Addresses					
	Static Unicast M	AC Add	lress Filters		
	MAC Address	Port	VLAN ID		
Number of Static Unicast MAC Addresses: 0					
Add Remove Refresh					

Following the Add button on the page above, the administrator must enter a valid MAC address and associate it with a port number on the switch. Once the administrator hits the Add button, the changes will take effect instantly.

Add Unicast MAC Address Filter				
	Mac Address	00:07:AF:00:00:00		
	Port	T1 💌		
	VLAN ID	1		
Add Cancel				

Bridging – Unicast Addresses, Continued...

Once a static MAC address has been added, it will be displayed in a list on the main page under Unicast MACs tab.

Display Static Unicast MAC Addresses						
	Static Unicast MAC Address Filters					
	MAC Address	Port	VLAN ID			
	00:07:af:00:00:00	T1	1			
Number of Static Unicast MAC Addresses: 1						
	Add Remove Refresh					

Following the Remove button on the example above, an administrator can select a static MAC address from the list using a pull-down menu. After selecting the MAC address, the administrator needs to press the Remove button on the page to remove the entry

Remove L	Inicast	MAC Address Filter			
	Mac Address	00:07:af:00:00:00 🗸			
Number of Static Unicast MAC Addresses: 1					
Remove Cancel					

Bridging – Multicast Addresses

The Multicast Addresses tab under the Bridging category will display a list of Multicast Group Addresses that are associated with respective port numbers. This may be used to statically assign a Multicast Group Address access to a group of ports on the switch.

Display Static Multicast Group Addresses					
	Static Multicast G	roup Addr	ess Filters		
	Multicast Address	Port List	VLAN ID		
Number of Static Multicast Group Addresses: 0					
Add Remove Refresh					

Following the Add button on the page above, the administrator must enter a valid Multicast Group Address and associate it with a port number or list on the switch. Once the administrator clicks on the Add button, the changes will take effect instantly.

Add M	lulticast	Group Address Filter		
	Multicast Address	01:07:AF:00:00:00		
	Port List	 ✓ T1 ✓ T2 ✓ T3 ✓ T4 GB1 GB2 		
	VLAN ID	1		
Add Cancel				

Note: If there are multiple ports on different VLANs, the N-Tron switch will apply the static multicast address to the lowest VLAN-ID that is associated with one of the ports assigned to the static multicast address. So if the lowest VLAN-ID contains all the ports assigned to the static multicast address (an umbrella VLAN), it will function for all those ports with no problems. This can be achieved with overlapping VLANs.

Bridging – Multicast Addresses Continued...

After adding a Multicast Group Address, it will appear on the main list and will show the associated ports that go along with that address.

Display Static Multicast Group Addresses						
	Static Multicast Group Address Filters					
	Multicast Address	Port List	VLAN ID			
	01:07:af:00:00:00	T1, T2	1			
Number of Static Multicast Group Addresses: 1 Add Remove Refresh						

Following the Remove button on the example above, the administrator will be presented with a list of Multicast Group Addresses that are configured on the switch. Using the pull-down menu, the administrator should select the desired address to be removed. Then click on the Remove button at the bottom of the page.

Remove Multicast Group Address Filter					
	Mac Address	01:07:af:00:00:00 🗸			
Number of Static Multicast Group Addresses: 1					
Remove					

Note: If there are multiple ports on different VLANs, the N-Tron switch will apply the static multicast address to the lowest VLAN-ID that is associated with one of the ports assigned to the static multicast address. So if the lowest VLAN-ID contains all the ports assigned to the static multicast address (an umbrella VLAN), it will function for all those ports with no problems. This can be achieved with overlapping VLANs.

Bridging – Show MAC by Port

This feature shows the MAC addresses of devices connected to each switch port and the IP Addresses associated with the MACs. The browser page 'View MAC by Port' shows the MAC for the device found on each port, and the IP for the MAC presented if available. If more than one device is on that port, then the lowest alphanumeric of those MAC addresses is shown and underlined.

View MAC By Port				
MACs By Port				
Port Port No Name	MAC Address	IP	Manual Entry	
01 T1	00:07:af:fe:c3:c0	192.168.2.201		
02 T2				
03 T3				
04 T4	00:07:af:fb:a2:40		Assign IP	
05 GB1				
06 GB2				

The 'Active IP Probe' field is configurable using the 'Modify' button, and also displays the existing Enabled or Disabled status of this feature. The default is disabled. When disabled the switch generates no Ethernet traffic for this purpose, but can still present some information gathered passively.

The 'IP' field shows an Auto-detected or manually entered IP address. If there is a MAC address for the port and an IP address was not discovered there is an 'Assign IP' button to allow the user to enter an IP address. If 'Active IP Probe' is enabled, manually entered IP values are underlined and validated. A validated IP for that MAC is presented in green and if validation fails the IP will be red and underlined. Note that some devices do not have an IP Address, and that some devices that do have an IP Address may not respond to the methods used to detect their IP Address.

Invoking the 'Assign IP' button on the example above, the administrator will be presented with a form in which to enter a manually assigned IP, as below:

Assign IP		
MAC Address	00:07:af:00:eb:51	
IP Address	192.168.1.	
Update Cancel		

When an IP has been manually entered a button is provided to 'Delete IP', and invoking it will allow the administrator to delete the manual association of an IP to that MAC.

RSTP – Configuration

The Configuration tab under the RSTP category will display the RSTP information for the first VLAN. Using the pull-down menu at the top of the page an administrator can choose which VLAN to configure RSTP on. Once the VLAN is selected, the administrator may configure the bridge by clicking on the 'Configuration' link in the middle of the page.

	RSTP Configuration View								
Root Pr	riority	y Designated Root Path Cost Port Max Age Hello Time Forward Delay							
3270	68	80:00	:00:07:af:fe:bd:c1	0	0	16	1	1	.3
	This Bridge <u>Configuration</u>								
	Hello Time (Sec)Forward Delay (Sec)Max Age (Sec)PriorityRSTP StatusTopology ChangeTopology Count								
	1		13	16	32768	Fast	False	0	
	Refresh								

RSTP – Configuration Continued...

The configuration screen for the VLAN that was previously selected will look like the example below. Here the administrator can make changes such as the Hello Time, Forward Delay, Max Age, Priority, and the Status of RSTP on that VLAN. The administrator or user can see the current RSTP status of the ports on that VLAN by clicking on the 'here' link to view RSTP Port Configuration at VLAN#.

RSTP Bridge Configuration For VLAN 1				
	VLAN	0001 - Default VLAN		
	Hello Time	1		
	Forward Delay	13		
	Max Age	16		
	Priority	32768 💌		
	Status	Fast 💌		
Click <u>here</u> to view the RSTP port Configuration at VLAN 1				
	Upd	late Cancel		

Note: It is recommended that RSTP rings consist of RSTP capable switches. Trunking must be disabled in order to use RSTP. Do not create redundant links unless either RSTP or N-Ring is enabled. RSTP on overlapping VLANs is not supported and the system will automatically disable RSTP on the VLAN that has overlapping ports.

RSTP – Configuration Continued...

Following the link for the view RSTP Port Configuration at VLAN#, the administrator or user can see the current RSTP status of the ports on that VLAN. This will show information such as the Path Cost and the Port State. If the switch sees a redundant path it will put the port with the highest Path Cost into Blocking mode where it will discard packets coming in on that port. In the example below, TX3 is a redundant port with port TX2, therefore TX2 is forwarding and TX3 is discarding.

	RSTP Configuration View For VLAN 1						1		
	Bridge Port Configuration								
Port No	Port Name	Port State	Path Cost	Priority	STP BPDU	Auto Edge	Admin Edge	Designated Bridge	Designated Port
<u>01</u>	T1	Disabled	20000	128	No	Enabled	Disabled	00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00	00:01
<u>02</u>	T2	Disabled	20000	128	No	Enabled	Disabled	00:00:00:00:00:00:00	00:02
<u>03</u>	T3	Disabled	20000	128	No	Enabled	Disabled	00:00:00:00:00:00:00	00:03
<u>04</u>	T4	Forwarding	200000	128	No	Enabled	Disabled	80:00:00:07:af:fb:a2:c1	00:04
<u>05</u>	GB1	Disabled	20000	128	No	Enabled	Disabled	00:00:00:00:00:00:00	00:05
<u>06</u>	GB2	Disabled	20000	128	No	Enabled	Disabled	00:00:00:00:00:00:00	00:06
	<< Back Refresh								

RSTP – Configuration Continued...

If the administrator selects one of the ports on the previous screen, he or she can change the Port's Path Cost, Priority, and the status of Admin Edge and Auto Edge.

RSTP Bridg	e Port Configuration				
VLA	AN 0001 - Default VLAN				
Port Nat	me T2				
Path Co	ost O				
Prior	ity 128 🕶				
Admin Ed	Ige Disabled 💌				
Auto Ed	Ige Enabled 💌				
[Update Cancel				

IGMP – Configuration

The Configuration tab under the IGMP category will display the IGMP basic configuration settings. By default, IGMP is enabled.

IGM	IGMP Configuration View			
	IGMP Status	Enabled		
	Query Mode	Auto		
	Router Mode	Auto		
	Remove Unused Groups	V		
	Manual Router Ports	(None)		
	N-Ring Router Ports	(None)		
	N-Link Router Port	(None)		
Modify Refresh				

Following the Modify button, the administrator will see a list of configurable fields for the IGMP configuration. Once these fields are filled in to meet the needs of the administrator's network, the changes may be updated by clicking the Update button at the bottom of the page.

IGMP Configuration			
IGMP Status	Enabled 👻		
Query Mode	Auto 👻		
Router Mode	Auto 👻		
Remove Unused Groups	Remove Unused Groups		
Manual Router Ports	T1 T2 T3 T4		
	GB1 GB2		
Select All Select None			
Update Cancel			

IGMP – Configuration, Continued...

IGMP Configuration		
IGMP Status	Enabled 💌	
Query Mode	Disabled Enabled	
Router Mode	Auto 👻	
Remove Unused Groups		
Manual Router Ports	T1 T2 T3 T4	
	GB1 GB2	
	Select All Select None	
Update Cancel		

The IGMP Status pull-down allows the user to enable or disable IGMP completely.

The Query Mode pull-down allows the user to set query mode for Automatic (the default), On (always), or Off (never):

IGMP Configuration		
IGMP Status	Enabled 🔻	
Query Mode	Auto 💌	
Router Mode	Off On •	
Remove Unused Groups	Auto	
Manual Router Ports	T1 T2 T3 T4	
	GB1 GB2	
Select All Select None		
Update Cancel		

IGMP – Configuration, Continued...

The Router Mode pull-down allows the user to choose router mode. 'Auto' allows for dynamically detected and manually set router ports. 'Manual' allows only for manually set router ports. 'None' allows no router ports.

IGMP Configuration			
IGMP Status	Enabled 👻		
Query Mode	Auto 👻		
Router Mode	Auto 💌		
Remove Unused Groups	None Manual		
Manual Router Ports	Auto T1 T2 T3 T4		
	GB1 GB2		
Select All Select None			
Update Cancel			

IGMP – Configuration, Continued...

If **Remove Unused Groups** is checked then unused IGMP Groups will be removed and traffic with those multicast addresses will be treated as normal multicast. If unchecked, then unused IGMP Groups are not removed and traffic with those multicast addresses will be limited. The default is checked. Note that IGMP Groups are not retained through a power cycle.

IGMP Configuration			
IGMP Status	Enabled 🔻		
Query Mode	Auto 👻		
Router Mode	Manual 👻		
Remove Unused Groups			
Manual Router Ports	☑ T1 □ T2 □ T3 □ T4		
	🗖 GB1 🔍 GB2		
Select All Select None			
Update Cancel			

The user can specify the manual router ports:

IGMP Configuration			
IGMP Status	Enabled 🔻		
Query Mode	Auto 👻		
Router Mode	Manual 👻		
Remove Unused Groups 🔽			
Manual Router Ports	▼T1 T2 T3 T4		
	🗖 GB1 🛛 GB2		
Select All Select None			
Update Cancel			

IGMP – Show Group and Show Router

The Show Groups tab under the IGMP category will display a list of IGMP groups based on the Group IP and the port number that it is associated with.

IGMP Group View			
Group IP	Port Name	VLAN ID	
239.255.255.250	T4	1	
239.255.255.253	T4	1	
224.0.1.60	T4	1	
	Refresh		

The Show Routers tab under the IGMP category will display a list of Auto-detected Router IPs and the port numbers that they are associated with.

Detect	ed Ro	uter
Router IP	Port Name	VLAN ID
192.168.2.201	T1	1
192.168.1.229	T4	1
192.168.2.224	T4	1
192.168.1.228	T4	1
192.168.1.215	T4	1
192.168.1.213	T4	1
192.168.1.100	T4	1
(Refresh	

IGMP – RFilter

The 'rfilter' (**Router Multicast Data Filter**) function allows you to choose whether or not DATA frames with KNOWN group multicast addresses are sent to the 'router' ports (links to other switches). Control packets (Join, Leave) will be sent to the router(s) regardless of this setting. "KNOWN" is known from dynamic IGMP Snooping operations.

The factory default is that the Router Multicast Data Filter is enabled for all ports, so any router ports do NOT get DATA frames with KNOWN multicast destination addresses unless a join to a specific multicast address has been received on that port. **Joins override an rfilter.**

If rfilter is disabled, router ports do get DATA frames with KNOWN multicast destination addresses

Rfilter can be set for individual ports: any, all, or none. For each port, rfilter will have an impact only if that port is manually or dynamically chosen as a router port.

Default configuration:

MP RFilter	Con	figu	ration View
Port No	Port Name	Rfilter State	
01	T1	Enabled	
02	T2	Enabled	
03	T3	Enabled	
04	T4	Enabled	
05	GB1	Enabled	
06	GB2	Enabled	
Мо	dify	Refresh	-

IGMP – RFilter, Continued...

Modifying rfilter port settings:

IGMP RFilter Configuration					
	Port No	Port Name	Rfilter Enabled?		
	01	T1			
	02	T2			
	03	T3			
	04	T4			
	05	GB1			
	06	GB2			
	Update Cancel				

N-View – Configuration

The Configuration tab under the N-View category will display two basic variables for N-View, the status and the interval between packets.

N-View Configuration View				
	N-View Status	Enabled		
	N-View Interval	5		
Modify Refresh				

Following the Modify button on the above example, the administrator can modify the variable to change the frequency with which N-View reports information. Increasing the interval will slow the update rate. Decreasing the interval will allow N-View to report more frequently. Additionally, you may Disable or Enable N-View altogether.

Modify N-View Configuration			
	N-View Status	Enabled 💌	
	N-View Interval	5	
Update Cancel			

N-View – Ports

The Ports tab under the N-View category will display a list of all the configured ports on the N-Tron switch unit along with the ports transmitting multicast packets and MIB stats respectively.

N-View Ports View			
Port Name	Multicast On Port?	Send MIB Stats?	
T1	YES	YES	
T2	YES	YES	
T3	YES	YES	
T4	YES	YES	
GB1	YES	YES	
GB2	YES	YES	
Modify Refresh			

N-View – Ports, Continued...

Following the Modify button on the above example, the administrator can modify these two variables to enable or disable multicast out of the port and if MIB stats are sent out for those ports.

Modify N-View Ports			
Port Name	Multicast On Port?	Send MIB Stats?	
T1			
T2			
T3			
T4			
GB1			
GB2			
Update Cancel			

N-Ring – Configuration

The Configuration tab under the N-Ring category will display the N-Ring basic configuration settings. By default, N-Ring is in Auto Member mode and the N-Ring Aging Time is 20 seconds.

N-Ring Configuration View		
N-Ring Mode Auto Member		
Aging Time 20		
* Switch is currently using Bridging Aging Time = 20 secs		
Modify Refresh		

Following the Modify button on the above example, the administrator will see a list of configurable fields for the N-Ring configuration, as below.

Modify N-Ring Configuration		
	N-Ring Mode	Auto Member 💌
	Aging Time	20
	Update	Cancel

The N-Ring Aging Time has a default of 20 seconds and is separate from the Bridging Aging Time. N-Ring Aging Time is used when the switch is an N-Ring Manager or becomes an active N-Ring Member, and in either case N-Ring status includes for example:

"Switch is currently using N-Ring Aging Time = 20 Seconds"

Once these fields are filled in to meet the needs of the administrator's network, the changes may be saved by clicking the Update button at the bottom of the page.

NOTES:

- 1. N-Ring Manager cannot have RSTP or Trunking enabled.
- 2. RSTP & N-Ring are different modes and cannot share links or segments along those lines. See the examples in the RSTP configuration section.
- 3. Do not use Trunking on an N-Ring manager. Do not connect the N-Ring to actively Trunking ports on an Auto Member.
- 4. Do not create redundant links unless either RSTP or N-Ring is enabled.
- 5. Any one 7506GX2 can only participate in one N-Ring.
- 6. N-Ring copper ports must be run at 100Mb full duplex, including the default 'autonegotiate' as long as all switches in the ring support 100Mb full duplex.

N-Ring – Configuration, Continued...

The "N-Ring Mode" is one of three, as below:

Modify N-Ring Configuration		
	N-Ring Mode	Auto Member 💌
		Disabled
	Aging Time	Auto Member Manager
Update Cancel		

If N-Ring Mode is "Manager", then a pull-down allows selection of available ports as N-Ring ports.

Modify N-Ring Configuration				
	N-Ring Mode	Manager 💌		
	A sing Time	20		
	Aging Time	20		
	N-Ring Ports	GB1/GB2 V		
	VLAN ID	T3/T4		
	Tagging	GB1/GB2 Tagged 💙		
Update Cancel				

N-Ring – Configuration, Continued...

If N-Ring Mode is "Manager", then VLAN ID can be set to a unique VLAN id (1 ~ 4094). Default is 3333.

If N-Ring Mode is "Manager", then a pull-down allows selection as to whether the N-Ring ports are members of the VLAN's Tagged or Untagged ports. Default is Tagged.

Modify N-Ring Configuration		
	N-Ring Mode	Manager 💌
	A sin a Time	20
	Aging Time	20 GB1/GB2 ¥
	N-Ring Ports VLAN ID	GB1/GB2 V
	Tagging	
	ragging	Tagged
	Update	Untagged

Once these fields are filled in to meet the needs of the administrator's network, the changes may be saved by clicking the Update button at the bottom of the page.

NOTES:

- 1. Since VLANs are implemented for security reasons as well as traffic flow, N-Ring only makes minimal changes. It is up to the administrator to ensure that VLANs are configured correctly on the N-Ring manager and all N-Ring members.
- 2. When the N-Ring manager and all N-Ring Members are in defaults, changing the N-Ring manager to use a Tagged VLAN requires no user interaction to allow non-ring traffic to pass through the ring. This works because changing to a Tagged VLAN does not remove the ring ports from the default VLAN.
- 3. When the N-Ring manager and all N-Ring Members are in defaults, changing the N-Ring manager to use an Untagged VLAN other than VID 1, requires the administrator to add non-ring ports to the N-Ring VLAN to allow non-ring traffic to pass through the ring. This occurs because the N-Ring ports must be removed from VID 1 because an untagged port may only be a member of one VLAN.

N-Ring – Advanced Configuration

If switch is an N-Ring Member, the following data will be shown:

N-Ring Mode

Current N-Ring mode of switch.

Keep-Alive Timeout:

Keep-Alive timeout is used when switch is active in an N-Ring. The range is 5-1000000 seconds.

N-Ring Adva	anced	Configu	ration View
	N-Ring Mode	Auto Member	
	Keep-Alive Tir	neout (Secs) 31	
	Modify	Refresh	



If switch is an N-Ring Manager, the following advanced configuration data will be shown:

N-Ring Mode

Current N-Ring mode of switch.

Self Health Packet Interval:

The amount of time to wait in milliseconds before sending Self-Health packets. The default is 10.

Maximum Missed Packets

The number of missed Self-Health packets that constitute a fault. The default is 2.

Sign-On Delay

The amount of time to wait in milliseconds before requesting initial sign-on information from ring members. The default is 1000.

Sign-On Match Packets

The number of times the switch count must match before starting the sign-on process. The default is 3.

Sign-On Interval

The interval of time to wait in milliseconds before requesting subsequent sign-on information from ring members when the ring is broken. The default is 3000.

Sign-On Info Spacing Multiplier

The amount of time to wait in milliseconds, scaled by switch number, before sending information to the ring manager. The default is 5.

Sign-On Info Retry Timeout

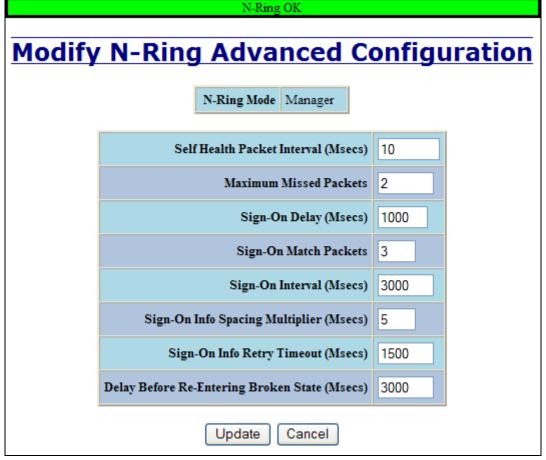
The amount of time the ring member will wait in milliseconds for the ring manager to acknowledge receipt of the member's information before the member tries to re-send the information. The default is 1500.

Delay Before Re-Entering Broken State

The amount of time, in milliseconds, that must elapse before the ring is allowed to go back into the broken state. The default is 3000.

N-Ring – Advanced Configuration, Continued...





N-Ring – Status

The Status tab under the N-Ring category will display the N-Ring status.

Below is an example of N-Ring Status from a switch in defaults (N-Ring Auto Member) that is not an N-Ring Manager and has not become an "Active" N-Ring Member:



Below is an example of N-Ring Status from an "Active" N-Ring Member:

N-Rii	N-Ring Status View		
N-I	Ring Mode	Auto Memi	ber
Swit	ch is an N	I-Ring Me	mber
Ν	-Ring Mana	-	ss
	00:07:af	ff:af:00	
	Active N-F	Ring Ports	
	TX1	TX2	
* Switch is curre	ently using N	N-Ring Agir	ng Time = 20 secs

N-Ring – Status, Continued...

Below is an example of N-Ring Status from an N-Ring Manager with a healthy N-Ring:

	N-Ring OK						
		<u>N-RII</u>	ng Sta	tus Vi	ew		
S	witch is a	n N-Ring Man	ager, using	N-Ring Aging	g Time = 20 S	econo	ls
Re	efresh eve	ery 6 s	ecs. Up	date F	Pause	Print	
		ve Members D					1
		MAC Address		Subnet Mask	Name	Ports TX2	
	RM	00:07:af:ff:8a:80	192.168.1.108	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX1	
	1	00:07:af:ff:c9:20	192.168.1.245	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1	
	2	00:07:af:ff:c8:80	192.168.1.226	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1	
	3	00:07:af:ff:8a:60	192.168.1.104	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1	
	4	00:07:af:ff:b8:00	192.168.1.225	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1	
	5	00:07:af:ff:8a:c0	192.168.1.101	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1	
	6	00:07:af:ff:af:20	192.168.1.235	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1	
	7	00:07:af:ff:8a:e0	192.168.1.100	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1	
	8	00:07:af:ff:8a:00	192.168.1.105	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1	
	9	00:07:af:ff:8f:e0	192.168.1.239	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1	
	10	00:07:af:ff:8c:00	192.168.1.126	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1	
	11	00:07:af:ff:8a:20	192.168.1.102	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1	
	12	00:07:af:ff:c8:60	192.168.1.249	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1	
	13	00:07:af:ff:8b:00	192.168.1.110	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1	
	14	00:07:af:ff:8e:60	192.168.1.127	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1	

N-Ring – Status, Continued...

Below is an example of N-Ring Status from an N-Ring Manager with a faulted N-Ring. The red fields on the N-Ring Map show problems. Ports that are red indicate that the port is not linked. MAC addresses that are red indicate that there is no communication to that switch. The red "Ring Broken" line shows where the N-Ring is broken.

	N-Ring Fault						
	N-Ring Status View						
			-				
S	witch is a	n N-Ring Man	ager, using	N-Ring Aging) Time = 20 S	econo	ls
Re	efresh eve	erv 6 s	ecs. Up	date F	Pause	Print	
		,					,
Th		mber of Activ tch order may be	-			eportir	ng)
			IP Address	Subnet Mask	Name	Ports	
	RM	00:07:af:ff:8a:c0	192.168.1.101	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	FX2	
		00.07.070.070	102 1/0 1 2/0	255 255 255 0	N.T. 0.5.1	FX1 FX2	
	1	00:07:af:ff:c8:60	192.168.1.249	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	FX1	
	2	00:07:af:ff:c9:20	192.168.1.245	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	FX2 FX1	
	3	00:07:af:ff:8a:80	192.168.1.108	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	FX2 FX1	
	4	00:07:af:ff:6d:00	192.168.1.211	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	FX2 FX1	
	5	00:07:af:ff:75:80	192.168.1.207	255,255,255,0	N-Tron Switch	FX2	
	2					FX1 FX2	
	6	00:07:af:ff:75:60	192.168.1.205	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	FX1	
	7	00:07:af:ff:75:e0	192.168.1.203	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	FX2 FX1	
	8	00:07:af:ff:76:00	192.168.1.234	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	FX2 FX1	
			Ring Bro	ken ~~~~			
	9	00:07:af:ff:6c:e0	192.168.1.210	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	FX2 FX1	
	10	00:07:af:ff:75:c0	192.168.1.237	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	FX2 FX1	
	11	00:07:af:ff:75:a0	192.168.1.206	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	FX2	
	12	00:07:af:ff:c8:80	192.168.1.213	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	FX1 FX2	
						FX1 FX2	
	13	00:07:af:ff:8f:c0	192.168.1.246	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	FX1	
	14	00:07:af:ff:8a:20	192.168.1.102	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	FX2 FX1	

N-Ring – Status, Continued...

In rare cases an N-Ring can have a "Partial Fault". An example of this is to have a break in just one fiber in a duplex channel fiber pair. The screenshot below shows N-Ring Manager Status when a 'Higher' N-Ring Port (TX2, TX8/FX2, or GB2) is not receiving self health frames all the way around the N-Ring, though the other (low TX1, TX7/FX1, or GB1) N-Ring port is:

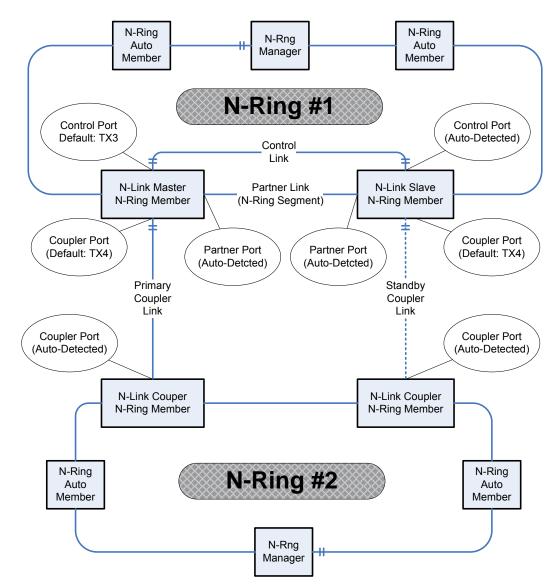
N-Ring Partial Fau	t (TX2 is not re	ceiving self hea	alth from TX1)	
<u>N-Ri</u>	ng Sta	tus Vi	ew	
	_			
Switch is an N-Ring Mar	ager, using	N-Ring Aging) Time = 20 S	econds
	<u></u>			
Refresh every 6	ecs. Up	date F	Pause	Print
1 Active Members [etected In	Current N-Ri	ng (1 reportir	ng)
Switch No MAC Address		a		
Switch No MAC Address	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Name	Ports
				TX2
RM <u>00:07:af:ff:af:00</u>	192.168.1.238	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1
RM <u>00:07:af:ff:af:00</u>	192.168.1.238	255.255.255.0		TX2

The screenshot below shows N-Ring Manager Status when a 'Lower' N-Ring Port (TX1, TX7/FX1, or GB1) is not receiving self health frames all the way around the N-Ring, though the other (high TX2, TX8/FX2, or GB2) N-Ring port is:

	N-1	Ring Partial Fault	t (TX1 is not re	ceiving self hea	alth from TX2)	
	N-Ring Partial Fault (TX1 is not receiving self health from TX2) N-Ring Status View N-Ring Status View					
s	witch is a	n N-Ring Man	ager, using	N-Ring Aging	g Time = 20 S	econds
Re	Refresh every 6 secs. Update Pause Print					
	1 Active Members Detected In Current N-Ring (1 reporting)					
	Switch No	MAC Address	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Name	Ports
	RM	00:07:af:ff:af:00	192.168.1.238	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX2 TX1
	1	00:07:af:ff:ae:e0	192.168.1.228	255.255.255.0	N-Tron Switch	TX1 TX2

N-Link – Configuration

The purpose of N-Link is to provide a way to redundantly couple an N-Ring topology to one or more other topologies, usually other N-Ring topologies. Each N-Link configuration requires 4 switches: N-Link Master, N-Link Slave, N-Link Primary Coupler, and N-Link Standby Coupler.

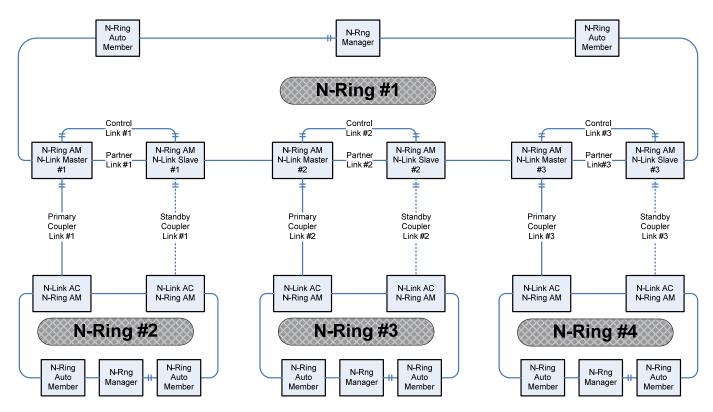


Standard N-Link Configuration (Example):

For convenience, a diagram similar to the above is provided in the switch's browser help for N-Link.

N-Link – Configuration, Continued...





Configuration Notes:

- The Master and Slave must be part of the N-Ring topology.
- If using default configuration choices, the administrator only needs to configure the N-Link Master. The N-Link Slave and both Coupler switches will auto-detect any needed configuration.
- If not using default configuration choices, the administrator may also need to configure the Default Coupler port on the N-Link Slave.
- There must be a direct link between the Master and Slave Control ports. Use of media converters or other switches is not supported.
- There must be a direct link between the Master and Slave Partner ports. Use of media converters or other switches is not supported.
- There must be at least one other switch, besides the Master and Slave, that supports N-Link on the N-Ring. If there are multiple Master/Slave devices on the same N-Ring, then there must be one N-Link aware, but non-participant, between each Master/Slave pair on the N-Ring.
- N-Link will only support a single point of failure. Multiple points of failure and misconfiguration are not supported and may cause a network storm under some circumstances.

Configuration Steps to redundantly couple 2 N-Ring networks:

- 1. Ensure the Coupler and Control cables are disconnected at this point.
- 2. Get Both N-Rings working with a status of OK.
- 3. Configure N-Link Slave: Ensure that the N-Link Slave is set to Auto Configure and select a Default Coupler Port. Save Configuration.
- 4. Configure N-Link Master: Select the Control and Coupler ports. Save the Configuration.
- 5. Connect the Control Link cable. Ensure that the Slave switch status now shows a state of "Slave"
- 6. Connect the Coupler Link cables.
- 7. Check N-Link status by selecting the N-Link Status View page.

N-Link – Configuration, Continued...

The Configuration tab under the N-Link category will display the configuration settings. By default, N-Link is in Auto Configure mode and will use T4 as the Default Coupler port.

N-Link	Confi	guratio	n View
[N-Link Mode	Auto Configure	
	Default Co	upler Port T4	
	Modify	Refresh	

Following the Modify button on the above example, the administrator will see a list of configurable fields for the N-Link configuration, as below.

Modify N-Link Configuration		
	N-Link Mode	Auto Configure 💌
	Default Coup	ler Port T4 💌
	Updat	e Cancel

The port configured as the Default Coupler Port will be used as the Standby Coupler port if the switch detects an N-Link Master and becomes an N-Link Slave.

Once these fields are filled in to meet the needs of the administrator's network, the changes may be saved by clicking the Update button at the bottom of the page.

N-Link – Configuration, Continued...

The "N-Link Mode" is one of two choices, as below:

Modify N-Link Configuration		
N-	Link Mode	Auto Configure Auto Configure Master
I	Default Coup	ler Port T4 💌
	Update	Cancel

If N-Link mode is "Master", then the administrator must configure the Control Port (default: T3) and the Primary Coupler Port (default: T4).

Modify N-Link Configuration					
	N-Link Mode	Master		~	
					_
	Con	trol Port	Т3	~	
	Primary Coup	oler Port	T4	~	
Update Cancel					

Once these fields are filled in to meet the needs of the administrator's network, the changes may be saved by clicking the Update button at the bottom of the page.

N-Link – Status

The Status tab under the N-Link category will display the N-Link status.

State:	Current N-Link mode of switch.
Control Port:	The port being used to convey control information. There must be a direct link between the Master and Slave Control ports. Use of media converters or other switches is not supported.
Partner Port:	The port being used for normal communication between the N-Link Master and N-Link Slave switch. There must be a direct link between the Master and Slave Partner ports. Use of media converters or other switches is not supported. This port will be detected automatically.
Coupler Port:	The port being used to establish a redundant path for ethernet data transmission.
Coupler Port State:	Blocking, Forwarding.
Status:	No errors will show "OK", otherwise a description of the Faults detected.

If the switch is an N-Link Master or Slave, the following switch status and partner status information will be shown. Fields with a red background designate a fault condition.

N-Link Partner Information

State:	Current N-Link mode of switch.
MAC:	The MAC Address of the N-Link Partner switch.
Coupler Port State:	Blocking, Forwarding.
Status:	No errors will show "OK", otherwise a description of the Faults detected.

If switch is an N-Link Auto Configure and not a Slave, the Coupler port, if known, will be shown.

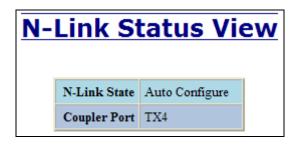
N-Link State:	Current N-Link mode of switch.
Coupler Port:	The port used to establish a redundant path for Ethernet data
	transmission. This port will be detected automatically.

Below is an example of N-Link Status from a switch in defaults (N-Link Auto Configure) that is not an N-Link Master and has not become an N-Link Slave or an N-Link Coupler:

N-Link Status View				
	N-Link State	Auto Configure		
	Coupler Port	(None)		

N-Link – Status, Continued...

Below is an example of N-Link Status from an N-Link Coupler switch:



Below is an example of N-Link Status from an N-Link Master switch:

N	N-Link Status View				
	Stat	e	Master		
	Control Por	rt	TX3		
	Partner Por	Partner Port			
	Coupler Por	Coupler Port			
	Coupler Port Stat	Coupler Port State			
	Status		OK		
	N-Link Partner Information				
	State	Slave			
	MAC	C 00:07:af:fe:af:c0			
	Coupler Port State Blocking				
	Status OK				

N-Link – Status, Continued...

Below is an example of N-Link Status from an N-Link Slave switch:

N	N-Link Status View				
		St	ate	Slave	
		Control P	ort	TX3	
		Partner Port		TX2	
		Coupler P	ort	TX4	
		Coupler Port St	ate	Blocking	
		Status		OK.	
		N-Link Partne	r Inf	ormation	
		State	State Master		
		MAC	MAC 00:07:af:fe:c4:40		0
	Co	oupler Port State	e Forwarding		
	Status OK				

Below is an example of N-Link Status from an N-Link Master and Slave where the Primary Coupler link is broken:

N-Link Status View

State	Master
Control Port	TX3
Partner Port	TX1
Coupler Port	TX4
Coupler Port State	Blocking
Status	Redundancy lost. Primary Coupler failure.

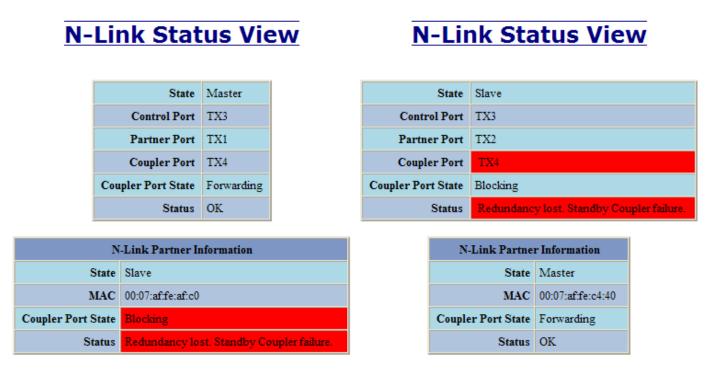
N-Link Partner Information			
State Slave			
MAC 00:07:af:fe:af:c0			
Coupler Port State Forwarding			
Status OK			

N-Link Status View

State	Slave
Control Port	TX3
Partner Port	TX2
Coupler Port	TX4
Coupler Port State	Forwarding
Status	OK.

N-Link Partner Information			
State	State Master		
MAC	00:07:af:fe:c4:40		
Coupler Port State	Blocking		
Status Redundancy lost. Primary Coupler failure.			

Below is an example of N-Link Status from an N-Link Master and Slave where the Standby Coupler link is broken:

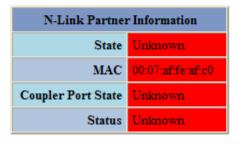


Below is an example of N-Link Status from an N-Link Master and Slave where the Control link is broken:

N-Link Status View

N-Link Status View

State	Master
Control Port	TX3
Partner Port	TX1
Coupler Port	TX4
Coupler Port State	Forwarding
Status	Redundancy lost. Control failure.



State	Slave
Control Port	TX3
Partner Port	TX2
Coupler Port	TX4
Coupler Port State	Blocking
Status	Redundancy lost. Control failure.

N-Link Partner Information		
State Unknown		
MAC 00:07:affe:c4:40		
Coupler Port State Unknown		
Status Unknown		

N-Link – Status, Continued...

Below is an example of N-Link Status from an N-Link Master and Slave where the Partner link is broken:

N-Link Status View N-Link Status View

Slave TX3

(None) TX4

Blocking

Partner port is not know.

Partner port is not know.

State	Master	State
Control Port	TX3	Control Port
Partner Port	(None)	Partner Port
Coupler Port	TX4	Coupler Port
Coupler Port State	Forwarding	Coupler Port State
Status	Partner port is not know.	Status

N-Link Partner Information		N-Link Partner Informati	
State	Slave	State	Master
MAC	00:07:af:fe:af:c0	MAC	00:07:af:fe:c4:40
Coupler Port State	Blocking	Coupler Port State	Forwarding
Status	Partner port is not know.	Status	Partner port is not

CIP - Configuration

The Configuration tab under the CIP category will display basic variables for CIP, and the status:

Cip Status:

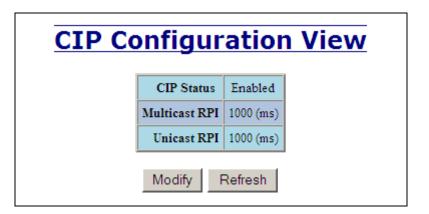
Enables or Disables CIP on the Switch. Default: Enabled.

Multicast RPI:

The minimum Requested Packet Interval for Class 1 (multicast) connections, in milliseconds. Requests for less than this value will be rejected. Default = 1 second.

Unicast RPI:

The minimum Requested Packet Interval for Class 3 (unicast) connections, in milliseconds. Requests for less than this value will be rejected. Default = 1 second.



Following the Modify button on the above example, the administrator can modify the variables. Additionally, you may Disable or Enable CIP altogether.

Modify CIP Configuration			
	CIP Status	Enabled 💌	
	Multicast RPI	1000 (ms)	
	Unicast RPI	1000 (ms)	
Update Cancel			

CIP – Status

The Status tab under the CIP category will display the CIP status.

The following switch status and partner status information will be shown:

Identity Information:

Product Name:	Switch Model Number.	
Vendor:	This is N-Tron's ODVA Ethernet/IP Vendor ID (1006).	
Device Type:	The ODVA Device Type is Communications Adapter (= $0x0C$ hex).	
Major Revision:	The Major Revision of the CIP implementation.	
Minor Revision:	The Minor Revision of the CIP implementation.	
Serial Number (hex):	nber (hex): CIP Serial number, unique across all N-Tron CIP devices. This is the	
	last 4 octets of the base switch MAC.	

Connection Information:

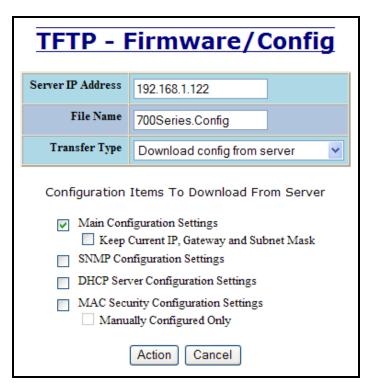
Number of Multicast Connections:	Current number of CIP Ethernet/IP class 1 (multicast) connections.
Number of Unicast Connections:	Current number of CIP Ethernet/IP class 3 (unicast) connections.

CIP Status View		
CIP S	CIP Status Enabled	
Identity Information		
Product Name	N-TRON 7506GX2	
Vendor	1006 (N-TRON)	
Device Type	0x0C (hex) (Communications Adapter)	
Major Revision	1	
Minor Revision	1	
Serial Number	0xAFFBA2C0 (hex)	
Connection Information		
Number of M	Number of Multicast Connections 0	
Number of Unicast Connections 0		
Refresh		

Firmware/Config – TFTP

The TFTP tab under the Firmware/Config category gives the administrator the ability to upload or download a config file for a N-Tron Fully managed switch. This allows administrators to backup their configurations to a server offsite in case they need to reload their custom configurations at a later time. It is important not to cycle power on the switch or interrupt the data connection between the TFTP server and the switch while you are uploading/downloading a config file. The switch will not stop working if this does occur, but the administrator will have to retransfer the file. This dialog allows for selection of configuration items to save, and of configurations items to download, if available in the configuration file.

TFTP - Firmware/Config		
Server IP Address	192.168.1.122	
File Name	700Series.Config	
Transfer Type	Upload saved config to server	
Configuration Items To Upload To Server Main Configuration Settings SNMP Configuration Settings DHCP Server Configuration Settings MAC Security Configuration Settings Manually Configured Only		



Firmware/Config – TFTP, Continued...

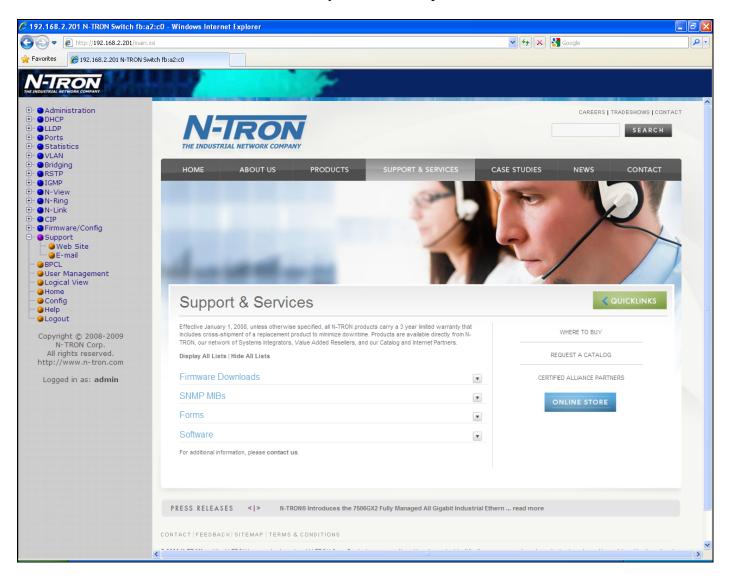
Administrators can also download an Image or Boot Image file to the switch via TFTP. This allows for upgrades of Firmware on the switch in the field, and without having to send the switch back to N-Tron for future updates. It is important not to cycle power on the switch or interrupt the data connection between the TFTP server and the switch that you are flashing the firmware to.

TFTP - Firmware/Config		
Server IP Address	192.168.1.120	
File Name	700Series.Image	
Transfer Type	Download image from server	
	Action Cancel	

TFTP - Firmware/Config		
Server IP Address	192.168.1.120	
File Name	700Series.BootImage	
Transfer Type	Download boot image from server 💌	
Action Cancel		

Support – Web Site and E-mail

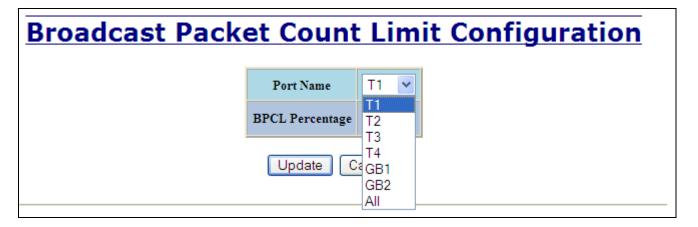
If at any point in time you get confused or would like additional support directly from N-Tron, you may visit N-Tron's web site, or e-mail N-Tron directly with the links provided for more information.



BPCL – Broadcast Packet Count Limit Configuration

The BPCL link will display all the ports that are installed in the N-Tron switch unit and will list the BPCL Percentage for each port. BPCL defaults to 1%. A Modify button is provided to change these fields.

Following the Modify button on the above example, the administrator can modify the BPCL Percentage for each and every port.



User Management – Adding Users

The User Management link will display a list of all the users who have access to the management features of the switch and their access permissions.

Authorized Users									
	No.	User Name	Access Permission						
	<u>01</u>	admin	admin						
Ad	Add Remove Refresh								

Following the Add button on the above example, the administrator can add another user and assign the user a username, a password, and the user's permissions (user/administrator).

Add New User							
User Name User							
Password	Password •••••						
Access Permission User V							
Add Cancel							

A page should display after the administrator clicks the Add button indicating that the user was successfully added.

Authorized Users							
	No.	User Name	Access Permission				
	<u>01</u>	admin	admin				
	<u>02</u>	user	user				
Ad	d	Remov	e Refres	sh			

User Management – Removing Users

In order to remove a user, simply click on the Remove button at the bottom of the page.

Au	Authorized Users							
	No.	User Name	Access Permission					
	<u>01</u>	admin	admin					
	<u>02</u>	user	user					
Ad	Add Remove Refresh							

Following the Remove button on the above example, the administrator can remove a user by entering in the user's name and clicking the Remove button.

Ren	nove An Existing User
	User Name user
	Remove Cancel

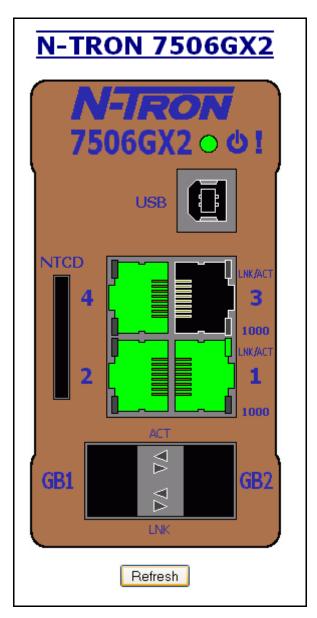
A page should follow indicating that the user was successfully removed from the list.

Au	Authorized Users								
	No.	User Name	Access Permission						
	<u>01</u>	admin	admin						
Ad	Add Remove Refresh								

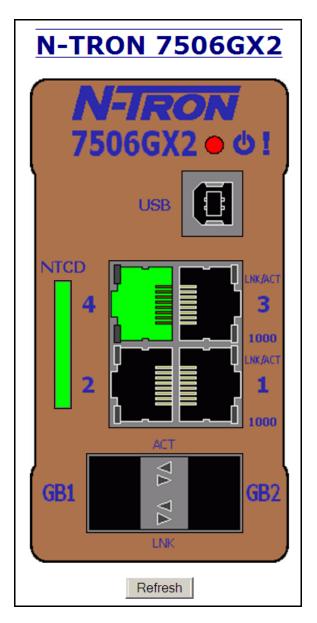
Note: There are a maximum number of 5 users per switch. User permissions have the right to view switch configurations and to view current port settings, but cannot make any changes to these settings. Admin permissions have the right to change and view any switch configuration and to change and view any current port settings.

Logical View

The N-Tron switch Web Management offers a logical view of the switch. Here a user or administrator can see a graphical depiction of the N-Tron switch. Ports that are linked will appear in green, while ports that are not linked will appear in black. The example below shows an N-Tron switch with ports 1 and 4 linked. The other ports are currently in the down state (not being used). The Configuration Device is not installed.



In the logical view below, the Configuration Device is installed, as indicated by the green color.



Configuration – Save or Reset

The Configuration section of web management gives an administrator the ability to save a running configuration into memory. This step is needed in order for the switch to remember any changes after a power cycle.

The "Save" button will save all current changes to the configuration for use after the next power cycle. Note: The current configuration will also be saved to the NTCD Configuration Device when installed.

The "Reset" button will discard all unsaved changes, reset the switch and load the most recently saved configuration settings. Note: Upon restart, if a configuration device (NTCD) is installed, the switch will load the configured settings from it and save them into memory.

The "Factory" button will reload N-Tron's factory default configuration settings. Doing so will reconfigure the 7506GX2 switch to factory defaults. In many cases it is desirable to restore factory defaults but retain certain settings. Checkboxes are provided to select the desired behavior. **Note: The factory default configuration settings will also be saved to the configuration device (NTCD) when installed.**

Configuration Save Or Reset
Configuration device is connected.
Click "Save" button to save changes to the configuration.
Save
Click "Reset" button to reset the switch and load the most recently saved configuration.
Click "Factory" button to reset switch to factory defaults.
Keep current IP address, subnet mask, and gateway.
Keep current user names and passwords.
 Keep currently stored SNMP settings.
 Keep currently stored DHCP Server settings.
Keep currently stored MAC Security settings.
Factory

Configuration Save Or Reset
Configuration device is not connected.
Click "Save" button to save changes to the configuration.
Save
Click "Reset" button to reset the switch and load the most recently saved configuration. Reset
 Click "Factory" button to reset switch to factory defaults. Keep current IP address, subnet mask, and gateway. Keep current user names and passwords. Keep currently stored SNMP settings. Keep currently stored DHCP Server settings. Keep currently stored MAC Security settings.

Help – Overview

92.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0 - Windows Interne	- cspiorer				_ 6		
🕑 🔻 🙋 http://192.168.1.229/main.ssi				💌 🐓 🗙 🔀 Google			
6 192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0							
I-TRON	1. 1. 1.						
DUSTRIAL NETWORK COMPANY							
Administration							
DHCP LLDP	Administration	DHCP	LLDP	Ports			
Ports	Statistics	VLAN	Bridging	RSTP			
Statistics	IGMP	N-View	N-Ring	N-Link			
● VLAN ● Bridging		Firmware/Config	BPCL	User Management			
RSTP		runware/coning	BICL	<u>Oser Management</u>			
IGMP	Other						
DN-View DN-Ring							
N-Link							
CIP							
Firmware/Config Support							
BPCL							
User Management		Over	viow				
Logical View		Over	VIEW				
●Home ●Config	This Help provides infon	mation on configuring and moni	toring the manageable naram	ters of the device. The			
9 Help		provided by N-TRON WebCon					
Logout	Surday to a	This American A					
Copyright © 2008-2009	Services to us	ser's requests: This function of requests remotel	the software is responsible for ly by using HTTP protocol.	or servicing the user			
N-TRON Corp.	Graphical R	epresentation: This function of	the software shows the graph	nical representation of the			
All rights reserved.		parameters of ea	ch port on the device.				
ittp://www.n-tron.com		Controls in	WebConsole				
Logged in as: admin	Button Field: A fiel	d that the user can press to perf					
Logged in do. ddinin	Radio Button: This field provides a list of choices for user to choose from.						
		d that displays strings. This is a					
		field provides a list with scrollin d to enter keyboard input.	g capability (a table).				
	Text Held, A hel	a to enter keyboard input.					
			WebConsole				
		button is useful to change the e nfiguration parameters for the re		l lead to the modification			
		button is useful to get the latest					
		button is useful to apply the new		-			
		button is useful to skip the conf		to the previous page.			

When the Help link is clicked on, you will see the Overview page that will have some basic definitions and more specific choices at the top of the screen. Although this page is not as detailed as the manual, it gives you a basic feel for different features the N-Tron switch offers.

Help – Administration

http://192.168.1.228/main.ssi			🔽 🛃 🗙 🛃 Goog	le		
🏉 192.168.1.228 N-TRON 🗙 🏼 🍎 19	92.168.1.229 N-TRON Swit					
		100				
ETWORK COMPANY		100 C				
inistration						
P	Administration	DHCP	LLDP	Ports		
S						
stics	Statistics	VLAN	Bridging	RSTP		
l l	IGMP	<u>N-View</u>	<u>N-Ring</u>	<u>N-Link</u>		
ing	CIP	Firmware/Config	BPCL	<u>User Management</u>		
	Other					
ew						
ng l						
nk						
ware/Config		Adminis	stration			
	Autimistration					
Veb Site	Administration group is d	ivided into three categories:				
Veb Site mail	Administration group is d	ivided into three categories: 1. System 2. S	SNMP 3. Fault			
Veb Site E-mail L	Administration group is d	1. System 2. S				
Veb Site mail L Management cal View		1. System 2. S <u>Syst</u>	tem	net Mask, and Gateway		
/eb Site -mail - Management cal View e		1. System 2. S Syst m: Determines the method use address. When Static is selv	<u>tem</u> d to obt <i>ain an</i> IP address, Sub ected, the statically configure	d values are used. When		
Veb Site Fmail L Management cal View Ie fig	IP Configuration	1. System 2. S Syst on: Determines the method use address. When Static is sel DHCP is selected, DHCP pr	tem d to obtain an IP address, Sub ected, the statically configure rotocols are used to obtain the	d values are used. When se values.		
/eb Site -mail Management cal View e ig	IP Configuration	1. System 2. S Syst on: Determines the method use address. When Static is sel DHCP is selected, DHCP pr D: This option is used by DHC	tem d to obtain an IP address, Sub ected, the statically configure, otocols are used to obtain the CP clients to specify their uniq	d values are used. When se values. ue identifier. DHCP		
Veb Site :-mail L r Management cal View ie fig	IP Configuration	1. System 2. S <u>Syst</u> address. When Static is sel DHCP is selected, DHCP pr ID: This option is used by DHC servers use this value to inc	tem d to obtain an IP address, Sub ected, the statically configure otocols are used to obtain the CP clients to specify their uniq dex their database of address l	d values are used. When se values. ue identifier. DHCP bindings. This value is		
Veb Site mail L - Management cal View le fig put	IP Configuration	1. System 2. S System Determines the method use address. When Static is sele DHCP is selected, DHCP pr This option is used by DHC servers use this value to ind expected to be unique for al	tem d to obtain an IP address, Sub ected, the statically configure, otocols are used to obtain the CP clients to specify their uniq	d values are used. When se values. ue identifier. DHCP bindings. This value is lomain. The identifier may		
/eb Site -mail Management cal View e ig jut ght © 2008-2009 -TRON Corp.	IP Configuration	1. System 2. S System Determines the method use address. When Static is sele DHCP is selected, DHCP pr This option is used by DHC servers use this value to ind expected to be unique for al	tem d to obtain an IP address, Sub ected, the statically configure, otocols are used to obtain the CP clients to specify their uniq dex their database of address I Il clients in an administrative d h name, or entered as a text st	d values are used. When se values. ue identifier. DHCP bindings. This value is lomain. The identifier may		
/eb Site -mail - cal View e fig put ght © 2008-2009 - TRON Corp. ghts reserved.	IP Configuration	1. System 2. S Syst Syst Determines the method use address. When Static is sel DHCP is selected, DHCP pr D: This option is used by DHC servers use this value to im expected to be unique for al be the MAC address, switci (Only shown in DHCP Mod ss: Contains the current IP Add	tem d to obtain an IP address, Sub ected, the statically configure, otocols are used to obtain the CP clients to specify their uniq dex their database of address 1 ll clients in an administrative of h name, or entered as a text st le) dress of the device.	d values are used. When se values. ue identifier. DHCP bindings. This value is lomain. The identifier may		
Veb Site mail L r Management cal View re fig b b put ght © 2008-2009 TRON Corp. ights reserved.	IP Configuration Client I IP Addree Subnet Mass	1. System 2. S Syst Syst	tem d to obtain an IP address, Sub ected, the statically configure, otocols are used to obtain the CP clients to specify their uniq dex their database of address 1 Il clients in an administrative d h name, or entered as a text st le) dress of the device. tt Mask of the device.	d values are used. When se values. ue identifier. DHCP bindings. This value is lomain. The identifier may		
port Veb Site =-mail L r Management ical View ne fig o out ght © 2008-2009 -TRON Corp. ights reserved. /www.n-tron.com ed in as: admin	IP Configuration Client I IP Addre Subnet Mas Gatew	1. System 2. S Syst Syst	tem d to obtain an IP address, Sub ected, the statically configure, otocols are used to obtain the CP clients to specify their uniq dex their database of address b ll clients in an administrative d h name, or entered as a text st le) dress of the device. et Mask of the device. ay of the device.	d values are used. When se values. ue identifier. DHCP bindings. This value is lomain. The identifier may ring or hex characters.		
Veb Site mail L r Management cal View re fig but ght © 2008-2009 -TRON Corp. ights reserved. //www.n-tron.com	IP Configuration Client I IP Addre Subnet Mas Gatew	1. System 2. S Syst Syst	tem d to obtain an IP address, Sub ected, the statically configure, otocols are used to obtain the CP clients to specify their uniq dex their database of address b ll clients in an administrative d h name, or entered as a text st le) dress of the device. et Mask of the device. ay of the device.	d values are used. When se values. ue identifier. DHCP bindings. This value is lomain. The identifier may ring or hex characters.		
Veb Site mail L r Management ical View ne fig o out ght © 2008-2009 TRON Corp. ights reserved. /www.n-tron.com	IP Configuration Client I IP Addree Subnet Mas Gatew Fallback IP Addree	1. System 2. S <u>System</u> an: Determines the method use address. When Static is sele DHCP is selected, DHCP pr This option is used by DHC servers use this value to im expected to be unique for al be the MAC address, switch volume to the MAC address, switch servers the current IP Ado sk: Contains the current Subne ay: Contains the current Gatew ss: Contains the configured Fal	tem d to obtain an IP address, Sub ected, the statically configure otocols are used to obtain the CP clients to specify their uniq dex their database of address II clients in an administrative of h name, or entered as a text st le) dress of the device. at Mask of the device. ay of the device. Ilback IP Address of the device	d values are used. When se values. ue identifier. DHCP bindings. This value is lomain. The identifier may ring or hex characters.		
/eb Site -mail Management cal View e ig put put pht © 2008-2009 -TRON Corp. ghts reserved. www.n-tron.com	IP Configuration Client I IP Addre Subnet Mas Gatew Fallback IP Addre Fallback Subnet Mas	1. System 2. S System System	tem d to obtain an IP address, Sub ected, the statically configure, otocols are used to obtain the CP clients to specify their uniq dex their database of address I II clients in an administrative d h name, or entered as a text st le) dress of the device. et Mask of the device. ay of the device. Illback IP Address of the device Ilback Subnet Mask of the device	d values are used. When se values. ue identifier. DHCP bindings. This value is lomain. The identifier may ring or hex characters. e. (Only shown in DHCP vice. (Only shown in		
/eb Site -mail Management cal View e fig put put pht © 2008-2009 -TRON Corp. ghts reserved. www.n-tron.com	IP Configuration Client I IP Addree Subnet Mas Gatew Fallback IP Addree Fallback Subnet Mas Fallback Gatew	1. System 2. S System Determines the method use address. When Static is sel DHCP is selected, DHCP pr This option is used by DHC servers use this value to im expected to be unique for al be the MAC address, switci (Only shown in DHCP Mod ss: Contains the current IP Ad sk: Contains the current Gatew ss: Contains the configured Fal Mode) sk: Contains the configured Fal DHCP Mode) ay: Contains the configured Fal DHCP Mode)	tem d to obtain an IP address, Sub ected, the statically configure, otocols are used to obtain the CP clients to specify their uniq dex their database of address I II clients in an administrative d h name, or entered as a text st le) dress of the device. it Mask of the device. ay of the device. Ilback IP Address of the device Ilback Subnet Mask of the device.	d values are used. When se values. ue identifier. DHCP bindings. This value is lomain. The identifier may ring or hex characters. e. (Only shown in DHCP vice. (Only shown in		

Following the Administration link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options in the Administration category on the left side of the web management.

Help – DHCP

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6 192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0							
FRON							
NDUSTRIAL NETWORK COMPANY							
Administration							
DHCP LLDP	Administration	DHCP	LLDP	Ports			
Ports	Statistics	VLAN	Bridging	RSTP			
Statistics	IGMP	N-View	N-Ring	N-Link			
VLAN Didding							
Bridging RSTP	CIP	Firmware/Config	BPCL	User Management			
● IGMP	Other						
N-View					·		
N-Ring N-Link		DH	ICP				
CIP							
Firmware/Config	DHCP group is divided in	to two categories:					
Support			Relay Agent				
BPCL User Management		Courses Co	tup Profiles				
Logical View	Server Fnahl	ed: Indicates whether the DHC	•	is Disabled			
9 Home		st: Indicates whether the DHC					
Config			st and relay agent requests ar				
Help Logout			roadcast requests. When dis	bled, the server will ignore			
Cogoat	broadcast requests. The default is Enabled.						
Copyright © 2008-2009	Delay Broadcast (M	Delay Broadcast (Ms): The amount of time (in milliseconds) that the DHCP server will delay the processing of a broadcast message. This setting is used when clients and relay agents are on					
N-TRON Corp.		the same subnet and/or VL	AN. A delay provides the opp	ortunity for relay agent			
All rights reserved. http://www.n-tron.com			ore client requests. This setting 1. The range is 0-2500 and the				
netp.// www.in clon.com	Samar	D: Descriptive name of the DE	•				
Logged in as: admin	Server	switch name.	ier server. The name must be	unque. The default is the			
		Network	Profiles				
		ns vital network configuration					
		P map. Also, a default network ther network profiles to default					
		all IP maps and bindings asso					
	Network Profile Name: Descriptive name of the network profile. The name must be unique and is required.						
	Address Pool Sta	rt: Starting IP address of a poo					
			1 be used in any combination ly be one address pool per su				
			ll range of addresses. For exa				
		range of 192.168.1.1 to 192.	168.1.254 will result in a subne				
		and a subnet mask of 255.2					
	Address Pool Er	id: Ending IP address of a pool car within the address pool car	l of addresses for the network 1 be used in any combination				
			ly be one address pool per su				
		recommended to use the fu	ll range of addresses. For exa	nple, an address pool			
		range of 192.168.1.1 to 192. and a subnet mask of 255.2	168.1.254 will result in a subne	t address of 192.168.1.0			
	Subnet Addres	and a subnet mask of 255.2 ss: The most restrictive subnet		riven address nool range			
	Sushet Autres	This field is read-only.	address calculated from the	,			
	Subnet Mar	k: The most restrictive subnet	and the sector data of the sector states and a	and a data and a second second			

Following the DHCP link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options under the DHCP categories on the left side of the web management.

Help – LLDP

192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0 - Windows Internet Explorer				🔻 🔄 🗙 🚼 Google	<u></u>
→ → E http://192.168.1.229/main.ssi				🔟 🦘 👗 🛐 Google	
6 192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0					
P- OAdministration					
	Administration	DHCP	LLDP	Ports	
P- Ports	Statistics	VLAN	Bridging	RSTP	
Statistics	IGMP	N-View	<u>N-Ring</u>	N-Link	-
E- ● VLAN E- ● Bridging	CIP	Firmware/Config	BPCL	User Management	-
RSTP		ranware coning	5102	<u>Oser Management</u>	-
□ OIGMP □ ON-View	Other				
D-ON-Ring					
- ON-Link	LLD	P - Link Layer	Discovery Prot	ocol	
E- ● CIP E- ● Firmware/Config	LLDD is divided into Associate				
Support	LLDP is divided into four ca	tegones: 1. Configuration 2. Port	s 3. Status 4. Statistics		
BPCL					
─		Config	uration		
- Home	Mode	Enables or Disables LLDP	on the Switch. Default: Disabl	led	
- Onfig			ich LLDP frames are transmitt		
— ●Help — ●Logout	Transmit Hold Multiplier	Specifies a multiplier on th	e Transmit Interval when calc	ulating a Time-to-Live	
		value. Default = 4			
Copyright © 2008-2009	Re-Initialization Delay		n LLDP port will wait before re d by setting a port to Tx-Only		
N-TRON Corp. All rights reserved.		excessive Notifications if s	omeone toggles between Disa		
http://www.n-tron.com		LLDP Port settings Defau			
	Notification Interval		een successive Notifications ; tion and another port tries to s		
Logged in as: admin			t until the interval expires. De		
		P	<u>irts</u>		
	Port Nam	e Descriptive name of the po			
		it Enables or Disables LLDP			
	Receiv	e Enables or Disables Receiv	ring of LLDP Frames from neig	ghbor switches.	
	Allow Management Dat		Management type informatio	n. Example: IP Address of	
	Allow Notification	switch.	ed when local or remote data c	hanges	
		sprouleurons are transmitte	a when local of remote data e	indiges.	
			itus		
			The LLDP ethemet frames rece LVs. Each TLV contains a defi		
	such as the Chassis ID des	cribed below, which contains	the MAC address of the dev		
		ors displayed per port is four			
			on which the neighbor inform switch. Corresponds to the Ll		
		-	tch. Corresponds to the LLDF		
		TLV.	ten. ethespends to the LEDI		
	Neighbor Port Description	Description of the neighbo	r Port from which the LLDP fr	ame was sent.	
			ely assigned name on the neig		
	Neighbor VLAN PVII	The Port VLAN identifier (PVID) associated with the nei	ghbor port.	

Following the LLDP link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options in the LLDP category on the left side of the web management.

Help – Ports

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	1.00					
Administration						
DHCP	Administration	DHCP	LLDP	Ports		
					-	
 Statistics 					-	
					-	
		Firmware/Config	BPCL	User Management	_	
	Other					
●N-Link						
		Po	<u>rts</u>			
Home						
			3 Mirroring 4 Trunking	008		
	1.001					
	D (N)		uration			
		-	nort			
		-	-	e port whether it is		
			,			
Loggod in act admin						
Logged in as. dumin	Auto Nego		lays the current auto-negotia	tion state whether it is		
	Port Speed		lays the speed of each port 1	0/100 Mbps.		
	Duplex Mode		lays the existing mode of the	port whether it is Full		
	Flow Control	This configurable field disp	supports half-duplex back pr			
	Port State	The current status of a port Forwarding, and Blocking.	. It may contain: Disabled, Di	scarding, Learning,		
	PVID	VLAN ID assigned to ingre	lays the existing port VLAN I ssed untagged frames, or all i Port VID'' is enabled. The allo	ngressed frames if		
	Usage Alarm Low [%]:	enabled. For half duplex the and TX bandwidth utilization	ercentage below which a faul bandwidth utilization percen m, and for full duplex this is t Port Utilization View and Port	tage is the sum of both RX he higher of TX or RX		
	Usage Alarm High [%]	The bandwidth utilization p	ercentage above which a fau bandwidth utilization percen			

Following the Ports link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options in the Ports category on the left side of the web management.

Help – Statistics

192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0 - Windows Inte	rnet explorer			👉 🗙 🎦 Google	
6 192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0					
- • Administration					
• OHCP	Administration	DHCP	LLDP	Ports	
OLLDP OPorts					
• Statistics	Statistics	VLAN	Bridging	RSTP	
• VLAN	IGMP	<u>N-View</u>	<u>N-Ring</u>	<u>N-Link</u>	
Bridging	CIP	Firmware/Config	BPCL	User Management	
• RSTP	Other				
OIGMP N-View	Other				
• • N- View					
•N-Link					
- OIP		Stati	istics		
Firmware/Config					
Support	Statistics group is divide	ed into two categories:			
• • BPCL • • User Management		1. Ports Statistics	2. Ports Utilization		
Logical View					
Home		Ports S	itatistics		
- 🕒 Config	Displays the MIB count	ers for the selected port, specific	ed by the Port pull-down mer	u. The Clear button will	
- 🥥 Help	reset all counters for the	selected port.	cu o y uno i ore puiz do sin ince		
- 🕘 Logout					
Copyright © 2008-2009		Ports U	tilization		
N-TRON Corp.	Shows a handwidth nerr	centage graph of all the ports. Th	he graph is scaled based on t	he Scale pull-down menu	
All rights reserved.	selection.	centage graph of an the ports. If	ne graph is scaled based on t	ne scale pull-down mend	
http://www.n-tron.com					
Logged in as: admin					
Logged in as: admin					

Following the Statistics link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options in the Statistics category on the left side of the web management.

Help – VLAN

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6 192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0					
ERON	1	e l			
NOUSTRIAL NETWORK COMPANY	and the second second				
Administration					
DHCP	[ſ		1
	Administration	DHCP	LLDP	Ports	
Ports	Statistics	VLAN	Bridging	RSTP	
 Statistics 					-
VLAN	IGMP	<u>N-View</u>	<u>N-Ring</u>	<u>N-Link</u>	
Bridging	CIP	Firmware/Co	nfig <u>BPCL</u>	<u>User Management</u>	
	Other				-
• N-View					
•N-Ring					
•N-Link					
CIP					
Firmware/Config			VLAN		
Support					
BPCL			Configuration		
User Management Dogical View	Replace VID Tag wit	h Default Port VID:	Specifies whether or not to replace the	incoming VID tag with the	
Home			port's designated VID.		
Config	Perform	n Ingress Filtering:	Specifies whether or not to filter out in	gress frames when a VID	
Help			violation is detected.		
Ocogout	Discard No.	n-Tagged for Ports:	Specifies whether or not non-tagged in	ngress frames are dropped	
			by the selected ports.		
Copyright © 2008-2009			Course Courting		
N-TRON Corp.			<u>Group Configuration</u> This field displays the VLAN ID. The r	range chauld be 1,4004	
All rights reserved.					
http://www.n-tron.com			This configurable field displays the na accepts alphanumeric and special char		
Logged in as: admin			Specifies whether or not all ports in th		
Logged in as. domin	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		specifies whether of not all ports in the ports.	is vitativ are management	
	Change BVI		Specifies whether or not the PVID of th	he member ports is set to	
	Change P VI		this VLAN ID.	te member ports is set to	
			This is the port number.		
			Descriptive name of the port		
		Crown Mombor		Inded in the group	
			Specifies whether or not the port is inc		
		Untag on Egress:	Specifies whether or not the port is inc Specifies whether or not egress frames designated port.		

Following the VLAN link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options in the VLAN category on the left side of the web management.

Help – Bridging

2 192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0 - Windows Internet Exp	lorer				_ 🗆 ×
🕞 😔 ▼ 🙋 http://192.168.1.229/main.ssi				🕈 🗙 🚼 Google	₽ -
🏠 🏉 192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0					
Administration OHCP OLLOP Orts Statistics VLAN Bridging RSTP IGMP N-View N-View N-Ning	Administration Statistics IGMP CIP Other	DHCP VLAN N-View Firmware/Config	LLDP Bridging N-Ring BPCL	Ports RSTP N-Link User Management	
ON-Link OTP OFFirmware/Config Osupport OBPCL OUser Management OLogical View Ome	Bridging group is divided		ging	Mchard	
Config Help Logout Copyright © 2008-2009 N-TRON Corp. All rights reserved.		Aging ne: This configurable field disp addresses. The inactive me	<u>z Time</u> plays the aging time for dynar mbers will be removed from tl . The aging time range should	nically learned MAC he Hardware Address Entry	
http://www.n-tron.com Logged in as: admin	MAC Addre Po	Unicast A This page shows the existing s ss: The static MAC address to rrt: Port which the static Unica D: [VLAN in which the MAC a	static Unicast MAC Addresse be configured to the device. st MAC address is to be conf	ïgured.	
	1	<u>Multicast</u> This page shows the existing st	Addresses atic Multicast Group Address	ses	
	Port Li	ss: The static Multicast group lst: List of ports associated wit ID: VLAN in which the Multica	h this Multicast group addre	55.	
	This N-Discovery fee	ture shows the MAC address	C by Port of a device connected to each ed with that MAC.	a switch port and the IP	
	Active IP Pro	be: This field is configurable us Enabled or Disabled status		disabled. When disabled	

Following the Bridging link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options in the Bridging category on the left side of the web management.

Help – RSTP

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6 192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0					
Administration					
ODHCP OLLDP	Administration	DHCP	LLDP	Ports	
Ports	Statistics	VLAN	Bridging	RSTP	
Statistics	IGMP	<u>N-View</u>	<u>N-Ring</u>	N-Link	
VLAN Bridging					
RSTP	CIP	Firmware/Config	BPCL	<u>User Management</u>	
GMP	Other				
●N-View ●N-Ring ●N-Link ● CIP ● Firmware/Config					
Support BPCL User Management Logical View Home Config Help Logout	-	nu is used to select which VLA odate legacy devices, use these	-	e Disabled, Hello Time 2,	
Copyright © 2008-2009		RSTP Root Bri	dge Information		
N-TRON Corp.		ity: Priority of the root bridge.			
All rights reserved. http://www.n-tron.com	Designated R	oot: The unique Bridge Identifie parameter of Configuration LAN to which the port is at	BPDUs transmitted by the I		
Logged in as: admin		ost: The cost of the path to the which this port is attached.	· · · · · ·		
	P	ort: The Port Identifier of the Br LAN associated with the p		Designated Port for the	
	Max A	ge: The maximum age of receiv	ed protocol information befo	ore it is discarded.	
	Hello Ti	me: The time interval between t that is attempting to becom		ation BPDUs by a bridge	
	Forward De	lay: The time spent in the Lister Learning State.		n the Blocking State to the	
		RSTP Bridge	Configuration		
	Hello Ti	me: This configurable field sho bridge is the Root or is atte	ws the value of the Hello Ti	The range is generally 1-10,	
	Forward De	lay: The time spent in the Lister	ning State while moving from s generally 4-30, but consul	n the Blocking State to the	
	Max A	ge: The value of the Max Age	parameter when the bridge is e is generally 6-40, but cons		

Following the RSTP link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options in the RSTP category on the left side of the web management.

Help – IGMP

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@ 192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0					
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Administration					
DHCP	Administration	DHCP	LLDP	Ports	
LLDP Ports	Statistics	VLAN	Bridging	RSTP	
 Statistics 				N-Link	
O VLAN	IGMP	<u>N-View</u>	<u>N-Ring</u>		
Bridging RSTP	CIP	Firmware/Config	BPCL	User Management	
IGMP	Other				
ON-View					
ON-Ring N-Link					
O CIP					
Firmware/Config					
Support		IG	MP		
BPCL User Management					
Logical View	IGMP group consists of fou		3. Show Routers 4. RFilter	Ports	
Home	1.00	ingulation 2. Show Groups	5. Show Routers 4. Id liter	i olts	
e Oonfig ● Help			uration		
		s: Indicates whether IGMP	is enabled or disabled.		
		e: Can be Auto, On or Off e: Can be Auto, None or M			
Copyright © 2008-2009			anuai cified as router ports manuall'		
N-TRON Corp. All rights reserved.			he ring ports are informatively		
http://www.n-tron.com			and Coupler switches, the co		
		informatively shown as r			
Logged in as: admin			-		
			Groups		
		P: Dynamically created Mul e: Descriptive name for the			
		· ·	pon. p IP is assigned. The range is	1-4094.	
		sign 2. 2. 2. in which the broug	par is assigned. The fallge is	4-102-li	
			Routers		
		P: Auto-detected router IP a			
		e: Descriptive name for the			
	VLAN I	D: VLAN in which the Rout	er IP is assigned. The range is	1-4094.	
		RFilte	r Ports		
	Port No:	This is the port number.			
		Descriptive name for the po	ort.		
		<u> </u>	enabled or disabled for a por	t	
			er enabled stops IGMP group ome into the port. IGMP contr		

Following the IGMP link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options in the IGMP category on the left side of the web management.

Help – N-View

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Administration					
DHCP	Administration	DHCP	LLDP	Ports	
- OLLDP					
• • Ports	Statistics	VLAN	Bridging	RSTP	
Statistics	IGMP	N-View	N-Ring	N-Link	
Bridging	CIP	Firmware/Config	BPCL	User Management	
• RSTP		riniware/coning	BrcL	Oser Management	
GIGMP	Other				
N-View	2			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
• • N-Ring					
- ON-Link					
CIP		N-M	/iew		
• Firmware/Config		<u>IN-V</u>	lew		
- OSUPPORT					
• User Management	N-View group consists o		tion 2. Ports		
Logical View		1. Coningura	uon 2. Ports		
Home		Config	uration		
Config	N-View Stat	us: Global N-View status of en			
- 😐 Help		val: Global interval in seconds f			
- Ocout	view inter	angelebar intervar in seconds i	tor autocasting with counters.		
		Po	erts		
Copyright © 2008-2009	Port Na	me: Descriptive name of the po			
N-TRON Corp.		rt?: Specifies whether or not to		sport	
All rights reserved.		s?: Specifies whether or not to			
http://www.n-tron.com	Send MIB Sta	is a pecilies whether of not to	sena ans ports mub counter	s inside autocast packets.	
Logged in as: admin					

Following the N-View link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options in the N-View category on the left side of the web management.

Help – N-Ring

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6 192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0					
Administration				-	
- OLLDP	Administration	DHCP	LLDP	Ports	
⊢ ● Ports ⊢ ● Statistics	Statistics	VLAN	Bridging	RSTP	
VLAN	IGMP	<u>N-View</u>	<u>N-Ring</u>	<u>N-Link</u>	
🗄 🕒 Bridging	CIP	Firmware/Config	BPCL	User Management	
⊢ ●RSTP ⊢ ●IGMP	Other				
- ON-View	<u> </u>				
N-Ring					
™ ●N-Link ™ ● CIP					
Firmware/Config		<u>N-F</u>	Ring		
Support					
- OBPCL	N-Ring is divided into the		Configuration 3. Status		
- 🕘 User Management - 🎱 Logical View		n conigatation 2.114	conigatation 5. otatas		
- Home		Config	uration		
😑 Config	If switch is an N-Ring Ma	mager, the following data will b	e shown:		
- Help		de: Current N-Ring mode of sv			
Ogout	Aging Tir	ne: Aging time used when swi	tch is active in an N-Ring. T	he range is 5-1 000000	
Copyright © 2008-2009		seconds.			
N-TRON Corp.	-	rts: Port set used if in N-Ring I	•		
All rights reserved. http://www.n-tron.com	VLAN	ID: VLAN in which N-Ring po is 1-4094.	rts are assigned, if in N-Ring	Manager mode. The range	
http://www.n-don.com	Taggi	ng: Selection as to whether the	N Ring ports are members	of the VLAN's Tagged or	
Logged in as: admin		Untagged ports, if in N-Rir		or the version ragged of	
	Remittels in an M. Ring M.	and a set of the section of the section of	t		
		mber, the following data will b de: Current N-Ring mode of sw			
		ne: Aging time used when swi		he range is 5-1000000	
		seconds.	terris delive in arro-rang. 1	ne mange is 2-1000000	
		Adv Con	figuration		
	If switch is an N-Ring Ma	mager, the following advanced	configuration data will be s	hown	
		-Ring Mode: Current N-Ring m			
		ket Interval: The amount of tim packets. The defi	ne to wait in milliseconds be	fore sending Self-Health	
	Maximum Miss	sed Packets: The number of m default is 2.	issed Self-Health packets the	at constitute a fault. The	
	Sig	n-On Delay: The amount of ti on information fr	ne to wait in milliseconds be om ring members. The defau		
	Sign-On Ma	tch Packets: The number of tin sign-on process.		atch before starting the	
	Sign	On Interval: The interval of ti	ne to wait in milliseconds be	fore requesting subsequent	

Following the N-Ring link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options in the N-Ring category on the left side of the web management.

Help – N-Link

192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0 - Windows Interr	et Explorer					
😔 🗢 🙋 http://192.168.1.229/main.ssi			•	🖘 🗙 🛃 Google	P	
6 192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0						
- Administration - OHCP - OLLDP - OPorts - OPorts - OPorts - OPorts - OPorts - OPorts - OPOPTS - OPOP	<u>Administration</u> <u>Statistics</u>	DHCP VLAN	LLDP Bridging	Ports RSTP		
- OStatistics - OVLAN	IGMP	<u>N-View</u>	<u>N-Ring</u>	<u>N-Link</u>		
🕒 Bridging	CIP	Firmware/Config	BPCL	<u>User Management</u>		
• ORSTP • OIGMP	Other					
• ON-View • ON-Ring						
N-Link CIP Firmware/Config Support BPCL User Management	N-Link is divided into two		.ink			
Logical View Home		Configu	ration			
Config	If switch is an N-Link Mas	ter, the following data will be sh	iown:			
- ●Help - ●Logout		e: The N-Link mode of switch.				
Copyright © 2008-2009	Control Por	rt: The Control Port is used to o direct link between the Mast other switches is not support	er and Slave Control ports.			
N-TRON Corp. All rights reserved. http://www.n-tron.com	other switches is not supported. The default is TX3. Primary Coupler Port: The Coupler Port is used to establish a redundant path for ethernet data transmission. If the Role of the switch is Master the port will be a Primary Coupler. The default is TX4.					
Logged in as: admin	If switch is an N-Link Auto	Configure, the following data	will be shown:			
		e: The N-Link mode of switch.				
	Default Coupler Por	rt: The Coupler Port is used to e transmission. If the Role of the The default is TX4.				
		State	us			
	If switch is an N-Link Mas designates a fault conditio	ter or Slave, the switch Status a n.)	nd Partner information will t	be shown. (Red background		
		e: Current N-Link mode of swit				
	Control Por	rt: The port being used to conv between the Master and Slav switches is not supported.				
	Partner Por	rt: The port being used for nom Link Slave switch. There mus ports. Use of media converte detected automatically.	st be a direct link between th	ne Master and Slave Partner		
	Coupler Por	rt: The port being used to estab	blish a redundant path for et	hernet data transmission.		
		e Blocking Forwarding	•			

Following the N-Link link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options in the N-Link category on the left side of the web management.

Help – CIP

> ▼ 2 http://192.168.1.229/main.ssi			-	🕈 🗙 🚰 Google
92.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0				
Administration				
DHCP LLDP	Administration	DHCP	LLDP	Ports
orts	Statistics	VLAN	Bridging	RSTP
Statistics /LAN	IGMP	N-View	N-Ring	N-Link
Bridging	CIP	Firmware/Config	BPCL	<u>User Management</u>
STP GMP	Other			
GMP I-View				
N-Ring				
N-Link CIP				
Firmware/Config		C	(P	
upport				
BPCL Jser Management		ategories: 1. Configuration 2. St	tatus	
Logical View	Configuration			
Home		CIP Status: Indicates whether		14.15.0
Config Help	Multica	st RPI (ms): The minimum Req	uested Packet Interval for Cli illiseconds. Requests for less	
Logout		rejected.	ansocorius, reequests for less	and and value will be
	Unica	ast RPI (ms): The minimum Req		
		in milliseconds. Re	equests for less than this val	ae will be rejected.
N-TRON Corp.	Status		•	
N-TRON Corp. All rights reserved.	<u>Status</u> Identity Information:	P		
N-TRON Corp. All rights reserved. tp://www.n-tron.com	Identity Information:	me: Switch Model Number.	·	
N-TRON Corp. All rights reserved. tp://www.n-tron.com	Identity Information: Product Nat		erNet/IP Vendor ID (1006).	
N-TRON Corp. All rights reserved. tp://www.n-tron.com	Identity Information: Product Nat Vend Device Ty	me: Switch Model Number. Ior: This is N-Tron's ODVA Eth pe: The ODVA Device Type is	Communications Adapter (=	0x0C hex).
N-TRON Corp. All rights reserved. tp://www.n-tron.com	Identity Information: Product Na Vend Device Ty Major Revisi	me: Switch Model Number. lor: This is N-Tron's ODVA Eth pe: The ODVA Device Type is on: The Major Revision of the (Communications Adapter (= CIP implementation.	0x0C hex).
N-TRON Corp. All rights reserved. :p://www.n-tron.com	Identity Information: Product Na Vend Device Ty Major Revisi Minor Revisi	me: Switch Model Number. for: This is N-Tron's ODVA Eth pe: The ODVA Device Type is on: The Major Revision of the (on: The Minor Revision of the (Communications Adapter (= CIP implementation. CIP implementation.	
	Identity Information: Product Na Vend Device Ty Major Revisi Minor Revisi	me: Switch Model Number. lor: This is N-Tron's ODVA Eth pe: The ODVA Device Type is on: The Major Revision of the (Communications Adapter (= CIP implementation. CIP implementation.	
N-TRON Corp. All rights reserved. tp://www.n-tron.com	Identity Information: Product Na Vend Device Ty Major Revisi Minor Revisi	me: Switch Model Number. lor: This is N-Tron's ODVA Eth pe: The ODVA Device Type is on: The Major Revision of the (on: The Minor Revision of the (ex): CIP Serial number, unique a	Communications Adapter (= CIP implementation. CIP implementation.	
N-TRON Corp. All rights reserved. tp://www.n-tron.com	Identity Information: Product Nat Vend Device Ty Major Revisi Serial Number (ho Connection Information: Number of Multic Connection	me: Switch Model Number. In: This is N-Tron's ODVA Eth pe: The ODVA Device Type is on: The Major Revision of the (on: The Minor Revision of the (CIP Serial number, unique a the base switch MAC.	Communications Adapter (= CIP implementation. CIP implementation. cross all N-Tron CIP devices met/IP class 1 (multicast) co	This is the last 4 octets of nnections.

Following the CIP link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options in the CIP category on the left side of the web management.

Help – Firmware/Config

				🔄 🗙 🚼 Google	
🏉 192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0					
FIRON					
DUSTRIAL NETWORK COMPANY					
Administration					
OHCP	Administration	DHCP	LLDP	Ports	
LLDP Ports					
Statistics	Statistics	VLAN	Bridging	RSTP	
VLAN	IGMP	<u>N-View</u>	<u>N-Ring</u>	<u>N-Link</u>	
Bridging	CIP	Firmware/Config	BPCL	User Management	
ORSTP					
● IGMP	Other				
ON-View					
ON-Ring N-Link					
CIP					
• Firmware/Config					
Support		Firmwar	e/Config		
BPCL		<u>i ii iii vai</u>	c/ coning		
User Management		TT	TP		
Logical View	Come ID Adda	ess: IP address of the TFTP ser		is the second distance of	
Home				is to be established.	
Config		me: Name of the file to be store			
Help Dogout	Transfer T	ype: Type of transfer to be perfo			
Logour		server.	oad image from server, and D	ownioad boot image from	
Copyright © 2008-2009	L	parva.			
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Following the Firmware/Config link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options in the Firmware/Config category on the left side of the web management.

Help – BPCL

🔊 🗢 🙋 http://192.168.1.229/main.ssi			•	🖅 🗙 🚼 Google	
[] 192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0					
FIRON					
DUSTREAL NETWORK COMPANY		7			
Administration					
O DHCP	Administration	DHCP	LLDP	Ports	
LLDP					
Ports	Statistics	VLAN	Bridging	RSTP	
Statistics VLAN	IGMP	N-View	N-Ring	N-Link	
Bridging					
RSTP	CIP	Firmware/Config	BPCL	User Management	
IGMP	<u>Other</u>				
N-View			1		
N-Ring					
ON-Link					
CIP Firmware/Config					
Support					
BPCL		BP	PCL		
User Management					
Logical View	This page shows the percentage of broadcast packets that will be accepted and forwarded. This is an ingress				
Home	filter.				
Config		BF	PCL		
Help	Port Name: Descriptive name for the port.				
Logout				e. The allowed range is 0-	
Copyright © 2008-2009	BPCL [%]: This configurable field displays the broadcast traffic rate. The allowed range is 0- 100 and the default is 3%.				
N-TRON Corp.	The user can modify the	percentage on a particular port	by clicking the Modify butto	n.	
All rights reserved.	-				
All Hurits reserved.					
http://www.n-tron.com					
Air nghts reserved. http://www.n-tron.com Logged in as: admin					

Following the BPCL link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options in the BPCL category on the left side of the web management.

Help – User Management

🔊 🗢 🙋 http://192.168.1.229/main.ssi				🔄 🗙 🚼 Google	
9192.168.1.229 N-TRON Switch fb:f8:f0					
-TRON		191			
USTRIAL NETWORK COMPANY					
Administration					
DHCP	Administration	DHCP	LLDP	Ports	
LLDP Ports					
Statistics	Statistics	VLAN	Bridging	RSTP	
VLAN	IGMP	<u>N-View</u>	N-Ring	<u>N-Link</u>	
Bridging	CIP	Firmware/Config	BPCL	User Management	
RSTP		<u>- miniac comig</u>	2102		
IGMP	Other				
N-View					
N-Ring					
N-Link CIP					
Firmware/Config					
Support		Hear Man	agement		
BPCL		USEL Mai	agement		
User Management					
Logical View	The User Management s	creen allows users to view, add	and remove system user acc	counts.	
Home		User Mar	nagement		
Config		No.: User table index			
Help Logout		me: User name string			
Logout		ion: A user can have Admin (re	ad (write) or User (read only	privilages	
opyright © 2008-2009	Access remitss	ioni-pr aser can nave Admin (re	au write) or oser (read-only	privileges.	
N-TRON Corp.					
All rights reserved.					
tp://www.n-tron.com					
Logged in as: admin					

Following the User Management link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding the configuration options in the User Management category on the left side of the web management.

Help – Other

DHCP LLDP Ports PPorts Statistics VLAN Bridging RSTP Statistics ULAN N-View N-Ring N-Link Bridging CIP Firmware/Config BPCL User Management Other Other Other Other Other N-Niew N-View N-View N-View N-View N-N-Ring VLAN Support Web Site: This link leads to the http://www.n-tron.com html/support_serv.html web site, which is the official web site of N-TRON Corp., the developer of the switch software. Ocpcical View Support E-Mail: To send any queries or suggestions to the support team at N-TRON Corp., the developer of the switch software. Oconfig Home Logical View: Shows a graphical depiction of the switch. Stare displayed in green. The page automatically refrestes at approximately every 30 seconds. Help Home Logical View: The default home page of the switch. Shows some basic information,				•	🗲 🗙 🛃 Google	
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N-View N-View N-Ring N-Link CIP Firmware/Config Support BPCL User Management Logical View Home Config Home Config Help Logical View Logical View Support E-Mail: To send any queries or suggestions to the support team at N-TRON Corp., the developer of the switch software. Logical View Generating Home Logical View Support E-Mail: To send any queries or suggestions to the support team at N-TRON Corp., the developers of the switch software. Logical View Support E-Mail: To send any queries or suggestions to the support send to the switch software. Logical View Begli Joint Help Logiout Begli Beg		Other				
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Help Logout Logout						
Logout Angle an	lome				TTA A V	
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	łome Config łelp		Logical View: Shows a gray displayed in	phical depiction of the switch green. The page automaticall		
Copyright © 2008-2009 such as the switch's name and firmware revision.	lome config lelp oggout		Logical View: Shows a grap displayed in approximatel	phical depiction of the switch green. The page automaticall ly every 30 seconds.	y refreshes at	
	kome Config Help ogout Nyright © 2008-2009		Logical View: Shows a gray displayed in approximatel Home: The default f	phical depiction of the switch green. The page automatical ly every 30 seconds. home page of the switch. Sho	y refreshes at ws some basic information,	
	Home Sonfig Help ogout Nyright © 2008-2009 N-TRON Corp.		Logical View: Shows a gray displayed in approximatel Home: The default l such as the	phical depiction of the switch green. The page automaticall ly every 30 seconds. home page of the switch. Sho switch's name and firmware re	y refreshes at ws some basic information, vision.	
Logout: Logout from the WebConsole.	Home Sonfig Help Jogout Nyright © 2008-2009 N-TRON Corp. NI rights reserved.		Logical View: Shows a gray displayed in approximatel Home: The default such as the s Config: To save or re	phical depiction of the switch green. The page automaticall ty every 30 seconds. home page of the switch. Sho switch's name and firmware re eset the configuration data. T	y refreshes at ws some basic information, vision. his will save the current	
Logged in as: admin	Home Sonfig Help ogout Nyright © 2008-2009 N-TRON Corp.		Logical View: Shows a gray displayed in approximatel Home: The default 1 such as the : Config: To save or rr configuration	phical depiction of the switch green. The page automaticall ly every 30 seconds. home page of the switch. Sho switch's name and fimware re sest the configuration data. T n of the device to the flash fo	y refreshes at ws some basic information, vision. his will save the current	

Following the Other link on the help page, the administrator or user can see some information regarding other links or categories on the left hand side of the web manager, as above.

CLI Commands

"?" (Help)

<u>"?" (Help)</u>	
Command Name	"?"
Description	Show a list of all commands or get help on a specific command.
	Without <i>cmd</i> , this command will list all the available commands.
	If <i>cmd</i> is specified and if it matches a specific command, the usage of the command will be displayed; otherwise, if <i>cmd</i> matches the prefix of a command, the name of the command will be listed.
	If ? is preceded by another ?, the usage and description of this command will be displayed.
Syntax	? [cmd]
Parameters	The command for which to get help.
Examples	N-TRON/Admin> ? The above command displays all the available commands.
	N-TRON/Admin> abcd ? Unknown Command: "abcd"
	Type "?" for a list of available commands.
	N-TRON/Admin> logout ?
	Logout
	Log out of console interface.
	SYNTAX:
	Logout
	N-TRON/Admin> ? pi
	Ping Ping a host.
	 N-TRON/Admin> ? ?
	? Show a list of all commands or get help on a specific
	command.
	SYNTAX: ? [cmd]
	OPTIONS: cmd : The command for which to get help.
NOTES	

Logout

Command Name	logout
Description	Log out of console interface
Syntax	logout
Parameters	None
Examples	N-TRON/Admin> logout
NOTES	

Show, Add, or Delete ARL Entries					
Command Name	arl				
Description	Show, Add, or Delete Arl Entries.				
Syntax	arl show showment add mac port cpu static vid del[ete] mac vid				
Parameters	show				
	Show entire ARL table.				
	showmet				
	Show entire ARL MCT (Multicast Index) table.				
	delete				
	Delete MAC address.				
	add				
	Add MAC address.				
	mac				
	MAC Address.				
	port				
	Port Number.				
	сри				
	1 = Send to CPU also.				
	static				
	1 = This is a static address; $0 =$ Non-Static.				
	vid				
	VLAN ID (0-4095)				
Example	N-TRON/Admin> arl show				
	No. Val Age Pri Mod Usr Sta VLAN MAC Port(s)				
	1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 00:07:af:ff:b8:00 CPU				
	2 1 0 0 0 0 1 00:19:b9:03:aa:77 TX3				
	N-TRON/Admin> arl showmet				
	No. Idx Val Port Mask Port(s)				
	1 0 1 0x0000000 (None)				
	2 1 1 0x0000001 TX1				
	N-TRON/Admin> arl add 00:19:b9:03:aa:79 3 0 1 1				
	N-TRON/Admin> arl del 00:19:b9:03:aa:79 1				

Show, Add, or Delete ARL Entries

Configuration Device Operations

Command Name	cfgdev
Description	Info, Format, Compare and Erase Configuration Device.
Syntax	CfgDev info format [-m model] compare erase
Parameters	Info
	Show information about the configuration device.
	Format
	Format the configuration device to factory default.
	-m model
	Configuration device model number. Valid values are:
	1=At32K, 2=At64K, and 3=card. Compare
	Compare the configuration of the switch to the configuration device.
	Erase
	Erase the switch configuration on the configuration device.
Example	N-TRON/Factory> cfgdev info
	Port A: 0xd080
	Board ID: 0x0005 (5)
	Configuration device information:
	Configuration device information: Name : SDS128M
	Model : 3
	Version : 1
	Page Size : 200
	Total Size : 127008768 Max Clock (Hz) : 400000
	Write Cycles (ns): 5000000
	Flags : 0x0000001
	N-TRON/Factory> cfgdev compare
	Comparing switch configuration to the configuration device The configurations are different.
	N-TRON/Factory> cfgdev compare
	Comparing switch configuration to the configuration device The configurations are identical.
	N-TRON/Factory> cfgdev format
	Formatting configuration device
	Configuration device format completed.
	N-TRON/Factory> cfgdev erase
	Erasing configuration device
	Configuration device erase completed.
Notes	

Show or Set CIP Configuration

Command Name	Сір			
Description	Show or set CIP configuration	. If no parameters are specified, this command will show		
	the CIP configuration (same as	-show parameter).		
Syntax	-Cip [-e[nable] -d[isable] -s	how]		
Parameters	-Cip -show	-		
	Show CIP configuration.			
	-Cip [-e[nable] -d[isable]]			
	Set the CIP status to e(nal	pled) or d(isabled)		
Examples	N-TRON/Admin> cip -show			
Examples				
	CIP Configuration:			
	Status:	Enabled		
	Status: EthIp Interval: Cache Interval:	10 ms		
	Cache Interval:	2000 ms		
	Idontitu Information:			
	Identity Information:			
	Product Name:	N-TRON 7506GX2		
	Device Type:	1006 (N-TRON) 0x0C (Communications Adapter) 1		
	Major Revision:	1		
	Minor Revision:	1		
	Serial Number:	0xAFFBA2C0		
	Connection Information:			
	Multicast Connections:			
	Unicast Connections:	U		
	N-TRON/Admin> cip -disa	ble		
	Changing CIP configurat			
	GTD Grufi washi ant			
	CIP Configuration:			
		Disabled		
	EthIp Interval:	10 ms		
	EthIp Interval: Cache Interval:	2000 ms		
	Identity Information:			
	Product Name:			
	Vendor:	1006 (N-TRON)		
	Device Type:	0x0C (Communications Adapter)		
	Major Revision: Minor Revision:	1		
	Serial Number:	uxAFFBF8F0		
	Connection Information:			
	Multicast Connections:			
	Unicast Connections:	0		
	N-TRON/Admin>			
NOTES				

Save or Reset the Configuration Settings

Command Name	config
Description	Save or reset configuration settings
Syntax	config s[ave] r[eset]
Parameters	save
	save current running configuration settings.
	reset
	reset configuration settings to factory defaults.
Examples	N-TRON/Admin> config save
	Save Settings
	Settings have been saved.
	N-TRON/Admin> config reset
	Resetting to factory defaults Load factory default settings [y/n]?y Keep IP, subnet mask, and gateway addresses [y/n]?y Keep current user names and passwords [y/n]?y
NOTES	

Show or Set IGMP Configuration

Command Name	igmp
Description	Show or set IGMP configuration. If no parameters are specified, this command will show the IGMP configuration (same as -show parameter).
Syntax	igmp [-show] [-status state]
Parameters	-show
	Show configuration.
	-status state
	Set the IGMP status to e(nabled) or d(isabled).
Examples	N-TRON/Admin> igmp -show
-	
	IGMP Status : Enabled
	IGMP Version : 2
	Query Mode : Auto
	CIP Querier Status : 2, Active-Auto
	Active Querier IP : 192.168.1.250
	Router Mode : Auto
	Manual Router Ports : (None)
	IGMP Number of Groups : 1
	IGMP Resource Usage % : 1
	N-TRON/Admin> igmp -status disabled
	IGMP Status : Disabled
	IGMP Version : 2
	Query Mode : Auto
	CIP Querier Status : 2, Active-Auto
	Active Querier IP : 192.168.1.250
	Router Mode : Auto
	Manual Router Ports : (None)
	IGMP Number of Groups : 1
	IGMP Resource Usage % : 1
	N-TRON/Admin>
NOTES	

Show	or Set	Mirror	Configuration	ı
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Command Name	Mirror
Description	Show or set Mirror configuration. If no parameters are specified, this command will
	show the Mirror configuration (same as -show parameter).
Syntax	mirror [-show] [-status state] [-dp portno] [-tx portlist] [-rx portlist]
Parameters	-show
	Show configuration.
	-status state
	Set the Mirror status to e(nabled) or d(isabled).
	-dp portno
	Set the destination port number for mirrored frames.
	-tx portlist
	Set the source ports to mirror frames that are transmitted.
	-rx portlist
	Set the source ports to mirror frames that are received.
Examples	N-TRON/Admin> mirror -show
	Mirror Status : Disabled
	Destination Port : TX
	Tx Source Ports : (None)
	Rx Source Ports : (None)
	N-TRON/Admin> mirror -status enabled -dp 6 -tx 1,3-5 -rx 1,3,5
	Mirror Status : Enabled
	Destination Port : GB2
	Tx Source Ports : T1, T3-GB1
	Rx Source Ports : T1, T3, GB1
	Changes have been made that have not been saved.
NOTES	The portlist consists of port numbers and ranges, separated by commas. It may not
I CILD	contain space characters. Use "all" to set all ports as source ports, and use "none" to clear
	all ports from source ports.
	an ports from source ports.

Show or Set N-Ring Configuration

Command Name	Nring
Description	Show or set N-Ring configuration. If no parameters are specified, this command will
	show the N-Ring configuration (same as -show parameter).
Syntax	nring [-show] [-mode d a m] [-ports set_id]
Parameters	-show
	Show configuration.
	-mode
	Set the N-Ring mode.
	d = disabled, $a = auto$ member, $m = manager$
	-ports set_id
	Set the ring ports for N-Ring manager mode.
	Specify port set identifier or use '?' to list available port sets.
Examples	N-TRON/Admin> nring -show
	N-Ring Mode : Auto Member
	Aging Time : 20
	N-TRON/Admin> nring -ports ?
	ID Port Set
	1 T1 / T2
	2 T3 / T4
	3 GB1 / GB2
	N-TRON/Admin> nring -mode m -ports 2
	Do you Want to Save Changes and Restart the System Now $[y/n]$?
NOTES	

Show or Set N-View Configuration

Command Name	Nview
Description	Show or set N-View configuration. If no parameters are specified, this command will
	show the N-View configuration (same as -show parameter).
Syntax	nview [-show] [-status state]
Parameters	-show
	Show configuration.
	-status state
	Set the N-View status to e(nabled) or d(isabled).
Examples	N-TRON/Admin> nview -show
	N-View Status : Enabled
	N-View Interval : 5
	N-TRON/Admin> nview -status disabled
	N-View Status : Disabled
	N-View Interval : 5
	Changes have been made that have not been saved.
NOTES	

Ping a Host

Command Name	Ping
Description	Ping a host
Syntax	ping [-t] [-n count] [-w timeout] target_name
Parameters	target_name
	IP Address or host name.
	-t
	Ping the specified host until stopped.
	To see statistics and continue - type Space;
	To stop - type Control-C.
	-n count
	Number of echo requests to send.
	-w timeout
	Timeout in milliseconds to wait for each reply.
Example	N-TRON/Admin> ping 192.168.1.119
	 N-TRON/Admin> ping -n 6 192.168.1.119
	 N-TRON/Admin> ping -t 192.168.1.119
	 N-TRON/Admin> ping -w 2000 192.168.1.119
	Reply from 192.168.1.119: time=970ms Reply from 192.168.1.119: time<10ms Reply from 192.168.1.119: time<10ms
	<pre>Ping statistics for 192.168.1.119: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss) Approximate round trip times in milliseconds: Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 970ms, Average = 320ms</pre>
Notes	

Show or Set Port Configuration

Show or Set Port Configur Command Name	Port
Description	Show or set Port configuration.
Syntax	port [-show] [-admin state] [-sd auto 10h 10f 100h 100f 1000h 1000f]
	[-flow state] [-fhp state] [-dp prio] [-dscp state] [-8021p state] [-pvid vid]
	[-ual percent] [-uah percent] [-security state] portno
Parameters	Portno
	Port number to configure or show. Specify "all" to show all ports.
	-show
	Show configuration.
	-admin state
	Set the admin status for the port to e(nabled) or d(isabled).
	-sd
	Set the speed and duplex mode for the port.
	auto = enable auto-negotiation
	-flow state
	Set the flow control for the port to e(nabled) or d(isabled).
	-fhp state
	Set force high priority for the port to e(nabled) or d(isabled).
	-dp
	Set the default QOS priority for the port. The range is 0-7.
	-dscp state
	Set the DSCP Priority for the port to e(nabled) or d(isabled).
	-8021p state
	Set the 802.1p Priority for the port to e(nabled) or d(isabled).
	-pvid
	Set the VLAN ID for the port. The range is 1-4094.
	-ual percent
	Set the usage alarm low percentage. The range is 0-100.
	-uah percent Set the usage alarm high percentage. The range is 0-100.
	-security state
Examples	Set the security status for all supported ports to e(nabled) or d(isabled). N-TRON/Admin> port -sd 100f -flow enabled -dp 7 -pvid 2 4
Examples	N-IKON/Remin/ port -Bu 1001 -110w enabled -up / -pvid 2 4
	Port Port Admin Link Auto Port Dupl Flow Force Include Include
	No Name Status Stat Nego Spd Mode Control High Pri DSCP 802.1p
	4 T4 Enabled Down Disabled 100 Full Enabled Disabled Disabled Enabled
	Usage Usage
	Def Port Alarm Alarm Pri State PVID Low % High %
	7 Forwarding 2 0 100
	Changes have been made that have not been saved.

Reset the Switch

Command Name	Reset
Description	Reset (reboot) the switch
Syntax	Reset
Parameters	None
Example	N-TRON/Admin> reset
	<pre>Preparing for reset. Cleaning up Browser will be redirected to 192.168.1.250. Disabling SNMP Disabling DHCP Disabling CIP Locking out other processes Disable preemption Resetting device</pre>
Notes	

Show or Set SNMP Configuration

Command Name	Snmp
Description	Show or set SNMP configuration. If no parameters are specified, this command will
	show the SNMP configuration (same as -show parameter).
Syntax	snmp [-show] [-ro name] [-rw name] [-trap name]
Parameters	-show
	Show configuration.
	-ro name
	Set the Authorized Community Name for SNMP Get requests.
	-rw name
	Set the Authorized Community Name for SNMP Set requests.
	-trap name
	Set the Authorized Community Name for SNMP Traps.
Examples	N-TRON/Admin> snmp -ro users
	IP Address - Trap Stn.#1 : Value Not Configured IP Address - Trap Stn.#2 : Value Not Configured IP Address - Trap Stn.#3 : Value Not Configured IP Address - Trap Stn.#4 : Value Not Configured IP Address - Trap Stn.#5 : Value Not Configured Read-Only Community Name : users Read-Write Community Name : private Trap Community Name : public Changes have been made that have not been saved.
NOTES	Community names may only contain alphanumeric, space, '-', '_', and '#' characters, and may not begin with a number, space, or underscore. A name with embedded space characters must be enclosed in quotes. The maximum length is 15 characters.

CLI Commands, Continued...

Show or Clear the Last System Error

Command Name	Syserr
Description	Show or clear the last system error
	If <i>clear</i> is not supplied, then the last system error is displayed.
Syntax	syserr [clear]
Parameters	Clear
	Clear the last system error.
Example	N-TRON/Admin> syserr
*	Last System Error: None.
	N-TRON/Admin> syserr clear
	Last System Error: Cleared.
Notes	

Show System Information

Command Name	Sysinfo				
Description	Show system information	on			
Syntax	Sysinfo				
Parameters	None				
Example	N-TRON/Admin> syst	info			
	N-TRON/Admin> sy	zsinfo			
	++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	*****			
	+ N-TRON 700/700	00/7500 Series			
	+ + +++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++				
		7506GX2			
		BL 2.0.5.1 (0x02000501)			
	0.0 . 0 . 0 . 0	3.1.4			
		Oct 13 2009 at 13:41:12			
	reserved.	Copyright (c) 2008-2009 N-TRON Corp. All rights			
	+				
		66 MHz (6600000)			
		16 MB 8 MB			
		6422528 Bytes, 614400 Free, 5677056 Used,			
	131072 Bad	0422520 Byces, 014400 File, 5077050 0sed,			
		00:07:af:fb:a2:c0			
		192.168.2.201			
		255.255.252.0			
	+ Gateway:	192.168.1.1			
	+ Cfg Device:	SDS128M			
	+				
	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++			
Notes					

CLI Commands, Continued...

Command Name	Sysip
Description	Set system IP configuration mode, IP address, subnet mask, and gateway
1	
	If no parameters are specified, this command will show the system IP addresses. Static
	IP, subnet mask, or gateway can be set while in either DHCP or static configuration
	mode as they will be used with IP fallback when in DHCP mode. If the Static IP is set to
	the default system IP address, IP fallback will not occur. All system addresses must be
	formatted as: xxx.xxx.xxx.
Syntax	<pre>sysip [-c config_mode] [-i static_ip] [-s static_subnet_mask] [-g static_gateway]</pre>
Parameters	-c config_mode
	s(tatic) or d(hcp).
	-i static_ip
	Static IP address (for static config mode and IP fallback).
	-s static_subnet_mask
	Static sub net mask (for static config mode and IP fallback).
	-g static_gateway
	Static gateway address (for static config mode and IP fallback).
Example	N-TRON/Admin> sysip
	TD Confirmation Made 1 Chatin
	IP Configuration Mode : Static Static IP Address : 192.168.1.225
	Static subnet Mask : 255.255.0
	Static gateway : 192.168.1.1
	N-TRON/Admin> sysip -c dhcp
	IP Configuration Mode : DHCP (has been changed)
	Fallback IP Address : 192.168.1.225
	Fallback Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0
	Fallback Gateway : 192.168.1.1
	Press <enter> to Save Changes and Restart the System Now</enter>
	N-TRON/Admin> sysip -i 192.168.2.119 -s 255.255.252.0 -g 192.168.1.1
	IP Configuration Mode : Static
	Static IP Address : 192.168.2.119 (has been changed)
	Static Subnet Mask : 255.255.252.0 (has been changed)
	Static Gateway : 192.168.1.1 (has been changed)
	Press <enter> to Save Changes and Restart the System Now</enter>
NOTES	If mode is set to DHCP and IP fallback occurs, DHCP requests will stop.
	If mode is set to DHCP and IP Configuration is retrieved from a DHCP server, IP
	fallback will not occur, even if lease is lost.

CLI Commands, Continued...

Show or Set System	Configuration
--------------------	---------------

Command Name	System
Description	Show or set System configuration. If no parameters are specified, this command will show the System configuration (same as -show parameter).
Syntax	show the system configuration (same as -show parameter). system [-show] [-name label] [-browser state]
Parameters	-show
1 arameters	Show configuration.
	-name label
	Set the switch name.
	-browser state
	Set the browser access status to e(nabled) or d(isabled).
Examples	N-TRON/Admin> system -name "Private switch" -browser disabled
	IP Configuration : Static IP Address : 192.168.2.201 Subnet Mask : 255.255.252.0 Gateway : 192.168.1.1 MAC Address : 00:07:af:fb:a2:c0 System Up Time : 0 days, 23 hours, 25 mins, 19 secs Name : Private switch Contact : N-TRON Admin Location : Mobile, AL 36609 Temperature : 24 C, 75 F Upper Threshold : -40 C, -40 F Browser Access : Disabled Changes have been made that have not been saved.
NOTES	A switch name may only contain alphanumeric, space, ':', '-', '_', and '#' characters, and may not begin with a number, space, or underscore. A name with embedded space characters must be enclosed in quotes.

VLAN Addition and Deletion Example

The screen capture below is the factory default VLAN configuration.

	VLA	N	Configurat	tio	on Vi	iew		
		Repl	ace VID With Default Port	VID				
			Perform Ingress Filte	ring				
			Discard Non-Tagged For P	orts	(None)			
VLAN ID	VLAN Name		Group Members		Untag Egres		Allow Mgmt	
0001	Default VI	AN	T1, T2, T3, T4, GB1, GB2	T1,	T2, T3, T4,	, GB1, GB2		
	Modify Refresh							

Clicking on the "Modify" button allows one to add a new VLAN:

	VLAN Configuration							
	Replace VID Tag	With Default Port VID						
	Per	form Ingress Filtering						
	Discard Non-Tagged For Ports Discard Non-Tagged For Ports GB1 GB2							
	Update Cancel							
		VLAN G	roups					
VLAN ID	VLAN Name	Group Members	Untag On Alle Egress Mg					
<u>0001</u>	Default VLAN	T1, T2, T3, T4, GB1, GB	32 T1, T2, T3, T4, GB1, GB2 🗸					
Add								
	Done Refresh							

When creating a new VLAN, a numeric ID is required, Name is entered. Note that N-Ring VLAN is a reserved name with a special meaning. Choices such as "Allow Management" and "Change PVID of Member Ports" are made at this time as well as the ports which are going to belong to the new VLAN. Additionally, the ports may be "Untagged on Egress".

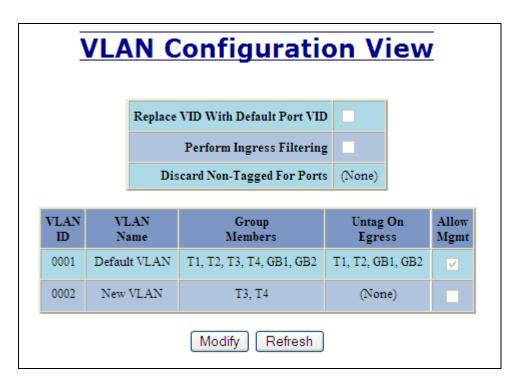
Tagged	VL	AN	G	roup	Con	figuration
			ID	2		
			Name	New VL	AN	
	Allow	Manag	gement			
	Cha M	nge P lember	VID Of r Ports			
			G	roup Ports		
		Port	Port	Group	Untag On	
		No	Name	Member	Egress	
		01	T1			
		02	T2			
		03	T3			
		04	T4			
		05	GB1			
		06	GB2			
		(Upda	te Car	ncel	-

The result of add is a "New VLAN". In this case, it does not overlap the "Default VLAN" ports.

VI	AN Co	nfigura	tion Vi	ew		
	Replace VII) With Default Port	VID			
Perform Ingress Filtering						
	Discar	d Non-Tagged For P	orts (None)			
VLAN ID	VLAN Name	Group Members	Untag On Egress	Allow Mgmt		
0001	Default VLAN	T1, T2, GB1, GB2	T1, T2, GB1, GB	2		
0002	New VLAN	New VLAN T3, T4 (None)				
	[Modify Refres	;h			

The ports of "New VLAN" may be added back to "Default VLAN" to create overlapping VLANs.

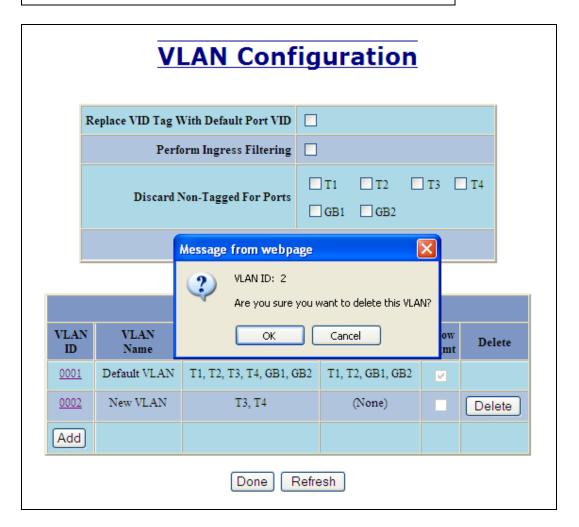
Note: If there are multiple ports on different VLANs, the N-Tron switch will apply the static multicast address to the lowest VLAN-ID that is associated with one of the ports assigned to the static multicast address. If the lowest VLAN-ID contains all the ports assigned to the static multicast address (an umbrella VLAN), it will function for all those ports with no problems. This can be achieved with overlapping VLANs.



But notice that the ports in "New VLAN" are not marked as "Untag on Egress" and are thus still tagged.

And the "New VLAN" may be deleted when it is no longer required:

eplace VID Tag V	Vith Default Port VID					
Perf	orm Ingress Filtering					
Discard Non-Tagged For Ports						
	Update Ca	ncel				
	VLAN Grou	ps				
VLAN Name	Group Members	Untag On Egress	Allow Mgmt	Delete		
Default VLAN	T1, T2, T3, T4, GB1, GB2	T1, T2, GB1, GB2				
Default (Linit)						
	Discard N VLAN Name	Discard Non-Tagged For Ports Update Ca VLAN Group Name Members	Discard Non-Tagged For Ports Image: Time Time Time Time Time Time Time Time	Discard Non-Tagged For Ports <pre> T1</pre> T2 T3 Discard Non-Tagged For Ports		



And the "New VLAN" is removed. Note that the new configuration of the switch must be saved if the configuration must survive a power cycle.

VLAN Configuration							
Re	place VID Tag Wit	h Default Port VID					
	Perform	n Ingress Filtering					
Discard Non-Tagged For Ports Image: Discard Non-Tagged For Ports Image: Discard Non-Tagged For Ports							
		Update	Cance	el			
		VLAN G	roups				
VLAN ID	VLAN Name	Group Members		Untag On Egress	Allow Mgmt	Delete	
<u>0001</u>	Default VLAN	T1, T2, T3, T4, GB1	, GB2	T1, T2, GB1, GB2			
Add							
		Done	Refrest	1			

NOTE: Changes have been made that have not been <u>saved</u>.

VLAN Configuration Examples

A VLAN is an administratively configured LAN segment that limits the traffic in multiple broadcast domains. Instead of physically reconnecting a device to a different LAN, network administrators can accomplish this task by configuring a VLAN compliant switch to create logical network segments.

Tagged VLAN allows switch segmentation to span across multiple managed switches. This type of VLAN is ideal for LANs that consist of various types of communication groups such as Office LANs, Controls Systems, and IP Cameras. When used properly, it will effectively isolate two or more groups from each other in a logical manner. This means that Broadcast, Multicast, and Unicast frames in one VLAN will not interfere with another isolated VLAN group.

The examples in this section are shown as configured on a 708TX switch, but the 7506GX2 may be configured similarly with changes in ports.

VLAN Configuration View				Port Co	nfig	ura	tior	n Vi
				-		Port No	Port Name	PVID
		Replace VID With Default Port	VID			<u>01</u>	TX1	2
		Perform Ingress Filte	ring			<u>02</u>	TX2	2
		Discard Non-Tagged For P	orts (None)			<u>03</u>	TX3	1
				-		<u>04</u>	TX4	1
VLAN ID	VLAN Name	Group Members		itag On gress	Allow Mgmt	<u>05</u>	TX5	1
_				0		<u>06</u>	TX6	1
0001	Default VLAN	TX3, TX4, TX5, TX6, TX7, TX8	1X3, 1X4, 12	K5, TX6, TX7, TX8		<u>07</u>	TX7	1
0002	VLAN-2	TX1, TX2	T	K1, TX2		08	TX8	1

Example 1 – Basic understanding of port-based VLANs

Receiving Port #	Tagged VID in packet	Destination Address	Transmitting Port #s	Notes
TX1	Untagged	MAC on port TX2	TX2	Unicast Traffic
TX1	Untagged	Unknown MAC	TX2	Floods VLAN 2
TX1	VID 4	MAC on port TX2		Packet Discarded
TX3	Untagged	MAC on port TX5	TX5	Unicast Traffic
TX3	Untagged	Unknown MAC	TX4-TX8	Floods VLAN 1
TX3	VID 4	MAC on port TX6		Packet Discarded

Replace VID With Default Port VID	
Perform Ingress Filtering	
Discard Non-Tagged For Ports	TX1, TX2, TX3, TX5, TX6, TX7, TX8

VLAN ID	VLAN Name	Group Members	Untag On Egress	Allow Mgmt
0001	Default VLAN	TX3, TX5, TX6, TX7, TX8	(None)	
0002	VLAN-2	TX1, TX2	(None)	
0003	VLAN-3	TX4	(None)	

Port No	Port Name	PVID
<u>01</u>	TX1	1
<u>02</u>	TX2	1
<u>03</u>	TX3	1
<u>04</u>	TX4	3
<u>05</u>	TX5	1
<u>06</u>	TX6	1
<u>07</u>	TX7	1
<u>08</u>	TX8	1

Receiving Port #	Tagged VID in packet	Destination Address	Transmitting Port #s	Notes
TX1	Untagged	MAC on port TX2		Packet Discarded
TX1	VID 2	MAC on port TX2	TX2	Unicast Traffic
TX1	VID 4	MAC on port TX2		Packet Discarded
TX1	VID 2	MAC on port TX5	TX2	Floods VLAN 2
TX3	Untagged	MAC on port TX1		Packet Discarded
TX3	VID 1	MAC on port TX6	TX6	Unicast Traffic
TX3	VID 1	Unknown MAC	TX5-TX8	Floods VLAN 1
TX3	VID 4	MAC on port TX8		Packet Discarded

Replace VID With Default Port VID	
Perform Ingress Filtering	
Discard Non-Tagged For Ports	(None)

VLAN ID	VLAN Name	Group Members	Untag On Egress	Allow Mgmt
0001	Default VLAN	TX3, TX4, TX5, TX6, TX7, TX8	(None)	
0002	VLAN-2	TX1, TX2	(None)	

Port No	Port Name	PVID
<u>01</u>	TX1	2
<u>02</u>	TX2	2
<u>03</u>	TX3	1
<u>04</u>	TX4	1
<u>05</u>	TX5	1
<u>06</u>	TX6	1
<u>07</u>	TX7	1
<u>08</u>	TX8	1

Receiving	Tagged VID	Destination	Transmitting	Notes
Port #	in packet	Address	Port #s	
TX1	Untagged	MAC on port TX2	TX2	Adds VID 2 to packet
TX1	VID 2	MAC on port TX2	TX2	Unicast Traffic
TX1	VID 4	MAC on port TX2		Packet Discarded
TX1	VID 2	Unknown MAC	TX2	Floods VLAN 2
TX3	Untagged	Unknown MAC	TX4-TX8	Adds VID 1 to packet & Floods VLAN 1
TX3	VID 1	MAC on port TX6	TX6	Unicast Traffic
TX3	VID 1	Unknown MAC	TX4-TX8	Floods VLAN 1
TX3	VID 4	MAC on port TX7		Packet Discarded

Replace VID With Default Port VID	
Perform Ingress Filtering	
Discard Non-Tagged For Ports	(None)

VLAN ID	VLAN Name	Group Members	Untag On Egress	Allow Mgmt
0001	Default VLAN	TX3, TX4, TX5, TX6, TX7, TX8	TX3, TX4, TX5, TX6, TX7, TX8	
0002	VLAN-2	TX1, TX2, TX3, TX4	TX1, TX2	

Port No	Port Name	PVID
<u>01</u>	TX1	2
<u>02</u>	TX2	2
<u>03</u>	TX3	1
<u>04</u>	TX4	1
<u>05</u>	TX5	1
<u>06</u>	TX6	1
<u>07</u>	TX7	1
<u>08</u>	TX8	1

Receiving Port #	Tagged VID in packet	Destination Address	Transmitting Port #s	Notes
TX1	Untagged	MAC on port TX2	TX2	Unicast Traffic
TX1	Untagged	MAC on port TX3	TX3	Adds VID 2 in the packet
TX1	VID 4	MAC on port TX2		Packet Discarded
TX1	VID 4	MAC on port TX3		Packet Discarded
TX1	VID 2	MAC on port TX2	TX2	Strips VID off packet
TX3	Untagged	MAC on port TX6	TX6	Unicast Traffic
TX3	Untagged	Unknown MAC	TX4-TX8	Floods VLAN 1
TX3	VID 4	MAC on port TX5		Packet Discarded
TX3	VID 4	MAC on port TX4		Packet Discarded
TX3	VID 2	MAC on port TX4	TX4	Does not strip VID off packet
TX3	VID 2	MAC on port TX1	TX1	Strips VID off packet

Replace VID With Default Port VID	
Perform Ingress Filtering	
Discard Non-Tagged For Ports	(None)

VLAN ID	VLAN Name	Group Members	Untag On Egress	
0001	Default VLAN	(None)	(None)	
0002	VLAN-2	TX1, TX2, TX3, TX4, TX5, TX6, TX7, TX8	TX1, TX2, TX3, TX4, TX5, TX6, TX7, TX8	
0003	VLAN-3	TX2, TX3, TX4, TX5, TX6, TX7, TX8	TX2, TX3, TX4, TX5, TX6, TX7, TX8	
0004	VLAN-4	TX1, TX2	TX1, TX2	

Port No	Port Name	PVID
<u>01</u>	TX1	4
<u>02</u>	TX2	2
<u>03</u>	TX3	3
<u>04</u>	TX4	3
<u>05</u>	TX5	3
<u>06</u>	TX6	3
<u>07</u>	TX7	3
<u>08</u>	TX8	3

Receiving Port #	Tagged VID in packet	Destination Address	Transmitting Port #s	Notes
TX1	Untagged	MAC on port TX2, VID=4	TX2	Unicast Traffic
TX1	Untagged	MAC on port TX3	TX2	Floods VLAN 4
TX1	VID 4	MAC on port TX2, VID=4	TX2	Strips VID off packet
TX1	VID 4	Unknown MAC	TX2	Strips VID off packet & Floods VLAN 4
TX2	Untagged	MAC on port TX1, VID=2	TX1	Unicast Traffic
TX2	Untagged	MAC on port TX5, VID=2	TX5	Unicast Traffic
TX2	VID 2 or 3	MAC on port TX5, VID=2 and 3	TX5	Strips VID off packet (or floods if MAC is unknown for VID)
TX2	Untagged	Unknown MAC	TX1, TX3-TX8	Floods VLAN 2
TX3	Untagged	MAC on port TX1, VID=3	TX2, TX4-TX8	Floods VLAN 3
TX3	Untagged	MAC on port TX2, VID=3	TX2	Unicast Traffic
TX3	Untagged	MAC on port TX5, VID=3	TX5	Unicast Traffic
TX3	VID 2 or 3	MAC on port TX2, VID=2 and 3	TX2	Strips VID off packet (or floods if MAC is unknown for VID)

VID

3

TX8

08

		Replace VID With Default Port	VID		Port No	Port Name	PVII
		Perform Ingress Filte	ring		<u>01</u>	TX1	4
		Discard Non-Tagged For P	Ports (None)		<u>02</u>	TX2	2
VLAN ID	VLAN Name	Group Members	Untag On Egress	Allow Mgmt	<u>03</u>	TX3	3
0001	Default VLAN	(None)	(None)		<u>04</u>	TX4	3
0002	VLAN-2	TX1, TX2, TX3, TX4, TX5, TX6, TX7, TX8	TX1, TX2, TX3, TX4, TX5, TX6, TX7, TX8		<u>05</u>	TX5	3
0003	VLAN-3	TX2, TX3, TX4, TX5, TX6, TX7, TX8	TX2, TX3, TX4, TX5, TX6, TX7, TX8		<u>06</u>	TX6	3
0004	VLAN-4	TX1, TX2	TX1, TX2		<u>07</u>	TX7	3

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Static Multicast Group Address Filters					
Multicast Address Port List VLAN ID					
01:00:00:00:00:01	TX1, TX2, TX3, TX4, TX5, TX6, TX7, TX8	2			
01:00:00:00:00:02	3				

Receiving Port #	Tagged VID in packet	Destination Address	Transmitting Port #s	Notes
TX1	Untagged	01:00:00:00:00:01	TX2	Goes to ports TX1-TX8, but TX1 can only send to TX2 (VLAN 4)
TX3	Untagged	01:00:00:00:00:02	TX6, TX8	Goes to ports TX2, TX6-TX8 (VLAN 3) but filter keeps it on ports TX6 and TX8 only
TX2	Untagged	01:00:00:00:00:01	TX1,TX3-TX8	Goes to ports TX1-TX8, but won't go back out the port it came in on
TX2	Untagged	01:00:00:00:00:02	TX1,TX3-TX8	Goes to ports TX1,TX3-TX8
TX3	Untagged	01:00:00:00:00:01	TX2, TX4-TX8	Goes to ports TX2, TX4-TX8
TX6	Untagged	01:00:00:00:00:02	TX8	Goes to port TX8
TX3	Untagged	01:00:00:00:00:02	TX6, TX8	Goes to ports TX6 and TX8

Note: If there are multiple ports on different VLANs, the N-Tron switch will apply the static multicast address to the lowest VLAN-ID that is associated with one of the ports assigned to the static multicast address. If the lowest VLAN-ID contains all the ports assigned to the static multicast address (an umbrella VLAN), it will function for all those ports with no problems. This can be achieved with overlapping VLANs.

For further information and examples on overlapping vlans, see: http://www.n-tron.com/pdf/overlappingportvlan.pdf

KEY SPECIFICATION

Switch Properties

Number of MAC Addresses: Aging Time: Latency Type: Switching Method:

Physical

Height: Width: Depth (incl. DIN mount): Weight: DIN Rail

Electrical

Redundant Input Voltage: Input Current (max): Input Ripple: N-TRON Power Supply:

Environmental

Surrounding Air Temperature: -40°C to 80°C Storage Temperature: -40°C to 85°C

Operating Humidity: 5% to 95% (Non Condensing)

Operating Altitude 0 to 10,000 ft.

Shock and Vibration (bulkhead mounting)

Shock:200g @ 10msVibration/Seismic:50g, 5-200Hz, Triaxial

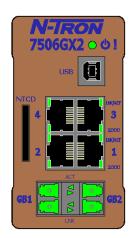
Reliability

MTBF: >2 Million Hours

Warranty: 3 years from the date of purchase.

4,000 Programmable 1.6 μs Store & Forward

3.75" (9.53 cm) 2.00" (5.08 cm) 3.87" (9.83 cm) 1.05 lbs. (0.48 kg) 35 mm



10-49VDC (Regulated) 440mA max. @ 24VDC Less than 100 mV NTPS-24-1.3 (1.3 Amp@24VDC) (NOTE: Not appropriate for use with M12, POE, and HV models.)

Connectors

10/100/1000BaseT: (4) RJ-45 Copper Ports

Optional SFP Ports: 1000BaseSX:

() is copper roles

Up to two (2) LC Duplex Gigabit Fiber Ports (optional)

Recommended Wiring Clearance:

Front: Side: 4" (10.16 cm) 1" (2.54 cm)

Network Media

10BaseT: 100BaseTX: 1000BaseT: >Cat3 Cable >Cat5 Cable >Cat5e Cable minimum length : 1 meter maximum length : 100 meters

Gigabit Fiber Transceiver (SFP) Characteristics

Fiber Length	550m* with 50/125 μm 275m @ 62.5/125μm	10km**	40km**	80km**
TX Power Min	-9.5dBm	-9.5dBm	-2dBm	0dBm
RX Sensitivity Max	-17dBm	-20dBm	-22dBm	-24dBm
Wavelength	850nm	1310nm	1310nm	1550nm
Assumed Fiber Loss	3.5 to 3.75 dB/km	0.45 dB/km	0.35 dB/km	0.25 dB/km
Laser Type	VCSEL	FP	DFB	DFB

*SX Fiber Optic Cable

** LX Fiber Optic Cable

Regulatory Approvals:

- Safety: UL listed per ANSI/ISA-12.12.01-2007 (US and Canada) This equipment is suitable for use in Class I, Div 2, Groups A, B, C, and D or non-hazardous locations only.
- **EMI:** FCC Title 47, Part 15, Subpart B Class A ICES-003 Class A
- EMS: IEC 61000-4-2 (ESD) IEC 61000-4-3 (RF) IEC 61000-4-4 (EFT) IEC 61000-4-5 (Surge) IEC 61000-4-6 (RF Common Mode) IEC 61000-4-8 (Power Frequency) IEC 61000-4-11 (Voltage Dips) EN 61000-6-4 (Emissions)



N-TRON Limited Warranty

N-TRON, Corp. warrants to the end user that this hardware product will be free from defects in workmanship and materials, under normal use and service, for the applicable warranty period from the date of purchase from N-TRON or its authorized reseller. If a product does not operate as warranted during the applicable warranty period, N-TRON shall, at its option and expense, repair the defective product or part, deliver to customer an equivalent product or part to replace the defective item, or refund to customer the purchase price paid for the defective product. All products that are replaced will become the property of N-TRON. Replacement products may be new or reconditioned. Any replaced or repaired product or part has a ninety (90) day warranty or the remainder of the initial warranty period, whichever is longer. N-TRON shall not be responsible for any custom software or firmware, configuration information, or memory data of customer contained in, stored on, or integrated with any products returned to N-TRON pursuant to any warranty.

OBTAINING WARRANTY SERVICE: Customer must contact N-TRON within the applicable warranty period to obtain warranty service authorization. Dated proof of purchase from N-TRON or its authorized reseller may be required. Products returned to N-TRON must be pre-authorized by N-TRON with a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number marked on the outside of the package, and sent prepaid and packaged appropriately for safe shipment. Responsibility for loss or damage does not transfer to N-TRON until the returned item is received by N-TRON. The repaired or replaced item will be shipped to the customer, at N-TRON's expense, not later than thirty (30) days after N-TRON receives the product. N-TRON shall not be responsible for any software, firmware, information, or memory data of customer contained in, stored on, or integrated with any products returned to N-TRON for repair, whether under warranty or not.

ADVANCE REPLACEMENT OPTION: Upon registration, this product qualifies for advance replacement. A replacement product will be shipped within three (3) days after verification by N-TRON that the product is considered defective. The shipment of advance replacement products is subject to local legal requirements and may not be available in all locations. When an advance replacement is provided and customer fails to return the original product to N-TRON within fifteen (15) days after shipment of the replacement, N-TRON will charge customer for the replacement product, at list price.

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GOVERNING LAW: This Limited Warranty shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, U.S.A