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## MODEL ADI - ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAY INTELLIGENT UNIT



- 256 MESSAGE CAPACITY
  - REAL TIME CLOCK/CALENDAR
  - MESSAGE QUEUE (Holds Up To Thirty-two Requested Messages)
  - SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS (RS-232 and Isolated 20 mA Current Loop)
  - OUTPUT/BUSY TERMINAL (NPN Open Collector Output)
  - PARALLEL COMMUNICATIONS
  - EMBEDDED DATA
  - ELAPSED TIMERS
  - BAUD RATES UP TO 19.2 K
  - COMBINED MESSAGE AND DATA MEMORY, 32 K
  - SIMPLE PUSH-BUTTON AND/OR CONTACT CLOSURE MESSAGE REQUESTS
  - AC VERSION: Switch Selectable 115/230 VAC
  - DC VERSION: Terminal Selectable 12/24 VDC
  - NEMA 4/IP65 SEALED FRONT PANEL CONSTRUCTION
  - DIN STANDARD PANEL CUTOUT  
3.62" (92 mm) x 7.32" (186 mm)
  - IBM® COMPATIBLE SOFTWARE FOR PROGRAMMING (sold separately)
- 2X20, 0.45" (11.4 mm) HIGH TRANSMISSIVE LCD, NEGATIVE IMAGE WITH RED, OR POSITIVE IMAGE WITH YELLOW/GREEN OR TRI-COLOR LED BACKLIGHTING
  - 153 DIFFERENT DISPLAYABLE CHARACTERS (Including 96 Standard ASCII Characters)
  - SCROLLING AND/OR BLINKING CHARACTERS
  - PERIODIC AND/OR CHAINED MESSAGES
  - PRIORITIZED MESSAGES
  - TIME AND DATE FUNCTIONS



UL Recognized Component,  
File # E171375

### DESCRIPTION

The Alphanumeric Display Intelligent (ADI) unit is a simple-to-use, yet versatile and powerful message center. The broad flexibility and functionality of the ADI make it particularly adaptable to a wide variety of applications, including:

- Display and Monitoring of Measured Values
- Indication of Warning, Error, and Alarm Conditions
- Monitoring of Manufacturing Processes
- Display of Machine Start-Up and Operation Procedures

The ADI is capable of storing and displaying up to 256 separate messages. A message can contain up to 250 characters of text and can display any of the 153 customizable characters, including the standard 96 character ASCII set. Individual lines of the message text can be programmed to scroll in a block or character fashion. Individual characters, blocks, and lines of text can be programmed to blink.

The ADI can assemble and transmit message text to one or more Message Display Slave (MDS) units for remote display of messages. For interfacing with serial printers and ASCII terminals, the message text can be assembled and

transmitted in any format the user desires. In this case, the appropriate lower ASCII control characters can be inserted in the message text where necessary.

Messages can also display the Current Time and Date and any of the ADI's sixteen Elapsed Timer values. A message can also collect and display multiple Embedded Data items.

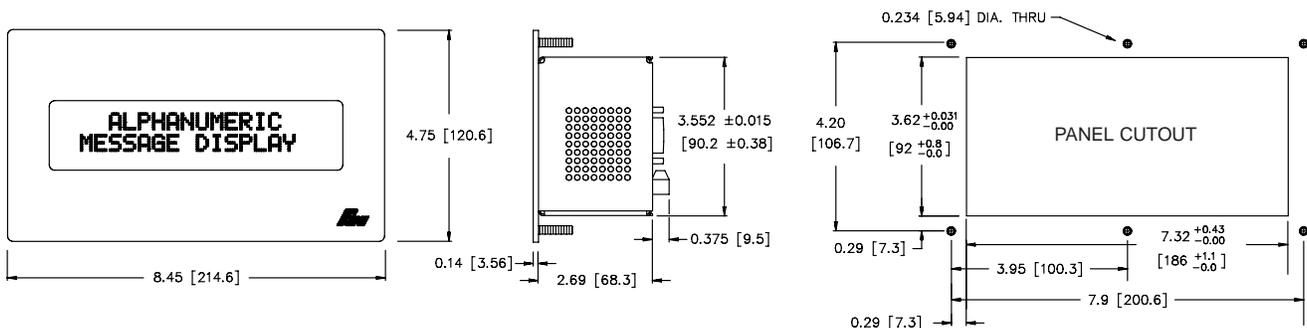
Messages can be requested via the ADI's Serial and Parallel ports, which the user can configure to meet the needs of most applications. The Parallel Port can also be configured to issue Automatic Message Requests based on changing port values.

The ADI contains functions for requesting messages on a Periodic basis, and for processing requests based on Elapsed Time and Embedded Data values, as well as for executing Chained and Linked message lists.

Any programmed message can be designated for automatic request on Unit Power-Up and Reset. A separate message can be designated for display when the ADI's Display would be blank.

RLC offers IBM® compatible software for configuring and programming the ADI. The Message Display User software (SFMD), with its easy-to-use menus, extensive prompts, on-line Help functions, message simulator, and terminal emulator, greatly assists the user in fitting the ADI to the application at hand.

### DIMENSIONS "In inches [mm]"



## DESCRIPTION (Cont'd)

The user can easily create and save multiple Configuration, Character, and Message files with the SFMD software. Extensive file handling features are included, such as uploading, downloading, and printing of files. Message simulation and terminal emulation functions also come with the software.

A powerful feature of the ADI is the Message Queue. With the Queue function disabled, the ADI processes messages on a first-come, first-served basis. Once the message is processed, higher priority or equal priorities go to the display, while lower priority messages are discarded. However, with the Queue function enabled, after the message is processed, high priority messages are placed on the Display while lower priority messages are placed on the Queue for later display in priority order.

The ADI display features a transmissive LCD with LED backlighting. The unit is available in positive or negative image LCD versions with a choice of backlight colors. The display consists of two lines of 5x7 dot-matrix characters, with 20 characters per line. A large 0.45" (11.4 mm) character height makes the ADI display readable to 15 feet (4.5 meters). An on-board pot allows for adjustment of the display viewing angle to accommodate various mounting heights.

The sealed front panel of the ADI meets NEMA 4/IP65 requirements, allowing for wash-down when properly installed. Modern surface-mount technology and extensive testing make the unit extremely reliable in industrial environments. Connections are made on rear panel removable terminal blocks, that accept solid or stranded wire in the range of 12 to 24 AWG.

## SAFETY SUMMARY

All safety related regulations, local codes and instructions that appear in the manual or on equipment must be observed to ensure personal safety and to prevent damage to either the instrument or equipment connected to it. If equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.



The protective conductor terminal is bonded to conductive parts of the equipment for safety purposes and must be connected to an external protective earthing system.

## SPECIFICATIONS

### 1. POWER:

**AC Version:** Switch selectable 115/230 VAC  $\pm 10\%$ , 50/60 Hz, 10 VA max.

**DC Version:** Switch selectable, 12/24 VDC  $\pm 10\%$ , 450 mA max. Power supplies must be Class 2 or SELV rated.

### 2. DISPLAY:

**2 X 20:** 0.45" (11.4 mm) high characters, readable to 15 feet (4.5 meters).

**Transmissive SBE LCD:** Negative Image with Red LED backlighting, OR Positive Image with Yellow-Green or Tri-color LED backlighting.

The brightness of the LED backlight is software adjustable through seventeen levels for the single color units. For the Tri-color unit, the color can be adjusted across 17 shades from Full Red to Orange to Full Yellow-Green. On-board pots separately adjust the intensity of the red and green backlight. The optimal viewing angle of the display may also be adjusted through an on-board pot.

### 3. PARALLEL COMMUNICATIONS:

#### Message Request Format:

**Binary:** 4 or 8 bits.

**BCD:** 4, 8, or 9 bits.

#### Embedded Data Format:

**Binary:** 4 or 8 bits.

**BCD:** 4 or 8 bits.

**ASCII:** 4 or 8 bits.

#### PARALLEL PORT INPUTS:

**Data Inputs (D0 - D7) & Control Inputs (Strobe & Message/Data):**  $V_{MAX} = 30$  VDC max.

**Data Lo/Hi Bias:** 5 V or 12 V compatible logic levels, switch selectable

**Lo Bias:**  $V_{IH} = 3.5$  VDC min.,  $V_{IL} = 1.5$  VDC max.

**Hi Bias:**  $V_{IH} = 8$  VDC min.,  $V_{IL} = 4$  VDC max.

**Control Lo/Hi Bias:** 5 V or 12 V compatible logic levels, switch selectable

**Lo Bias:**  $V_{IH} = 3.5$  VDC min.,  $V_{IL} = 1.5$  VDC max.

**Hi Bias:**  $V_{IH} = 8$  VDC min.,  $V_{IL} = 4$  VDC max.

**Data SNK/SRC:** Sink or Source, switch selectable.

**Control SNK/SRC:** Sink or source, switch selectable.

**Data Logic Level:** Positive or negative, switch selectable.

**Control Logic Level:** Positive or negative, switch selectable.

**Current Sinking:** Internal 10 K $\Omega$  pull-up,  $I_{SNK} = 1.2$  mA typ.

**Current Sourcing:** Internal 10 K $\Omega$  pull-down,

$I_{SRC} = 5.6$  mA max. @ 30 VDC.

**Debounce Time:** 0.01 to 2.55 seconds (programmable).

**Strobe Time:** 3 to 255 msec (programmable).

### 4. SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS:

RS-232 port w/9-Pin D-type female connector, full duplex. Also, 20 mA current loop w/DIP switch Enable/Disable.

**Data Format:** Four types available. switch selectable.

**11 bits:** 1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 parity bit, 1 stop bit.

**10 bits:** 1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit.

**10 bits:** 1 start bit, 7 data bits, 1 parity bit, 1 stop bit.

**9 bits:** 1 start bit, 7 data bits, 1 stop bit.

**Data Code:** ASCII

**Unit Address:** Programmable from 0 to 99. (The number of units in a single loop is limited by the hardware specifications.)

**Baud Rate:** 300 to 19200, switch selectable.

**Parity:** Enabled or Disabled, switch selectable.

**Even/Odd:** Selects parity type, switch selectable.

**7/8 BIT:** Data Bits, switch selectable.

**Serial Hardware:**

**20 mA Current Loop:** Terminal block connections

+20mA SRC: Provides 20 mA nominal @ 12 VDC.

Note: Can power up to 7 units in a loop.

-20mA SRC: Loop return for +20 mA SRC.

**SO/Output Transistor Rating:**  $V_{CE} = 30$  VDC max.,  $V_{SAT} = 1$  VDC max. @ 20 mA.

Note: Transistor rating allows for up to 28 units in a loop.

**SI/Input Diode Rating:**  $V_F = 1.25$  VDC typ.; 1.5 VDC max. @ 20 mA.

Note: The compliance voltage rating of the source must be greater than the sum of the diode voltage drops around the loop. Typically a 30 VDC source (with adequate current capability) is capable of operating between 18 and 22 units in a loop.

**RS-232 Port:** 9-Pin D-type female connector (DCE)

**Pin 2 (TXD):** Transmit Data (From the ADI to the host computer)

**Pin 3 (RXD):** Receive Data (From the host computer to the ADI)

**Pin 5:** Signal Common

### 5. OUTPUT/BUSY PIN:

**Solid State:** NPN open collector, current sinking,  $V_{OH} = 30$  VDC max.,  $I_{SNK} = 100$  mA max. @,  $V_{OL} = 1$  VDC max.

**Busy Mode:** Indicates the Ready/Busy status of the unit.

**Output Mode:** Output is activated from a Command or Message for a specified time out value.

**Time Out:** 10 msec to 63 mins or Latched.

### 6. REAL-TIME CLOCK:

Non-volatile Date and Time, accurate to  $\pm 1$  minute/month.

### 7. MEMORY:

32 K bytes of non-volatile memory retains all programmed Configuration, Message, and Character settings when power is removed or interrupted.

Provides space for 256 Messages of 100 bytes each while capable of storing 4 K bytes of Embedded Data. The actual amount of embedded data storage space is determined by the size of the message file.

### 8. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS:

**Operating Temperature:** 0 to 50°C

**Storage Temperature:** -20 to 60°C

**Operating and Storage Humidity:** 85% max. (non-condensing) from 0°C to 50°C.

**Altitude:** Up to 2000 meters

### 9. CERTIFICATIONS AND COMPLIANCES:

**UL Recognized Component, File #E171375**

Recognized to U.S. and Canadian requirements under the Component Recognition Program of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.

#### Electromagnetic Compatibility

##### Immunity to EN 50082-2

electrostatic discharge	EN 61000-4-2	level 2; 4 Kv contact level 3; 8 Kv air
electromagnetic RF fields	EN 61000-4-3	level 3; 10 V/m 80 MHz - 1 GHz
fast transients (burst)	EN 61000-4-4	level 4; 2 Kv I/O level 3; 2 Kv power
RF conducted interference	EN 61000-4-6	level 3; 10 V/rms 150 KHz - 80 MHz
simulation of cordless telephone	ENV 50204	level 3; 10 V/m 900 MHz $\pm$ 5 MHz 200 Hz, 50% duty cycle
Emissions to EN 50081-2		
RF interference	EN 55011	enclosure class A power mains class A

Refer to the EMC Installation Guidelines section of the manual for additional information.

### 10. MOUNTING REQUIREMENTS:

Maximum panel thickness is 0.375" (9.5 mm). Minimum panel thickness for NEMA 4/IP65 sealing is 0.060" (1.57 mm).

### 11. CONSTRUCTION:

Steel construction with textured black polyurethane paint for scratch and corrosion resistance. Sealed front panel meets NEMA 4/IP65 specifications for indoor use when properly installed. Installation Category II, Pollution Degree 2. (panel gasket and keps nuts included).

### 12. CONNECTIONS:

Rear panel removable terminal blocks.

### 13. WEIGHT:

3.4 lb. (1.5 Kg).

## CONNECTING THE ADI TO AN IBM® COMPATIBLE COMPUTER

In order for the user to program Messages in the ADI, the ADI must be connected to an IBM® compatible computer running the Message Display User Software (SFMD). User-friendly menus with numerous prompts and on-line Help functions assist the user in interfacing with and programming the ADI. The SFMD software allows the user to program Configuration, Character, and Message files for the ADI and save them to disk. The user can then download these files, as needed, from the computer's serial port to one or more ADI units on the communications loop.

The SFMD software also includes utilities for message simulation and terminal emulation.

### System Requirements:

IBM® compatible PC-AT (286 or greater) with:

- RS232 serial port
- 640K RAM Free
- DOS 3.0 or later
- 1.4 Meg floppy drive
- Monitor with MDA, CGA, EGA, or VGA graphics card.

*Note: The SFMD software will not run on a PC-XT computer.*

### Cabling:

#### Single Unit

Standard RS-232 cable

#### Multiple Units

- RLC GCM232 Serial Converter Module
- Serial communications cable (*straight through*)
- RLC Auxiliary Power Supply (*Model APS*) or equivalent (*12 VDC power supply*).

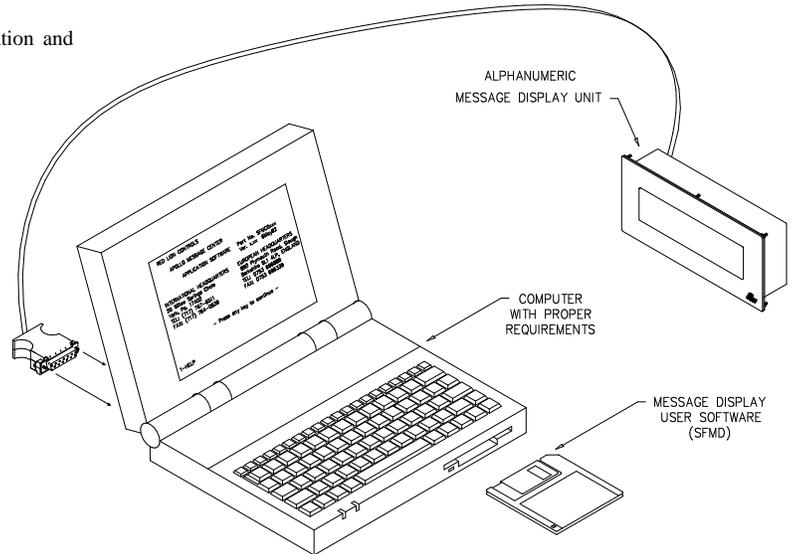
### Message Display User Software (SFMD):

Available on 3.5" floppy disks.

*Note: Setup may only be performed via the serial port.*

With the Message Simulator, the user can verify the proper operation of a Message or Message file on the computer screen without having to download the Message file to the ADI.

The Terminal Emulator can assist the user in verifying and testing the operation of the downloaded Message file. It can also be used to monitor and trouble-shoot serial port communications.



## BASIC OPERATION

The ADI performs two basic functions; it processes Messages and executes Commands. The ADI begins processing a Message in response to a request for that Message. In processing the Message, the ADI performs the functions the user has specified for that Message. A Message may specify any combination of the following functions:

1. Display Text Locally: The ADI displays the Message Text, which can include the Current Time and Date, Elapsed Timer values, and Embedded Data items.
2. Display Text Remotely: The ADI transmits the Message Text to an RLC Message Display Slave (MDS) unit for Display.
3. Transmit Text: The ADI transmits the Message Text, which can also include ASCII control codes, over the serial port to a computer, serial printer, or ASCII terminal.
4. Configure Elapsed Timers: The Message can access one or more of the ADI's sixteen Elapsed Timers.
5. Collect Embedded Data: The Message can collect up to fifteen Embedded Data items.
6. Configure the Output Pin: The Message can access the ADI's Output Pin function.

*See the Message section for descriptions of the Message features.*

A full set of Commands is available for configuring the ADI to the user's application. Two methods are available to the user for issuing Commands to the ADI. A Command string can be issued directly over the Serial Port, or a Message can be programmed containing the desired Command string (Command Message). In this case, the ADI executes the Command when the Message containing the Command is requested.

*See the Command section for descriptions of the available Commands.*

Several sources are available to the user for requesting Messages. The ADI constantly monitors the following sources for pending Message requests:

1. The Serial Port: A computer, ASCII terminal, or PLC issues the request over the Serial Port.
2. The Parallel Port: A PLC, thumb-wheel switch, push-button, or relay contact issues the request over the Parallel Port.
3. A Chained Message List: The requested Message is part of a programmed Message sequence.

4. The Link Function: The requested Command Message is linked to any other Message.
5. The Periodic Function: The Message is designated for request on a regular interval.
6. The Reset Function: The Message is designated for request on Unit Power-Up or Reset.
7. The Default Function: The Message is designated for request when there is no other pending message request.
8. The Queue Function: The Message was previously requested, and placed on the Queue because a higher Priority Message was on the Display at that time.
9. An Elapsed Timer: The Message is designated for request at a predetermined Elapsed Timer value.
10. A Test Condition: The Message request is generated based on the results of an Index Embedded Data Item comparison.

## SERIAL PORT

The ADI hardware includes a full duplex Serial Port implemented as both an RS-232 port and an isolated, two-way 20 mA current loop. Some typical devices that can be connected to the serial port are:

### ASCII Terminals

**Programmable Logic Controllers with Serial Communications**  
**Host Computers**  
**RLC and other Products with Serial Communications**  
**Serial Printers**

Communication between devices must conform to identical Data Bit, Baud Rate, and Parity settings. The following operations can be performed

### Uploading and Downloading Files

### Requesting Messages

### Receiving and Transmitting Message Text

### Receiving and Transmitting Commands

### Collecting and Transmitting Embedded Data

### Transmitting Error Codes

A serial hardware loop-back test can easily be performed to verify proper operation of the ADI's Serial Port.

## PARALLEL PORT

The ADI hardware includes a Parallel Port consisting of eight Data lines and two Control lines; the Message/Data line and the Strobe line. The Message/Data line indicates whether a Message number or Embedded Data value is present on the Data lines. The Strobe line signals the ADI to read the Parallel Port.

Among the devices that can be connected to the Parallel Port are:

- Programmable Logic Controllers (PLC's)**
- BCD and Binary Thumb-wheel Switches**
- Push Buttons**
- Transducers w/Logic Level Outputs**
- Electro-mechanical and Solid State Relays**

The Parallel Port can be configured for 4, 8, or 9 bit BCD and 4 or 8 bit binary Message requests. Embedded Data can be presented in 4 or 8 bit ASCII, BCD, and binary formats. The Parallel Port Data and Control line inputs are separately DIP switch selectable for either positive or negative logic, current sinking or sourcing inputs, and 5 V or 12 V logic level compatibility.

The Parallel Port interface protocol is straight forward:

1. Set the Data lines and the Message/Data line to the appropriate values.
2. Apply a Strobe pulse (programmable from 3-250 msec).
3. Allow the Debounce time to expire (programmable from 10 to 2550 msec).
4. Repeat as required by the chosen Parallel Port configuration.

The Parallel Port can be configured for one of two Automatic Message Request (AMR) operation modes. Either of these modes issues automatic message requests, without need for a Strobe pulse, when the value on the Parallel Port changes.

In AMR Mode 1, Message requests are edge-triggered, based on the individual Data line values. A pair of Messages is assigned to each Parallel Port Data line. One Message is requested when its associated Data line goes to the active state, the other is executed when the Data line goes to the inactive state.

In AMR Mode 2, the eight Data lines represent a Message number. The appropriate Message is requested when the 8-bit value on the Data lines changes.

In either AMR mode, the Message/Data line can be used to enable and disable Automatic Message Requests. In addition, the Strobe and Debounce times can be programmed to set the noise immunity level and message request rate. A Default Message can be designated for request on any unused data lines or "don't care" conditions. If the Default Message function is disabled, all non-programmed combinations are ignored.

## OUTPUT/BUSY PIN

The ADI hardware includes one NPN open-collector output pin which can be configured for positive or negative logic. The pin can be set to operate in one of two modes, the Busy Mode or the Output Mode.

**Busy Mode:** The ADI uses the pin in the Busy Mode to acknowledge Message requests and reception of data items. The pin is in the active state during the Busy time (*while the ADI is processing a Message request or collecting Embedded Data*).

**Output Mode:** With the pin in the Output Mode, a Message or Command can change the status of any of the following Output Pin settings:

**Lock or Unlock:** The ADI only accepts changes to the pin settings while the pin is Unlocked.

**On, Off, or Toggle:** The ADI sets the Output pin to the specified state. In the case of Toggle, the ADI switches the current state, from On to Off, or Off to On.

**Set, Halt, or Run Time Out:** When the Output Time Out expires, the ADI automatically sets the pin to the inactive state. The Time Out can be Halted at any time. It can be resumed at a later time, or started from one of the following values:

1. 10 to 1260 msec.
2. 1 to 63 secs.
3. 1 to 63 mins.
4. Latched On.
5. Configuration File value.

## MESSAGES

Messages make up the heart of the ADI. The user can program a Message to perform many functions, or a Message can simply display text. In addition, the user can choose to have the Message collect Embedded Data, configure one or more Elapsed Timers, access the Output Pin, transmit character strings and/or text to remote locations, and display the Current Time, Elapsed Time, and previously collected Embedded Data Items. The Message can also be programmed to perform any of the ADI's Command functions.

## MESSAGE FEATURES

### Message Destination:

- Display
- MDS Unit
- Transmit
- Display & MDS Unit
- Display & Transmit
- Command Message

### Message Time Out:

- Immediate Time Out (0 secs)
- 10 to 1260 msec
- 1 to 63 secs
- 1 to 63 mins
- No time out

### Message Scrolling:

- Static (none)
- Character (horizontal)
- Block

### Message Priority:

- 1 to 255

### Queue Message:

- Can select Message for Queue

### Message Chain:

- Can Chain up to 32 Messages

### Output Pin:

- Can access the Output Pin

### Periodic Message:

- Can designate the Message for Periodic request

### Message Text:

#### Characters:

- Standard:** 20h to 7Fh

- European and Special:**

- 80h to B8h

- All Characters Customizable**

- ASCII Control Codes

#### Current Time and Date

#### Elapsed Timer Values

#### Local Embedded Data Items

#### Indexed Embedded Data Items

#### Scrolling Text

#### Blinking Text

#### Elapsed Timers:

- Can access up to 16 timers

#### Embedded Data:

- Can collect up to 15 items

#### Update Data:

- Continuous Update

- 10 to 1260 msec

- 1 to 63 secs

- 1 to 63 mins

- No Update

#### Data Types:

- Local Item:** Only the collecting Message can access the item.

- Index Item:** Any Message can access the item, and Commands can operate on the item (increment, decrement, test).

#### Data Sources:

##### Serial Port

##### Parallel Port

- Internal:** any combination of the following

- Elapsed Time:** Capture an Elapsed Timer value

- Current Time:** Capture the Current Time value

- Indexed Item:** Capture an Index value

- Text:** Any Text Character

The Message Editing menu of the SFMD software greatly simplifies the task of programming Messages for the ADI. The menu is structured in a logical, easy-to-understand order and displays all of the possible functions that a Message can perform. The user programs a particular message by specifying the number of the Message and then selects the applicable functions for the Message. The software displays numerous prompts and on-line Help functions during the Message programming process.

The ADI can store 256 different Messages at one time, numbered 0 to 255. A collection of Messages for a particular application comprises a Message file. The user then downloads the resulting Message file to the ADI using the SFMD software via the Serial Port.

## MESSAGE DESTINATION

The destination of a Message determines the manner in which the ADI processes a request for that Message. The following Message Destinations are available to the user:

**Display:** The ADI processes the Message and then places the Message Text on its own Display.

**MDS Unit:** The ADI processes the Message and then transmits the Message Text to an RLC Message Display Slave (MDS) unit.

**Transmit:** The ADI processes the Message and then transmits the Message Text via the Serial Port in a user definable format.

**Display and MDS Unit:** The ADI performs both the Display and MDS Unit functions.

**Display and Transmit:** The ADI performs both the Display and Transmit functions.

**Command Message:** The ADI executes the Command specified in the Message.

Only Messages destined for the Display can be assigned a Priority, placed on the Queue, and specify a Chained Message List. Also, a Message must be destined for the Display and/or an MDS unit in order for it to have a Time Out value.

## MESSAGE TEXT

The user specifies the text format for a Message in the text area of the SFMD Message menu. In addition to any of the characters in the ADI's character set, Message Text can include the Current Time and Date, Elapsed Timer values, Local and Indexed Data items, and the lower ASCII control codes, such as CR and LF.

The user can select among several different scrolling techniques for each line of the text. The text can be a static display or can be scrolled horizontally across the screen. The user can break the text into blocks, which are displayed one after another. Also, the user can designate individual characters, blocks, and whole lines of text for blinking.

## DISPLAYABLE CHARACTER SET

The ADI can display 153 different characters. The standard ASCII character set, from 20h to 7Fh comprises the first 96 characters. The remainder of the character set, from 80h to B8h, includes many European and special characters. The SFMD software allows the user to customize all 153 characters.

## CURRENT DATE/TIME AND ELAPSED TIME

The Real Time Clock (RTC) in the ADI maintains the current Date and Time whether or not power is applied to the unit. The user can insert the Current Time and/or Date in the Message Text in any desired format. Also any of the Elapsed Timers can have their time fields included in the Message Text. The ADI automatically updates all currently displayed values.

### Date Formats:

**Day of the Week:** Full (e.g., MONDAY) or Abbreviated (e.g., MON).

**Day of the Month:** Numeric (e.g., 1-31).

**Month:** Full (e.g., JANUARY), Abbreviated (e.g., JAN.), or Numeric (e.g., 1 = January).

**Year:** Full (e.g., 1993) or Abbreviated (e.g., 93).

### Current Time Formats:

**Civilian (12 Hour) Clock:** Any combination of Hours, Minutes, Seconds, Tenths and Hundredths of seconds. The A.M. or P.M. designator may be included (e.g. 4:30 P.M.).

**Military (24 Hour) Clock:** Any combination of Hours, Minutes, Seconds, Tenths and Hundredths of seconds (e.g. 16:30).

**Elapsed Time Formats:** Any combination of Hours, Minutes, Seconds, Tenths and Hundredths of seconds. (e.g. 97:31:25).

**Field Separators:** Any character NOT used in the Date and Time fields can be used to separate the fields (e.g. "- : /").

*Format examples: Monday, April 26, 1993 4:30 P.M.  
26Apr93 16:30.7*

## MESSAGE SCROLLING AND BLINKING

The user can designate individual lines of text for various forms of scrolling. A programmed Message can specify separate scrolling methods for each line of the Display. The Message designates whether to scroll the text for a line, while the appropriate Configuration setting determines the rate at which the ADI scrolls the text. The user can specify separate scroll rates for the top and bottom lines of the display.

**Character Scrolling:** A line of text designated for Character scrolling repeatedly moves across the Display from right to left at the rate specified by that line's Character Scroll setting. The user can also choose to separate the text into blocks, which would then scroll across the Display separately, one after another. In this case, the user specifies the size of the blocks by inserting control codes at the desired locations in the Message Text.

**Block Scrolling:** A line of Text designated for Block scrolling repeatedly displays blocks of information, one after another, at the rate specified by that line's Block Scroll setting. The user specifies the size of the blocks by inserting control codes at the desired locations in the Message Text.

**Blinking:** Characters designated for Blinking in a line, blink at the rate specified by that line's Blink setting. The user designates individual characters and/or blocks of text for Blinking by inserting control codes at the desired locations in the Message Text.

## DISPLAYING MESSAGES

The ADI processes Messages for display based on their Destination, Priority, Time Out value, and type of Message request.

**Message Time Out:** The Message Time Out value specifies how long the ADI should display the Message. The ADI automatically cancels a Message after its remaining display time reaches zero. Messages placed on the Queue have their remaining display time frozen. The ADI resumes the Message Time Out when the Message is placed from the Queue to the Display. Messages can be set for No Time Out, in which case the Message does not Time Out. To remove the Message from the Display, it must be canceled, or replaced by an equal or higher Priority Message.

**Message Priority:** The user can assign a Priority of 1 (highest) to 255 (lowest) to a Message. If the user does not require a Prioritized Message scheme, the SFMD software automatically assigns each programmed Message a default Priority of 1, and the ADI processes all Messages on an equal basis.

The ADI compares the Priority of the newly requested Message with that of the Message on the Display to determine which Message to display. In this scheme, the ADI always places an equal or higher Priority requested Message on the Display.

If the Message Queue function is enabled and the lower Priority Message is designated for the Queue, the ADI positions the Message on the Queue based on its Priority. Otherwise, the ADI discards the Message. (*See the Message Queue section*).

**Immediate Message Request:** A user can request any Message while overriding its programmed Priority. In this case, the ADI immediately places the requested Message on the Display. The Message, however, reverts to its assigned Priority once having been placed on the Display.

**Temporary Message Request:** It is also possible to place a Temporary Message on the Display. In this case, the actual Message text is transmitted to the ADI via the Serial Port, and the ADI immediately places the Message Text on the Display. A Temporary Message has no Priority and the ADI replaces the Temporary Message with any subsequently requested Message destined for the Display.

## MESSAGE CHAINING

The user can specify up to thirty-two Messages in a Chained Message list. When processing a Message Chain, the ADI automatically requests the next Message in the Chain list after the previous Message expires or is canceled. The Priority of a Message Chain is the Priority of the Message specifying the Chain.

Message Chains are useful for performing programmed sequences of Messages and Commands. Message Chains can also loop back to any point in the Message Chain list, providing the user with a means for programming a repetitive sequence or loop of Messages and Commands.

## EMBEDDED DATA FEATURES

A Message can collect up to fifteen Embedded Data (ED) Items. An ED Item can originate from any of the following sources:

**The Serial Port:** The data is received as an ASCII character string over the Serial Port.

**The Parallel Port:** The data is received in ASCII, BCD, or Binary formats, as specified by the user, over the Parallel Port.

**ADI Internal Data:** The data consists of any combination of the Current Time/Date, Elapsed Timer values, Indexed Data Items, and/or character strings, as specified by the user.

Once the ADI has collected and processed an ED item, it stores the item as one of the following ED types:

**Local:** Only the Message collecting a Local ED item can Display that item.

The ADI deletes the data when the Message Times Out or when the message is removed from the Queue.

**Index:** The ADI stores the data in one of 96 Indexed locations, as specified by the user. Any Message can then update and/or display the data. In addition, Indexed data items can be incremented, decremented, and have comparison tests performed upon them, resulting in conditional message requests (See the *Commands and Command Messages* section).

Data can be collected from any combination of sources and both Local and Indexed items can be collected in the same Message. The user specifies the order in which the ADI should collect the data. The ADI collects all Local items before collecting any Indexed items.

### Serial Port Embedded Data Features:

**Transmit Request:** The ADI issues the programmed character string (up to 127 characters) before collecting the data. This feature is useful for requesting data transmissions from serial units.

**Data Length:** Up to 128 characters, including the string terminator.

**Data Time Out:** The time the ADI waits to receive the data.

**Immediate:** The ADI does not wait for any data.

**1 to 254 secs:** In 1 second increments.

**Indefinite:** The ADI waits indefinitely until it receives data.

**Data Terminator:** The character indicating the end of the data.

0 to 7, 9 to 26, 28 to 255 decimal.

### Leading Zero Blanking or Suppression.

**Data Formatting:** Any combination of characters can be kept or deleted after the data is collected.

**Update Data:** Each item can be updated while on the Display.

**Continuous:** The ADI updates the data as fast as possible.

**10 to 1260 msec:** In 10 millisecond increments.

**1 to 63 seconds:** In 1 second increments.

**1 to 63 minutes:** In 1 minute increments.

**No Update:** The ADI does not update the data.

### Parallel Port Embedded Data Features:

**Transmit Request:** The ADI issues the programmed character string (up to 127 characters) before collecting the data. This feature is useful for logging unit activity on a serial printer or ASCII terminal.

**Data Type and Length:**

**ASCII:** Up to 23 characters.

**BCD:** Up to 22 digits.

**Binary:** Up to two bytes (16 bits, max. value 65535).

**Data Time Out:** The time the ADI waits to receive the data.

**Immediate:** The ADI does not wait for any data.

**1 to 254 secs:** In 1 second increments.

**Indefinite:** The ADI waits indefinitely until it receives data.

### Leading Zero Blanking or Suppression.

**Data Formatting:** Any combination of characters can be kept or deleted after the data is collected.

**Update Data:** Each item can be updated while on the Display.

**Continuous:** The ADI updates the data as fast as possible.

**10 to 1260 msec:** In 10 millisecond increments.

**1 to 63 seconds:** In 1 second increments.

**1 to 63 minutes:** In 1 minute increments.

**No Update:** The ADI does not update the data.

**Internal Embedded Data Features:** The user specifies the format of an Internal Data item much the same as the format of Message Text.

**Data Length:** An Internal item can be up to 127 characters long.

**Characters:** The item can include any of the displayable characters plus the lower ASCII control codes, if desired.

**Current Time and Date:** The current value of the Time and/or Date can be captured and inserted in any specified location and format.

**Elapsed Timer Values:** The current value of the designated Elapsed Timer can be captured and inserted in any user specified location and format.

**Indexed Data Values:** The current value of the designated Index item can be inserted at any user specified location.

### Leading Zero Blanking or Suppression.

**Data Formatting:** Any combination of characters can be kept or deleted after the data is collected.

**Update Data:** Each item can be updated while on the Display.

**Continuous:** The ADI updates the data as fast as possible.

**10 to 1260 msec:** In 10 millisecond increments.

**1 to 63 seconds:** In 1 second increments.

**1 to 63 minutes:** In 1 minute increments.

**No Update:** The ADI does not update the data.

## ELAPSED TIMERS

The ADI has sixteen independent Elapsed Timers. The Elapsed Timer functions can be accessed through both Messages and Commands. The ADI configures the designated Elapsed Timers to the settings of the requested Message. Commands and Command Messages can also be issued to access any of the Elapsed Timer functions.

The user can display the value of an Elapsed Timer in any desired format. The ADI constantly updates all displayed Elapsed Timer values.

The following features are available for the Elapsed Timers:

**Disposition:** On every unit Power-Up and Reset, the ADI configures each Elapsed Timer based on the Timer's Disposition setting.

**Save:** The ADI maintains the timer configuration on Power-Down or Reset (e.g., if the Timer was running when the ADI powered-down, the Timer will continue to run when power is restored to the unit).

**Clear:** The ADI resets the Timer configuration to the default settings on Power-Down or Reset (i.e. the ADI halts and clears the timer on Power-Up).

**Timer Status:** Each Timer can be independently running or halted.

**Timer Direction:** Each Timer can run Up or Down. The direction of the Timer can be changed without stopping or resetting the Timer.

**Timer Value:** The Timer can be set to any value within the range from 0000:00:00.00 to 9999:59:59.99.

**Timer Overflow/Underflow:** The Timer value rolls-over on Overflow or Underflow. A user resettable flag indicates the event.

**Trigger Status:** Enables and disables the Trigger function for a Timer. With this function enabled, the ADI automatically requests the assigned Trigger Message when the Timer reaches its Trigger value.

**Trigger Type:**

**One-Shot:** With the Trigger enabled, once the Timer reaches its Trigger value, the ADI requests the Trigger Message and then disables the Trigger function. The Timer continues to run and the Timer value is unaffected.

**Retrigger:** With the Trigger enabled, once the Timer reaches its Trigger value, the ADI requests the Trigger Message, resets the Timer value to zero, and re-enables the Trigger function. The Timer continues to run. This feature is useful for generating automatic Message requests on a repetitive basis.

**Trigger Value:** The Trigger value can be set to any value in the range from 0000:00:00.00 to 9999:59:59.99

**Trigger Message:** With the Trigger function enabled, the ADI requests the Trigger Message when the Timer value reaches the Trigger value. The Trigger Message can be any programmed Message.

## PERIODIC MESSAGE FUNCTION

The Periodic function enables the user to specify up to 32 Messages for automatic request on a Periodic basis. Any programmed Message can be assigned to the Periodic function. The user can enable or disable the Periodic function in the Configuration file. Also, individual Periodic entries can be enabled, disabled, turned On, and turned Off.

The ADI monitors two parameters when processing the Periodic function; the Activation Time and the Periodic Interval. The Activation Time of a Periodic entry indicates the next time the ADI should request the Message for that entry. The Periodic Interval specifies how frequently the ADI should request the Message. Once the Current Time reaches the Activation Time, the ADI requests the Message and then advances the Activation Time by one Interval.

The Activation Time is specified as a Time and Date and can be set to any time in the future with one minute precision. The available Interval types are listed below:

**Seconds:** 1 to 5, 10, 15, 20, or 30

**Minutes:** 1 to 99

**Hours:** 1 to 99

**Days:** 1 to 99 (*weeks 1 to 14*)

**Months:** 1 to 99 (*years 1 to 8*)

**Semi-Monthly:** 15th and 30th/31st of the month

**Day-of-Month:** 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, Last Sunday to Saturday of month

**End-of-Month:** 28, 29, 30, or 31

**End-of-Quarter:** 28, 29, 30, or 31

**One Time Activation**

## MESSAGE QUEUE FUNCTION

The Message Queue is a holding area for requested Messages while the Display is occupied with a higher Priority Message. When enabled, the Queue function causes the ADI to keep a lower Priority requested Message. It can hold up to 32 requested Messages.

The configuration setting enables and disables the Message Queue function. With the function disabled, an equal or higher Priority requested Message is always displayed, while a lower Priority Message is always discarded. If a prioritized Message scheme is not desired, the user should simply allow the SFMD software to assign the default Priority of 1 to all the programmed Messages. In this case, the most recently requested Message is always placed on the Display.

The user can select individual Messages for placement on the Queue. Messages so designated are positioned on the Queue based on their individual Priorities, Messages not designated for the Queue are discarded when they cannot be displayed.

Messages destined for an MDS Unit or transmission via the Serial Port are processed when requested and then discarded. These Messages have no Priority or Time Out value assigned and are never placed on the Display or the Queue.

## DEFAULT MESSAGE FUNCTION

The user can designate any programmed Message as the Default Message. With the Default function enabled, the ADI automatically requests the Default Message when the Display is empty.

## RESET MESSAGE FUNCTION

The user can designate any programmed Message as the Reset Message. With the Reset Message function enabled, the ADI automatically requests the Reset Message on unit Power-Up and Reset. The Reset Message function is useful for performing customized start-up and initialization procedures.

## COMMANDS AND COMMAND MESSAGES

A full set of Commands is available to the user for both configuring and interrogating the ADI. It is possible for the user to program any Command string as a Message, resulting in a Command Message. The ADI executes the specified Command when the command message is requested. A Command Message can be executed from any of the Message request sources. A Command string must be transmitted to the ADI over the serial port.

Commands are available for changing the configuration settings of the ADI on-line. Consequently, the ADI can be programmed to adapt itself to changing system requirements and demands. Commands can also cause the ADI to transmit any of its current configuration settings over the serial port in an easy to read mnemonic format.

Commands are provided for configuring and interrogating the Elapsed Timers and the Output Pin. Indexed data items can be programmed, interrogated, incremented, decremented, and tested using commands.

Certain Commands can request specific Messages on the Queue to be displayed, transmitted, or canceled based on their Priority, Message number, or Queue position. Commands can also transmit Temporary Message text to the ADI as well as cause the ADI to transmit the text of any Message on its Display or in its Queue.

It is possible to communicate with other units down-stream of the ADI and to have the ADI automatically configure other units on the loop with the appropriate Commands.

## SELF-TEST FEATURES

With the appropriate DIP-switch settings applied at unit Power-Up, the user can have the ADI perform any of the following functions:

- Display the Hardware Configuration Setup
- Display the Configuration Parameter Settings
- Display the Parallel Port Configuration and Pin Values
- Perform a Serial Loop-Back Test
- Perform a Memory Self Test
- Perform a Real Time Clock Self-Test
- Restore the Default Factory Settings

## CONFIGURATION SETTINGS

The various Configuration settings of the ADI determine the method in which the unit processes and displays Messages. These Configuration settings include the Function settings for the unit, its communications parameters for the Serial Port and the Parallel Port, and the Output/Busy pin and Display settings.

The Configuration settings can be programmed in the Configuration menu of the Message Display User Software (SFMD). A programmed Configuration file can be downloaded to one or more ADI's over the serial port. It is also possible to change individual settings in an ADI through the use of Commands or Command Messages. The Terminal Emulator mode of the SFMD software can be used to issue commands to an ADI.

### CONFIGURATION SETTINGS

<b>Unit Address:</b> 0 to 99	<b>Output/Busy Pin:</b> Output mode
<b>Default Message Function:</b> On or Off	Busy mode Disabled
<b>Error Handling:</b> Display Transmit Display & Transmit Ignore	<b>Logic Level:</b> Positive Negative
<b>Periodic Message Function:</b> On or Off	<b>Time Out Value:</b> 10 to 1260 msecs 1 to 63 secs 1 to 63 mins Latched On
<b>Message Queue Function:</b> On or Off	<b>Display Settings:</b>
<b>Reset Message Function:</b> On or Off	<b>Backlight Intensity:</b> 0 (Off) to 16 (Full On)
<b>Parallel Port:</b>	<b>Tri-color:</b> 0 (full red) 16 (full green)
<b>Data Type:</b> BCD - 4 bits BCD - 8 bits BCD - 9 bits Binary - 4 bits Binary - 8 bits AMR mode 1 AMR mode 2	<b>Blink Time:</b> <b>Top line:</b> 10 to 1270 msecs <b>Bottom line:</b> 10 to 1270 msecs
<b>Debounce Time:</b> 10 to 2550 msecs	<b>Block Scroll Time:</b> <b>Top line:</b> 1 to 127 secs <b>Bottom line:</b> 1 to 127 secs
<b>Sample Time:</b> 3 to 255 msecs	<b>Character Scroll Time:</b> <b>Top line:</b> 10 to 1270 msecs <b>Bottom line:</b> 10 to 1270 msecs
<b>Embedded Data Time Out:</b> On or Off	<b>Day/Month Names:</b> Programmable, up to thirteen characters each
<b>Time Out Value:</b> Immediate 1 to 254 secs	
<b>Serial Port:</b>	
<b>Transmit Delay:</b> 0 to 2550 msecs	
<b>Terminator:</b> 1-7, 9-26, 28-47, 58-64 decimal	
<b>Embedded Data Time Out:</b> On or Off	
<b>Time Out Value:</b> Immediate 0 to 254 secs	

## ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL NO.	DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBERS	
		12/24 VDC	115/230 VAC
ADI	Red, Negative Image	AD12R11D	AD12R11A
	Yel-Grn, Positive Image	AD14Y11D	AD14Y11A
	Tri-color (Red, Orange, Green), Positive Image	AD14T11D	AD14T11A
SFMD	Apollo Message Display User Software (3 1/2"; 1.44M)	SFMD0	
GCM232	Serial Converter Module RS-232	GCM23201	

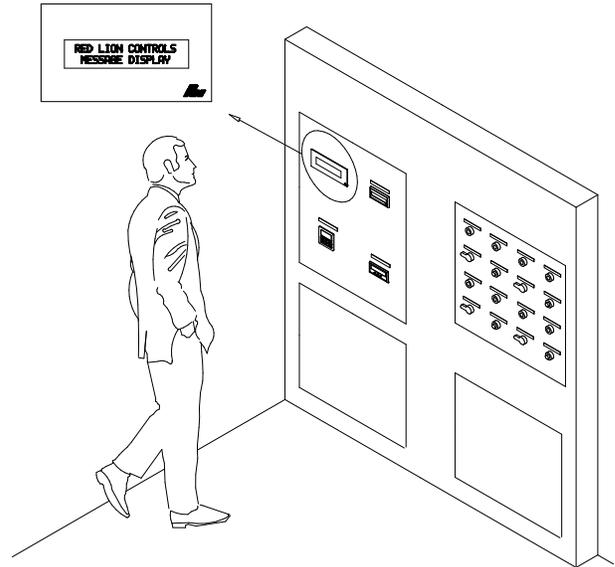
*Note: Only one copy of software is required for multiple units.*

## APPLICATION #1

A customer is installing a PLC based system and would like to display various messages on the ADI. The PLC is wired to the ADI to request specific messages dependent upon the state of the process. Once the ADI receives and processes the message request, it displays the message that corresponds to the change in the process. The ADI is also set up to transmit the display messages to various MDS units located at remote locations.

The ADI and the PLC are connected serially, using the RS232 card of the PLC and the 9 pin RS232 port of the ADI. The cable run between the units is shielded twisted pair (for better noise immunity). The PLC's serial card is requesting messages from the ADI.

The ADI will re-transmit the displayed messages to various MDS units, using the 20 mA current loop. The ADI is set up for "Display & MDS unit" in the software. The MDS's are set up for RLC mode. The output of the ADI is wired to the inputs of the MDS units. With the handshaking off, the outputs of the MDS units do not need to be wired to the input of the ADI.



## APPLICATION #2

A customer would like to monitor several process variables at one location. At various stages of the process, the ADI will display the process data for the operator. If a critical condition develops, the ADI will display that condition, as well as the suspected cause.

A TCU is used to monitor and control the heating of the process. An IMH is used to monitor the status of the heating element and an IMI to monitor the speed of the process.

Messages will display the information that is pertinent during the start-up of the process. Messages are programmed to take into account all the various conditions the process may incur. The parallel port is configured for AMR Mode 1 for Message requests over the parallel port.

The TCU, IMH, and IMI are set up to activate their alarm outputs in the event of an error condition. Each output is tied to a separate data pin on the parallel port of the ADI. The ADI will automatically request a specific Message from the parallel port when a level change occurs.

**Example:** The TCU's alarm output 1 is tied to data line 1. In the event of a high temperature condition, alarm output 1 closes. The ADI monitors Data line 1 for a logic level change. Data line 1 has two message numbers attached to it, Message #1 for the Active logic level and Message #11 for the Inactive logic level. The ADI requests Message #1 when the Data line undergoes an Inactive-to-Active transition and informs the operator of a high temperature condition and the time it occurred. Message #11 is requested when the Data line undergoes an Active-to-Inactive transition and indicates that the temperature condition was corrected and the time of correction.

When the operator presses a switch to start the process, the start-up Messages are requested. This switch is connected to one of the ADI's parallel port data lines. Messages can also be requested and monitored via the serial port, which is connected to the office computer.

All Messages and Configuration Settings are programmed on an IBM® compatible computer using the Message Display Software SFMD. The Message and Configuration files are then downloaded to the ADI via the serial port. After the files are downloaded, the ADI is ready to interface with the system.

